AD-A268 386

CR 93.003

NCEL

Contract Report

June 1993

An Investigation Conducted by Adaptive Research Corporation Huntsville, AL

STRUCTURED FINITE VOLUME MODELING OF U.S. NAVY AIRCRAFT ENGINE TEST CELLS

TASK 2: TURBOPROP ENGINE -

CODE DOCUMENTATION AND LISTINGS - VOLUME 2

Abstract This report presents results of the numerical simulation of a U.S. Naval turboprop test cell facility. The ultimate purpose of this simulation was to provide the Navy with a numercial model to be used for the evaluation of the aerothermal performance of test cells. This simulation was performed using the structured finite volume (SFV) computer code. A description of the physical model, mathematical details, boundary conditions, and results of the study are presented and covered in this report.

Volume 2, Code Documentation and Listings, provides a copy of the input files developed for the modeling of turboprop test cells.

93-18643



NAVAL CIVIL ENGINEERING LABORATORY PORT HUENEME CALIFORNIA 93043-4328

Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

	Symbol			⊆ .	Ē	Ŧ	ý	Ē	,	~ <u>.</u> ⊑	, vd.	Ē			20	٩			fl oz	ā	Ħ	<u>8</u>	£") P.		₽					P. 5	8	- 8
ic Measures	To Find			ruches	inches	feet	yards	miles		square inches	square yards	sdnare miles	acres		ounces	spunod	short ions		fluid ounces	pints	quarts	gallons	cubic feet	cubic yards		Fahrenheit	temperature					120 160	- 66 - 86
ersions from Metr	Multiply by	LENGTH		0.0	0.4	3.3		9.0	AREA	0.16	1.2	0.4	2.5	MASS (weight)	0.035	2.2	1.1	VOLUME	0.03	2.1	1.06	0.26	8	1.3	TEMPERATURE (exact)	9/5 (then	add 32)				8	8	- 62
Approximate Conversions from Metric Measures	When You Know			millimeters	centimeters	meters	meters	kilometers		square centimeters	square meters	square kilometers	hectares (10,000 m ⁺)	žΙ	grams	kilograms	tonnes (1,000 kg)		milliliters	liters	liters	liters	cubic meters	cubic meters	TEMPE	Celsius	temperature				0c	0	- 27
	Symbol			E	E	ε	٤	Ĕ	,	cm²	, E	km.	e,		5	kg	-		Ē	_	_	- -	e E) E		၁							
			16	ı	1 8	31	14	ı	91	. 6	şι	1	۱	ει	1	٤ı	1	١	οι	۱		8		4	.	.	9	*	,	3	1	7	Įŧ.
55 	ız	oz 						HIER						11111		 III								m	m						mil		
22 		oe ' '				 	 ' '		 '!'	6 ' '	 - - -	 '	 	1111	 - 		 				 		3	 '		 * *				 111 11		######################################	
ZZ				m			ξm γ		_{cm} 2	6 2 8	E	km²	 	5						E = =	 '	Ē	 				2 EE		300				not
			 	 			kilometers km		souare centimeters cm ²	= 5 = 5		lometers	hectares ha	5	o swear	ŠÉ				milliliters al	milliliters m	milliliters m	-	liters –	liters		e E	(act)	Celsius OC	rature		more detailed tables see NBS	2.25. SD Catalog No. C13.10:286.
	Symbol 8	HIND HIND	 	centimeters cm		7 E		AREA		square meters m²	square meters	square kilometers		MASS (weight)		kilograms			NOLUME		milliliters	milliliters	liters		0.95 liters	nters Gubic meters	cubic meters m3	IPERATURE (exact)		rature		more detailed tables see NBS	2.25. SD Catalog No. C13.10:286.
Approximate Conversions to Metric Measures	To Find Symbol 8	. i. i.	TENGIN .	centimeters cm	centimeters	meters a E	kilometers	AREA	souare centimeters	0.09 square meters m ²	0.8 square meters	e miles 2.6 square kilometers	hectares		arams	0.45 kilograms	0.9 tonnes	(2,000 lb)	NOT ONE	milliliters	15 milliliters	milliliters	0.24 liters I	0.47	_	et 0.03 cubic meters	ls 0.76 cubic meters m ³	TEMPERATURE (exact)	Celsius	temperature			2.25, SD Catalog No. C13.10:286.

				mund
REPORT DOCUM	IENTATION PAGE		OMB No. 07	
Public reporting burden for this collection of informat gathering and maintaining the data needed, and con collection information, including suggestions for red- suite 1204, Arlington, VA 22202-4302, and to the Ol	npleting and reviewing the collection of info ucing this burden, to Washington Headqua	rmation. Ser rters Services	nd comments regarding this burden estim s, Directorate for Information and Reports	nate or any other aspect of this s, 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway,
1. AGENCY USE ONLY (Leave blank)	2. REPORT DATE		3. REPORT TYPE AND DATES COV	ERED
	June 1993		Final; December 1990	- September 1992
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE STRUCTULE ELING OF U.S. NAVY AIRCR TASK 2: TURBOPROP ENGI AND LISTINGS - VOLUME 2 6. AUTHOR(S) P. L. Daley and W. A. Mahaffey	INE - CODE DOCUMENT	LS	5. FUNDING NUMBERS PR - 0604215N C - N47408-91-C-12 DN - 661008	228
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND	ADDRESSE(S)		8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION	
Adaptive Research Corporation			REPORT NUMBER	
4960 Corporate Drive, Suite 100- Huntsville, AL 35805	-A		CR 93.003	
9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESSE(S)		10. SPONSORING/MONITORING	
Naval Air Systems Command Code 09Y	Naval Civil Engineering Lab 560 Laboratory Drive Facilities Systems Division/I Port Hueneme, CA 93043-43	L53	AGENCY REPORT NUMBER	
11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES				
12a. DISTRIBUTION/AVAILABILITY STATEMENT			12b. DISTRIBUTION CODE	
Approved for public release; dist	ribution is unlimited.			
This report presents results purpose of this simulation was aerothermal performance of tes computer code. A description of t are presented and covered in Volume 2, Code Documenta turboprop test cells.	to provide the Navy with a t cells. This simulation wa he physical model, mathema lume 1.	numeron s perfort tical deta	ial model to be used for the med using the structured tils, boundary conditions, and	the evaluation of the finite volume (SFV) and results of the study
14. SUBJECT TERMS			<u></u>	15. NUMBER OF PAGES
Computational fluid dynamics, to	est cells, aviation test faciliti	es		59
				16. PRICE CODE
17. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION 1 OF REPORT	8. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE		NTY CLASSIFICATION STRACT	20. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT

Unclassified

Unclassified

UL

Unclassified

TABLE OF CONTENTS

Sect	tion No.	Page No.
1.	INTRODUCTION	1
1.1	Purpose of the Report	1
1.2	The Listings Provided	
2.	USER SECTION	2
2.1	Grid Generation	2
2.2	Other Input	7
2.3	Relaxation	7
	Other Controls	7
2.5	Additional Printout	
FIG	URES	10
API	PENDIX A	•
API	PENDIX B	
API	PENDIX C	Accesion For
API	PENDIX D	NTIS CRAMI
		DTNS TAB THE Use a most road THE
		Justification
		By Distribution /
		Availability Codes
		Dist Avail and for Special
		Operial
		A-

DTIC QUALITY INSPECTED 3

LIST OF FIGURES

		Page No.
1.	Regions of CS61	10
2 .	Grid of CS61	11
3.	Regions of CS62	12
4.	Initial Grid of CS62	13
5 .	Enlargement of Initial Grid of CS62	14
6.	Enlargement of Final Grid of CS62	15
7.	Grid of CS63	16
8.	Initial Grid of CS65	17
9.	Regions of CS66	18
10.	Initial Grid of CS66	19
11.	Final Grid of CS67	20
12.	Regions of CS68	21
13.	Initial Grid of CS68	. 22
14.	Final Grid of CS69	23
15.	Initial Grid of CS70	24
16.	Regions of CS71	25
17.	Final Grid CS71	2 6
18.	Initial Grid CS72	27
19.	Grid of CS73	· 28
2 0.	Grid of Original Chimney Section	29
21.	Enlargement of Original Grid of Chimney Section	3 0

1. INTRODUCTION

1.1 Purpose of the Report

This report provides a copy of the input files developed for the modeling of turboprop test cells. These copies are contained in the Appendices of this report and are described briefly below. A detailed discussion of building a computational grid for this project is provided in the second section of this report. The results of the turboprop test cell modeling are reported in the first volume of this report.

1.2 The Listings Provided

The listings are contained in Appendices B through D. Appendix B contains the Q1 input file, Appendix C contains the FORTRAN SATELLITE program, and Appendix D contains the FORTRAN GROUND file. Sketches are provided in Appendix A.

2. USER SECTION

2.1 Grid Generation

In this section a detailed discussion for the creation of a computational grid is supplied. The bulk of the input for this model deals with producing a computational grid. The code was designed for relatively easy modifications with the flexibility to model a range of changes as called for in the scope of work.

The premise of this procedure is that a 2-dimensional package will be used to create various cross sectional planes. These planes will then be stacked, blended or rotated to create the final 3-dimensional computational grid. In general, the program works as follows: 1.) the user specifies all the inputs necessary for the creation of all the various 2-dimensional cross sectional (X-Y) planes inside the standard input files (Q1 and SATLIT), 2.) the standard input files are then executed to produce the data files needed for the 2-dimensional grid generation program (EasyMesh2D or GGP), 3.) GGP is then executed for each data plane produced, and 4.) the standard input files are re-executed to produce the final grid and the other input files needed for the solver.

The standard input files will create 5 types of X-Y planes. Each plane can have several different varieties or subsets. The first type (TYPE 1) of plane is used to describe the test bed up to the engine. The planes are broken down into various regions in the X and Y directions. The user must specify the total distance from the origin for each region, the number of cells in each region, and the clustering factor for the griding of each region. Each of these will be detailed later in this section.

The second type (TYPE 2) is used to describe the X-Y cross section of the engine exit and the augmenter lip. TYPE 3 is used for X-Y cross section that across the augmenter tube. The fourth type (TYPE 4) is used to describe the triangular room in front of the chimney and the front face of the chimney. The final type (TYPE 5) is used to describe the exit plane. Additional information may be supplied in the input files.

The file name nomenclature for the data files for the GGP is that the file name starts with the letter CS. Then numbers are added as suffixes starting at 61 and continuing until all planes are created. The data files are created in order. For TYPE 1 there are five different subsets (CS files) created. The first (CS61) is used to describe the inlet plane, the second (CS62) produces a cross section of the front of the orifice while the third (CS63) produces the back of the orifice, the fourth (CS64) represents a X-Y section across the reduction gear, and the last (CS65) is used to describe the engine inlet.

CS61 is a mostly orthogonal grid used to represent the inlet plane. Various lines will be converted to arcs in order to represent the orifice, prop, reduction gear, and engine inlet. CS62 has an outer circle which represents the orifice. It also contains two other circles, which do not physically represent an object at this plane but will be used in other cross sections to represent the prop (middle circle) or the reduction gear or engine inlet (inside circle). This procedure helps to maximize the orthogonality for the total grid. CS63 is identical to CS62 with the exception that the diameter of the orifice has been reduced. CS64 is a repeat of CS62 thus allowing the spacing between the outer and middle circle to be expanded. The final cross section (CS65) is identical to CS64 except that in inner circle it now represents the engine inlet.

For TYPE 1 files there are 7 regions that are defined in the X-direction and 8 regions are used in the definition for the griding in the Y-direction. For each region the following information is needed

The number of cells of each region,
The distance to the end of the region, and
A grid clustering factor.

The nomenclature for each of these variables is given in the Q1 file. They are noted in Figure 1 of this report. In this figure the regions in both directions for CS61 are noted along with distance and clustering nomenclature. This input is used primarily for the description of lines and arcs in the data files for GGP. Figure 2 is the copy of a graphical display produced during the creation of the 2-D grid file. In this figure the full grid is displayed. Similarly plots for CS62 are supplied. In general, the data supplied for CS61 are used for CS62 through CS65. The dimensions of the various circles are used to calculate the corresponding squares in CS61. This is why some of the variables used to

represent distance are set to 0.000000. A integer array is used as a marker to note the first region that contains an arc. The variable XGAP is the x-direction length of the gap over the orifice while IGAP is the number of cells in this gap.

Note in Figure 4 that it appears that lines overlap in the circular region. This is because some lines are overwritten with arc data. If this persists after a redraw in the GGP, major problems with the grid exist. More details in regard to the execution of GGP will be given later in this section.

When the initial grid is completed, the orthogonality of corner points of the circle can be improved (note Figure 5 and 6). This is done in the smoothing operations of the GGP. The number of cells affected by this is controlled by the variable ISOL located in the SATLIT file. In general these values will not need to be adjusted. Also plots of final grid CS63 and initial grid CS65 are shown in Figures 7 and 8.

The coding was designed so that major changes would be fairly straight forward. The input files has slots for 14 regions in each direction so that if more regions are needed in the future the accommodations can be made. Also, the number of cells for each region in the remaining types are not required but are obtained from the number of cells supplied for each region in TYPE 1.

TYPE 2 data produces two or three CS files. The first is for the exit of the engine which is also the same as for the inlet of the augmenter tube. The second is for the end of the augmenter lip. A third cross section may be required if the exit of the engine falls within the lip or within the sleeve. See Appendix A for more details. The only difference in these CS files will be the diameter of the two circles. Since the diameter of augmenter tube is larger than the engine exit additional cells are needed. The number of cells is controlled by variables NXAD and NYAD. For the case delivered two CS files (CS66 and CS67) were produced. The regions and initial grids for TYPE 2 are shown in Figure 9 through 11.

TYPE 3 data will produce three CS files. The first file is for the augmenter sleeve, the second is for the large diameter augmenter tube, and the last is for the small diameter augmenter tube. The difference in these files are due to the different diameters. The regions and grids (CS68, CS69, and CS70) are shown in Figure 12 through 16.

TYPE 4 data produces two CS files (CS71 and CS72). There is a small triangular room in front of the chimney. Constructing a grid from the whole room is impossible (grid lines would be on top of each other). The front half was removed. The rest was then included in the model. However due to orthogonality problems (see Figures 21 and 22) this room was blocked off and the ceiling was lowered. The first cross section represents the truncated front of the traingular room while the second represents the front face of the chimney. This is the first cross sections in which the first region does not start at a 0.0 X—coordinate value. A integer array element noted in the Q1 files takes this into account. A plot of regions and grids are shown in Figures 17 through 19.

The last grid is denoted by TYPE 5. It is located at the exit of the chimney. The input needed to produce this data file is taken from previously supplied information. The grid for CS73 is shown in Figure 20.

There is a integer array element that represents the stage of grid development. It is located in Group 6 of the Q1 file as is called IG (1). If the value of this element is set to 0, when the input files are executed, they will produce a set of data files for the GGP. If it is set to 1, then it will read the grid files produced by the GGP and create a 3—dimensional grid along with the other input files for the solver. If the grid is already created the value is set to 2 in order to bypass the grid creation coding.

In the form delivered, 13 data files for the GGP will be created during the first execution of the input files. At this time the user will then execute GGP as indicated in the documentation (probably done by entering runezm). The first item needed will be terminal type. Enter the appropriate value. Following this prompt, menus will appear on the screen. The following series of commands will go through these menus and produce a grid file.

PROMPT	ENTER	COMMENT
Model name	CS61	Use same name as file to be read in
EZ2 >	RE CS61	Reads in input file
EZ2 >	$\mathbf{W}\mathbf{R}$	Goes to menu to write grid
WRITE >	END	Writes grid
EZ2 >	END	End session

This is done when the grid to be produced is totally orthogonal (i.e. no circles). After the

input file is read a redraw of the screen can be done through the REDR command. If lines cross after this point there is an error in the input file for the GGP. Looking at the grid may give clues as to the cause of the problem. If a grid needs to be smoothed (all files that contains a circle), the following commands will be needed.

PROMPT	ENTER	COMMENT
Model Name:	CS62	Use same name as file to be read in
EZ2 >	RE CS62	Reads in input file
EZ2 >	SM	Goes to smoothing menu
SMOOTH >	SO	Solves differential equations
SMOOTH >	REDR	Plots final grid
SMOOTH >	END	Returns to main menu
EZ2 >	WR	Goes to menu to write grid
WRITE >	END	Writes grid
EZ2 >	END	End session

After the creation of these 2-dimensional grid files, input in Q1 file is required for the formation of the final 3-dimensional grid. As in the specification of the grid in the X and Y-directions, the user must supply the number of regions, the distance to the end of the region, the number of cells, and the grid clustering factor. Allocations for 25 regions in the axial direction have been provided. As delivered, 20 have been specified.

The user must then supply the information for the building of the final grid. Four options are available 1.) Stack, 2.) Blend, 3.) Rotate, and 4.) End. Throughout the test cell the first two options are used to stack and blend the 2—dimensional grid files as needed, while the last two options create the grid in the chimney region. This information is passed to the SATLIT from the Q1 through an integer array.

2.2 Other Input

In group 9 of the input files most of the data for the physics of the model is supplied.

These deal with flow rates, temperatures, mass fractions, etc. These are documented in the input files.

2.3 Relaxation

Relaxation is a numerical technique that allows the rate of change of various solved variables to be controlled. It is generally used to dampen the amount of change computed by the various computer codes. There are many views on the optimum settings of the relaxation parameters. In a problem of this size time constraints reduce the amount of effort in optimization of these parameters. The approach used was to reduce the relaxation (base values calculated on a cell residence time) at the start of a computational run and then apply tighter relaxation after a few hundred solution sweeps through the calculation domain.

The values of the relaxation parameters is given in the following table.

Table 1. Relaxation Parameters

<u>Variable</u>	Type	Initial Value	Final Value
P1	LINRLX	0.15	0.05
U1	FALSDT	0.001	0.0003
V1	FALSDT	0.001	0.0003
W1	FALSDT	0.001	0.0003
KE	LINRLX	0.10	0.10
EP	LINRLX	0.10	0.10
H1	FALSDT	0.005	0.001
C1	FALSDT	0.005	0.001

Note the two types of relaxations are discussed in the users guide. The final values were used after sweep 2758. (See following section for procedure to change relaxation.) It was observed during the reported run that monitor values downstream of the propeller tip were oscillating from sweep to sweep (i.e., for W1 values changed from 10 m/s to -5 m/s). This was stopped by clamping down on the pressure relaxation to 0.025 at sweep 948 and letting back up to a value of 0.125 at sweep 1103. During the first 900 sweeps of this computational run, the sources for the propeller had not been properly implimented. When the completed model was started from scratch it was noted that the pressure relaxation had to be lowered to a value of 0.10.

2.4 Other Controls

Depending on computer systems, it may take a few weeks to obtain a fully converged solution. The code allows for restarts using previous data. For some cases this may not be the best procedure as compared to one long run. Because of this various controls were put in the GROUND coding that allows the user to vary items during one long run. This coding allows the user to:

- 1. Abort a run with standard output produced,
- 2. Modify pressure relaxation,
- 3. Modify turbulence relaxation,
- 4. Modify velocity relaxation,
- 5. Modify scalar relaxation,
- 6. Dump a restart file on demand,
- 7. Change frequency of monitor printout,
- 8. Change frequency of residual printout,
- 9. Change the number of variables in the monitoring values printed, and
- 10. Change two monitor locations.

This is accomplished by:

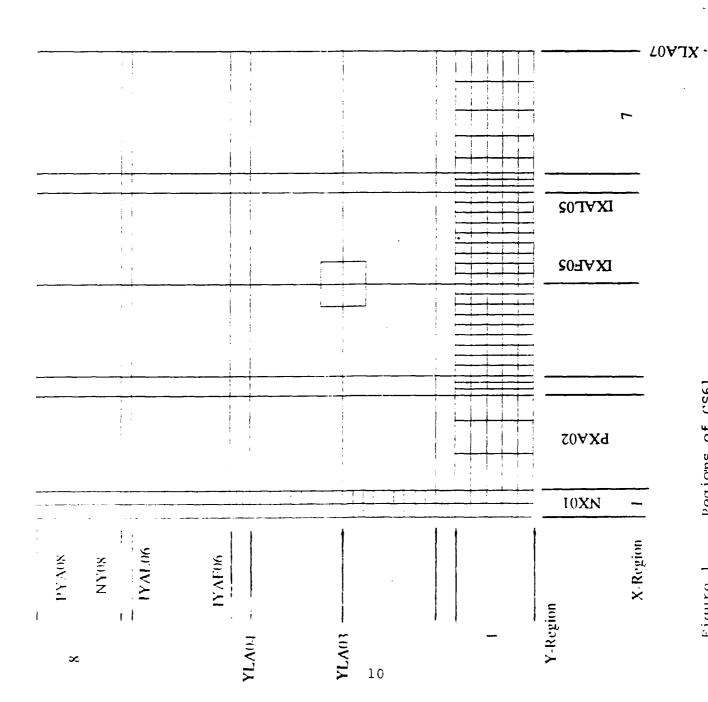
- 1. Providing a file called ABORT,
- 2. Providing a value in the F12.8 Format in a file called RELAXP,
- 3. Providing two values in the 2F12.8 Format in a file called RELAXT,
- 4. Providing three values in the 3F12.8 Format in a file called RELAXV,
- 5. Providing two values in the 2F12.8 Format in a file called RELAXS,
- 6. Providing a file called DUMPIT,
- 7. Providing a value in the I5 Format in a file called TSTMOD,
- 8. Providing a value in the I5 Format in a file called NPRMOD,
- 9. Providing four values in the 4I2 Format in a file called IGGMOD (value of 1 activates printout while a value of 0 deactivates), and
- 10. Provide three values in the 3I3 Format in a file called ML2MOD or ML3MOD (values are for the IX, IY, and IZ locations).

2.5 Additional Printout

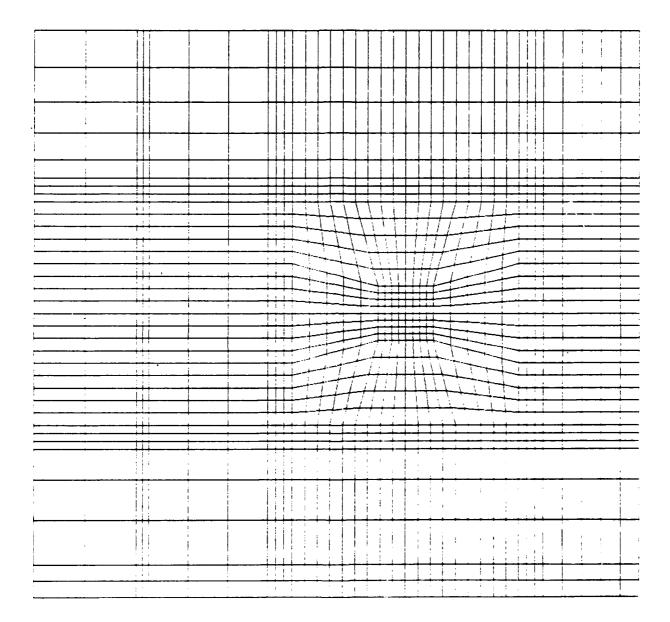
In addition to the standard output the following printout is provided:

- 1. Ten monitoring locations,
- 2. The maximum and minimum values for certain variables,
- 3. Convergence information,
- 4. Pumping ratios, and
- 5. Heat transfer information.

Note the previous section provided some information about control of the monitoring printout. The max—min printout may give clues to problem areas. Monitoring printout can then be shifted to these locations. The convergence information gives a mass and momentum error based on mass and momentum sources. A value of under 1% for mass and 3% for momentum should be acceptable. In addition, the pumping ratio for the engine is printed. When these value become asymptotic, this may indicate convergence. Printout is also provided for the heat transfer through the augmenter tube in the building and in the chimney. Similarly asymptotic values point toward convergence.



Regions of CS61 Figure 1



2

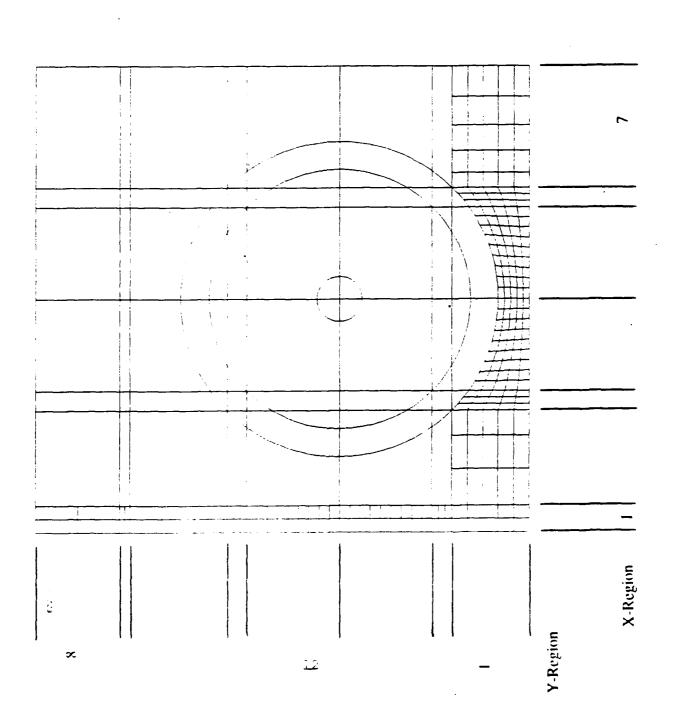
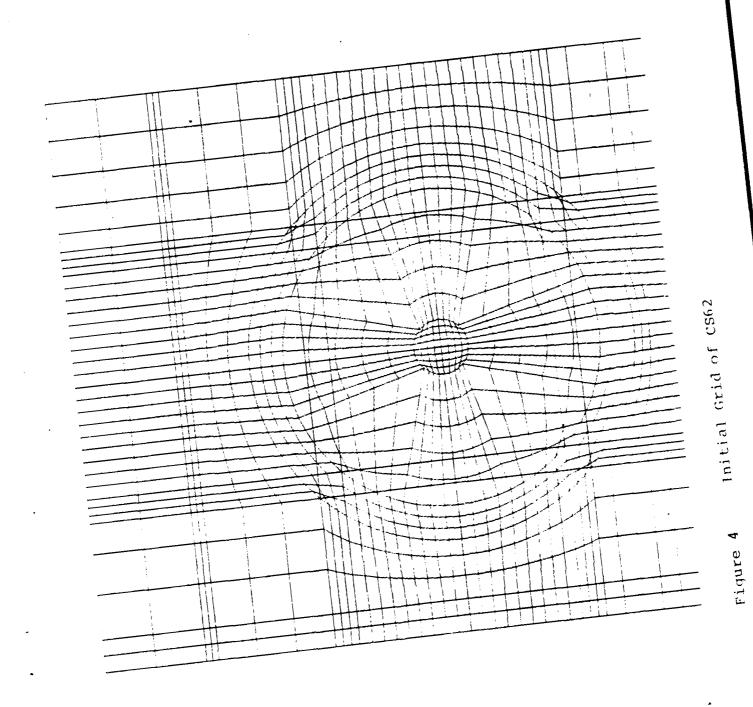
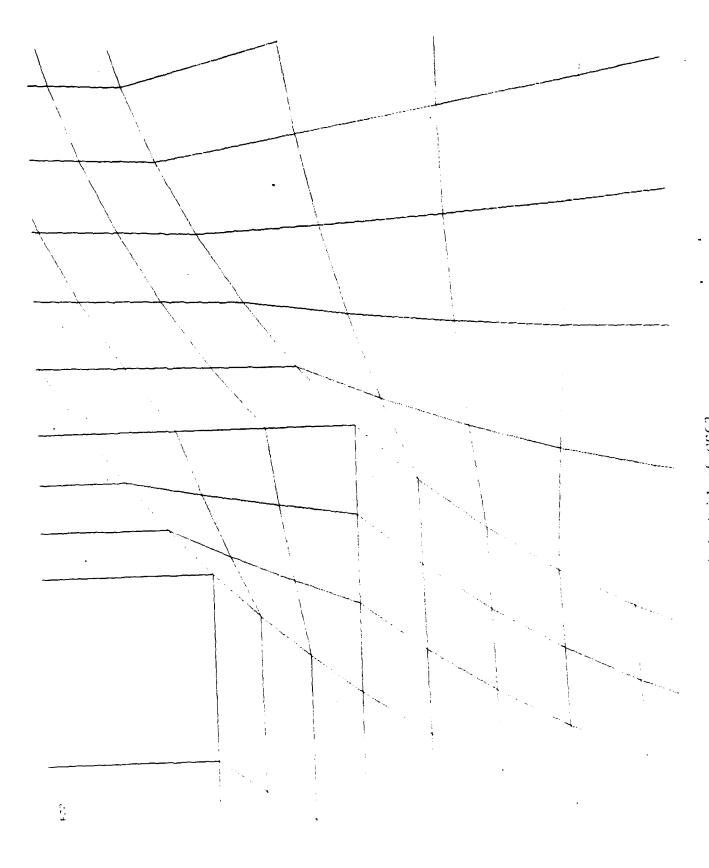
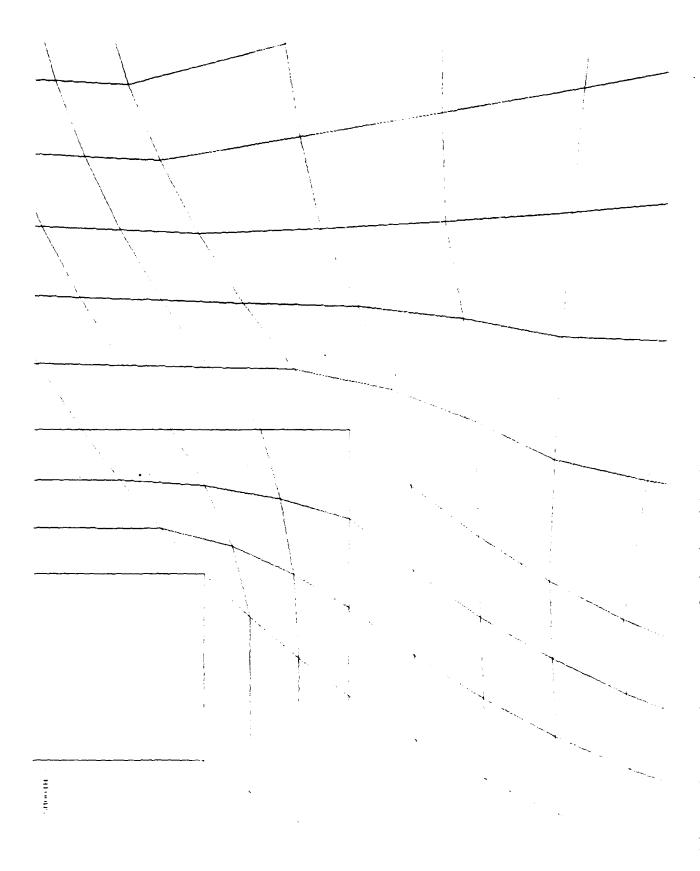


Figure 3 Regions of CS62

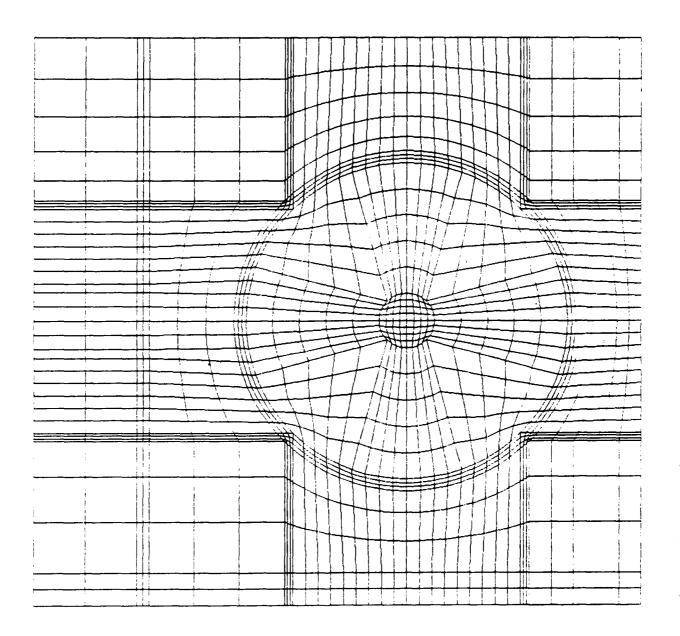




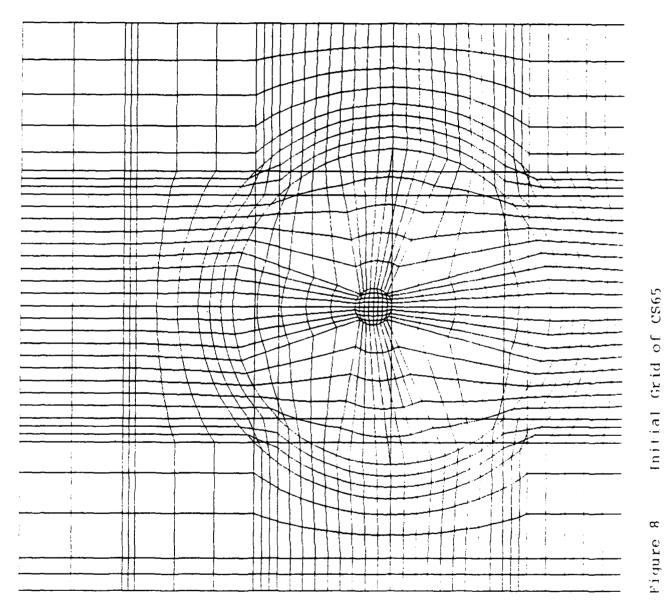
Enlargement of Initial Grid of CS62



Entergoment of Final Grid of CS62



Smooth



Initial Grid of CS65 ∞

2.1

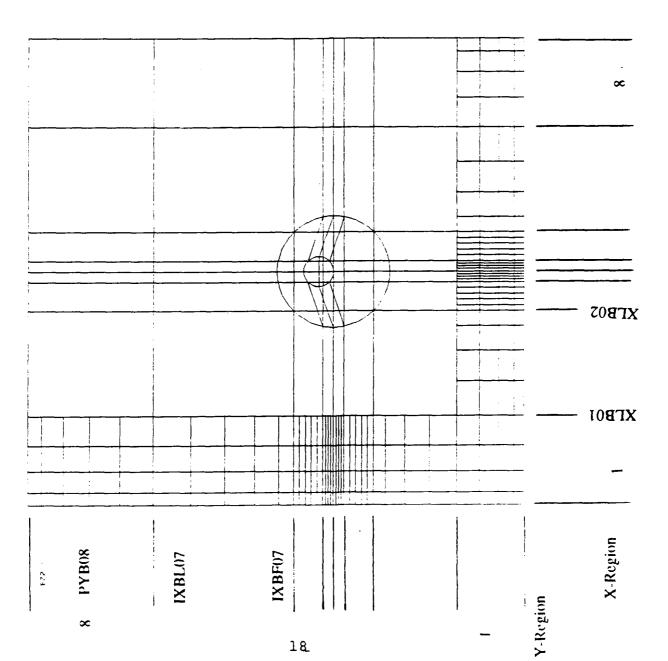
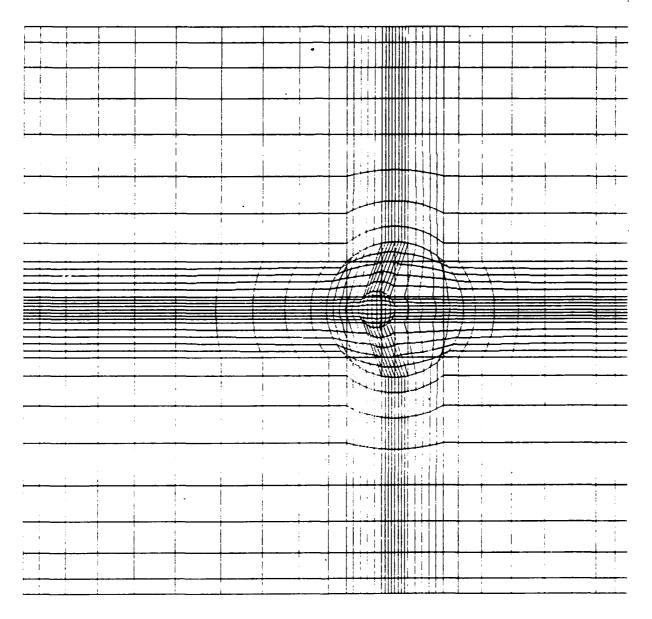
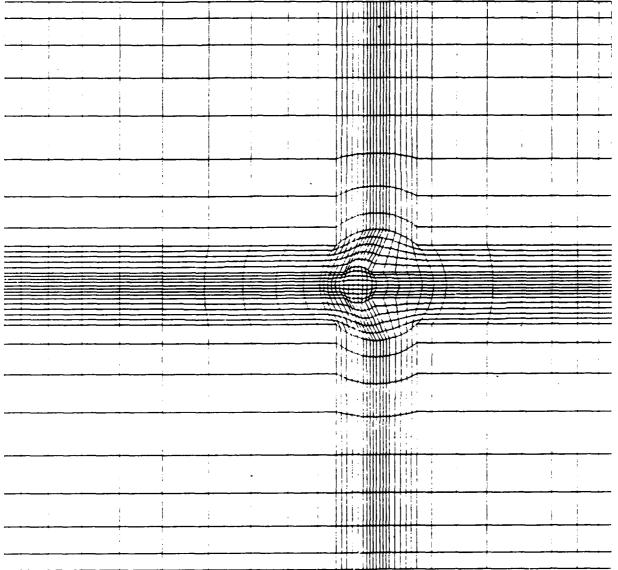


Figure 9 Regions of CS66



19



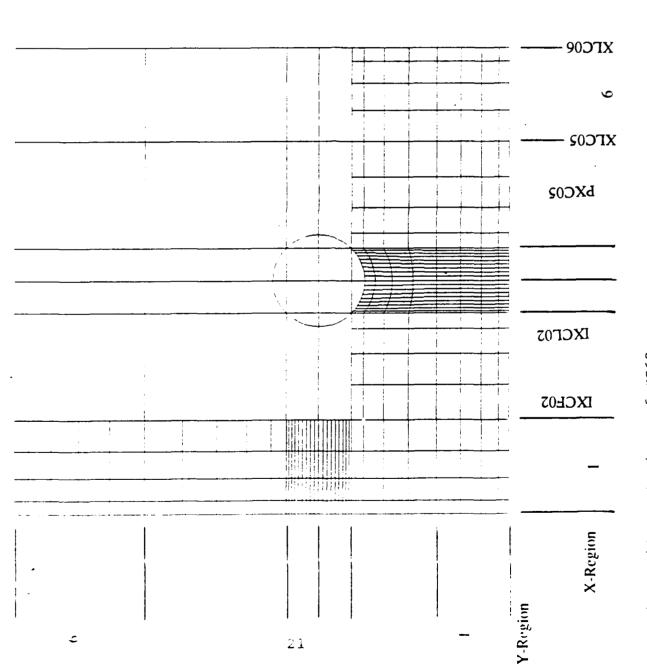


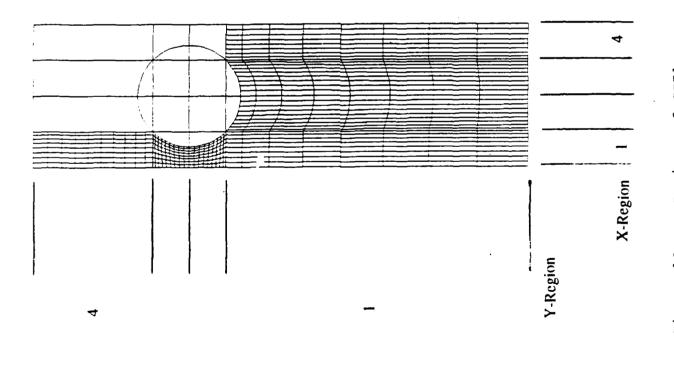
Figure 12 Regions of CS68

Initial Grid of CS68

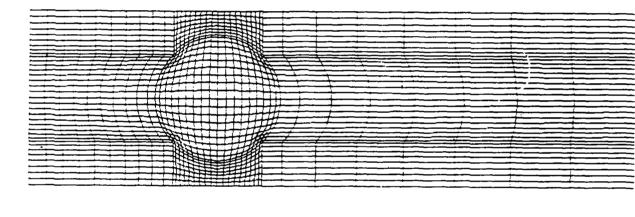
Pigure 13

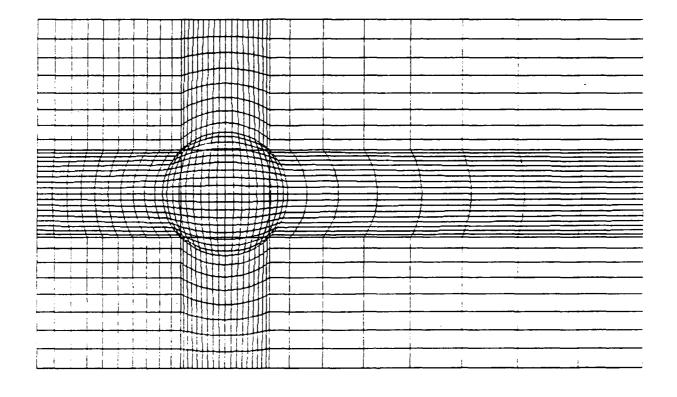
Figure 14 Final Grid of CS69

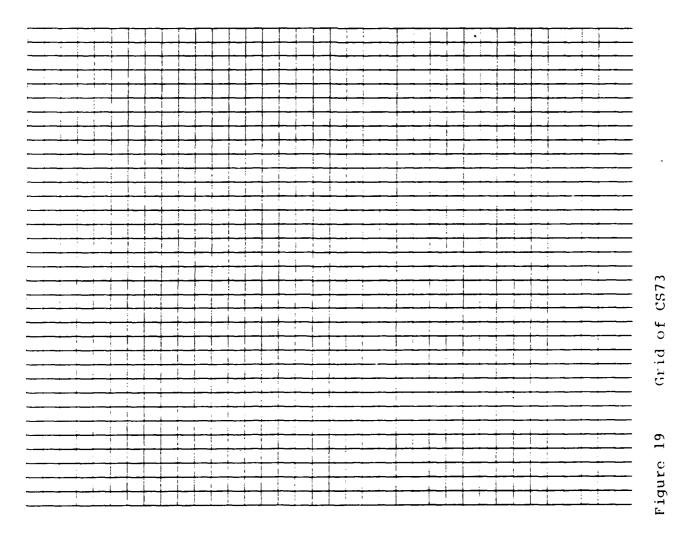
Figure 15 Initial Grid of CS70



ure 16 Regions of CS71







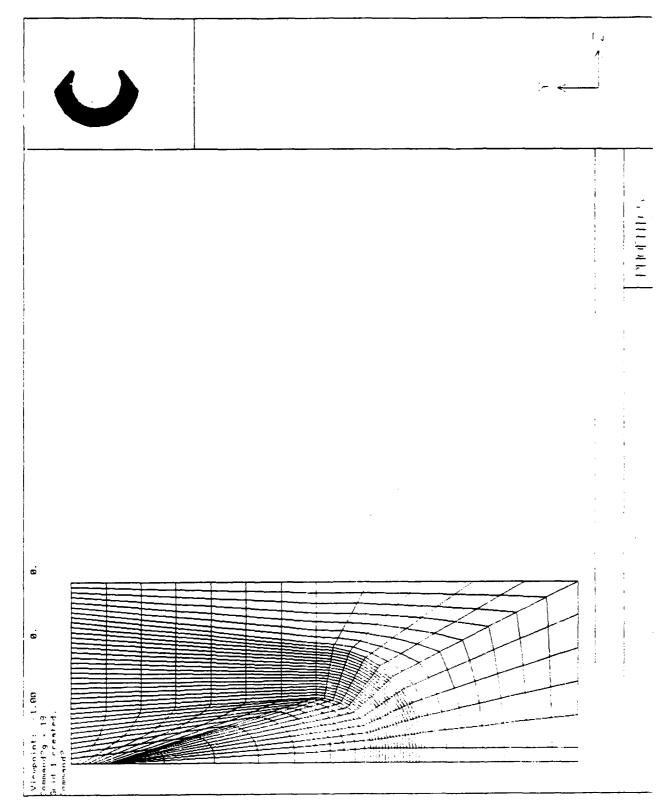
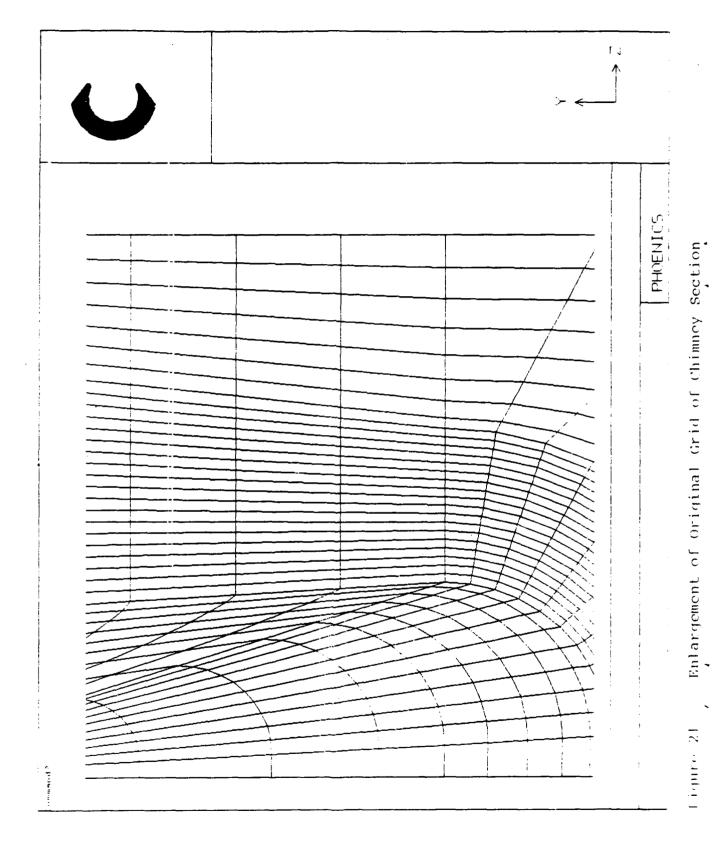
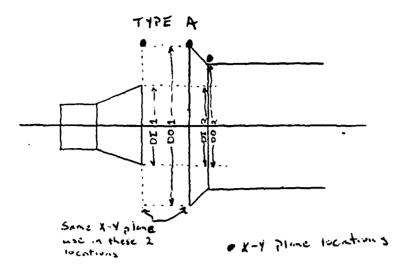


Figure 20 Grid of Original Chimney Section

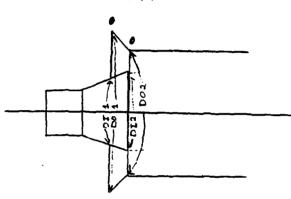


APPENDIX A

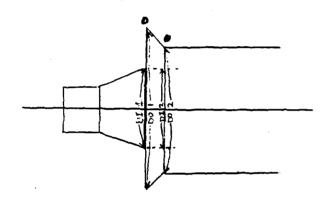
LOCATIONS OF DIX + DOX



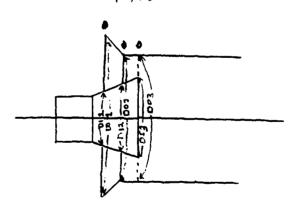
TYPE D



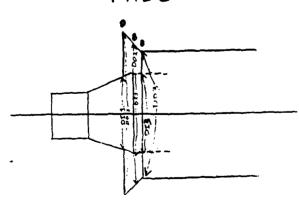
TYPEB



TYPE E







D = Dinneter

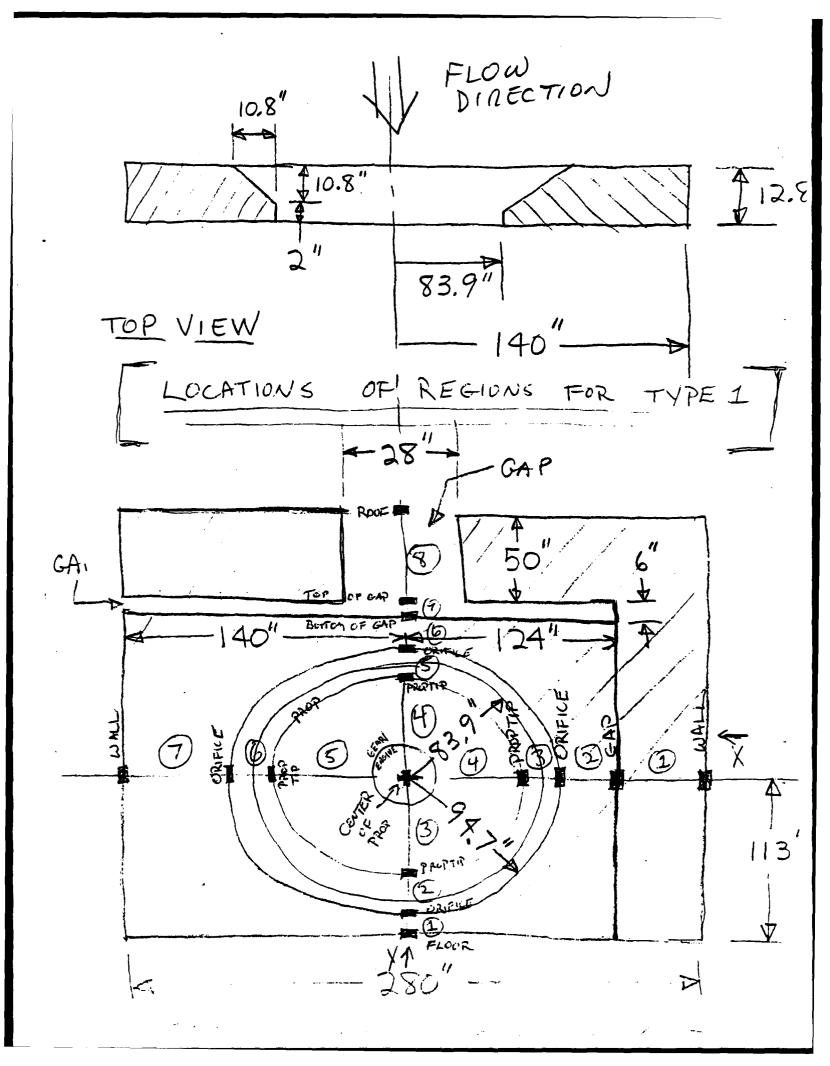
I = Inner

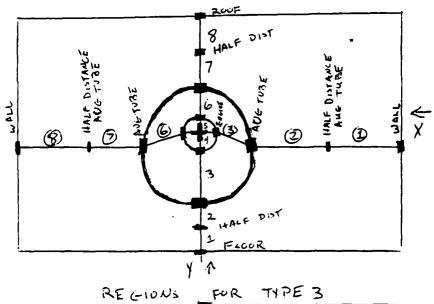
Oa Outer

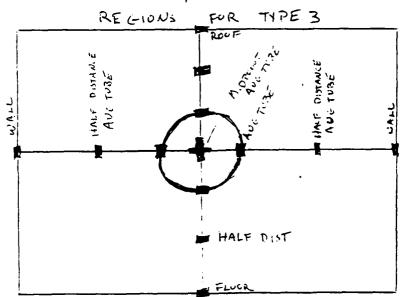
1 - Pline 1

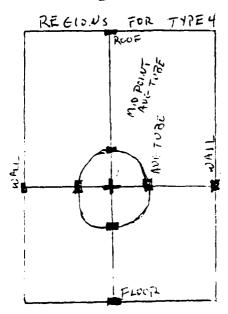
5 - Blanc 5

3 % Plane 3

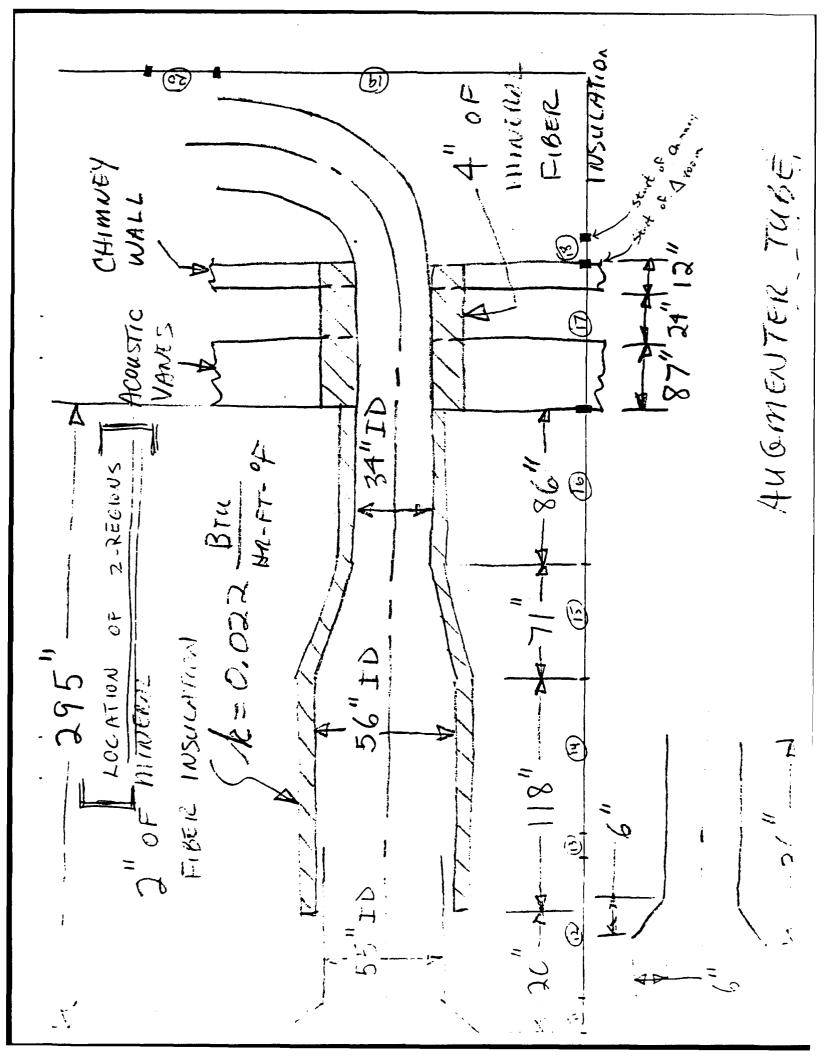








TS6 DIMENSICUS 2-REGIOUS LOCKTIONS + DIRECTION



APPENDIX B

'ALK=F;RUN(1,1) GROUP 1. Run title and other preliminaries TEST CELL--TURBOPROP ENGINE) ************ ***** GRID SECTION ***** ************** This PRELIMINARY: Grid generation is an art form. *** *** model attempts to make this process as painless as * * * *** possible. Several assumptions will be made during this procedure. Each will be stated at an appropriate *** *** *** *** These assumptions will limit the parametric *** geometrical studies that can be accomplished. *** Geometric changes as called for by the contract will *** *** be possible and fairly easy to implement. This method *** will not make it easy for radical modifications to be *** *** *** However, with the appropriate assistance such modeled. changes should be possible. *** *** ****************** *********************** *** *** PREMISE: The grid for the test cell is created from a *** 2-dimensional grid generation package. This package produces several X-Y cross sections. These sections *** *** *** are then stacked, blended, or rotated to produce the *** entire computational domain. In order to do this, grid *** information data is supplied by the user in the Q1 *** *** This information is then transferred to SATLIT *** *** where the input files for the grid generation are *** created. The user must then manually run the grid generation program to produce a plane of X-Y grid *** points for each input file. After this the user will *** then rerun the preprocessor (Q1-SATLIT) at which time *** This is *** the full computational grid will be produced. *** *** controlled by the setting of IG(1) in GROUP 6. If IG(1) *** is set to 0 the execution of Q1-SATLIT produces the input files for the grid generation package; if set to 1 *** *** *** execution of Q1-SATLIT reads 2-D grid data and creates *** *** *** 3-D grid file; if set to 2 grid generation is by-passed and existing 3-D grid file is used. Also, if IG(1) is *** *** set to 3 (GROUP 9) boundary conditions are calculated in *** *** *** This current method is not fully automated, *** but it requires the user to examine each computational *** plane, which can reduce grid errors. ******************* ******************* *** *** *** *** DESCRIPTION OF PLANES: In its present form the SATLIT ***

DESCRIPTION OF PLANES: In its present form the SATLIT

will write out 5 types of X-Y planes. Out of these
various types of planes, modifications (or subtypes)
are created (ie. the augmenter tupe diameter changes).

For the case that is delivered, 13 planes of grids
are created. A description of each plane is now
provided.

TYPE 1 -- Indicated by letter A. This type is used

```
***
***
        for the orifice. There are five planes created under
                                                                 ***
        this type. The first is located at the entrance. In
***
        this plane the circles of the orifice and the reduction
***
                                                                 ***
***
        gear/engine have been mapped into a square.
                                                     The second
                                                                 ***
***
        is a cross section at the front of the orifice.
                                                                 ***
        third is a plane at the constant cross section of the
                 The fourth is at the start of the reduction
        orifice.
        gear while the fifth is located at the start of the
***
        engine. The last four planes contain an inner circle
***
        which corresponds to the diameter of reduction gear/
                                                                 ***
***
        engine and a mid circle which represents the prop.
                                                                 **
***
        ASSUMPTION: It is assumed that the diameter of the
                                                                 ***
        prop is less than both orifice openings. Also, the
**
                                                                 ***
        outer diameter has been increase at the fourth plane.
                                                                 ***
***
                                                                 ***
***
             -- Indicated by letter B. This type is used at
        the engine exit and the lip region.
***
                                            This type produces
                                                                 ***
        two or three planes of data. Normally it will produce
                                                                 ***
***
        one for the augmenter lip and one for the augmenter
***
***
                If the engine falls in the tappered lip
                                                                 ***
***
        section an additional plane corresponding to this
                                                                 ***
***
        location will be needed and will become the second of
                                                                 ***
                                                                 ***
        the three planes produced.
***
                                                                 ***
***
             __
                 Indicated by letter C.
                                          This type is used to
                                                                 ***
***
        create the augmenter tube in the building. There are
                                                                 ***
***
        three planes produced under this type. The first is
                                                                 ***
***
        located at the end of the augmenter sleeve, the second
        is a cross section of the large diameter portion of the
***
        tube, while the third is a slice of the small diameter
                                                                 ***
***
                                                                 ***
***
        section of the augmenter tube.
***
                                                                 ***
***
                                                                 ***
     TYPE 4 -- Indicated by letter D. This type is used
                                                                 ***
***
        to create the augmenter tube in the chimney section.
                                                                 ***
***
        Two planes are created for this type. The first is for
***
        the start of the triangler section while the last is
                                                                 ***
                                                                 ***
        located at the end of triangler section.
                                                  ASSUMPTION:
***
        the point section is sliced off at given distance in
                                                                 ***
***
        order to make the walls fall outside the diameter of
                                                                 ***
***
        the augmenter tube.
                                                                 ***
                                                                 ***
***
      TYPE 5 -- Data needed for this plane is taken from the
                                                                 ***
***
        other types. This type creates the exit plane (top of
                                                                 ***
***
        chimney).
                                                                 ***
***
                                                                 ***
***
     At this time each variable used in the description of
***
     griding in the X-direction (horizontal) will be provided.
                                                                 ***
***
     The (0,0,0) coordinate is located (standing in front of
                                                                 ***
***
     building) at the lower right hand corner. Parameters
                                                                 ***
***
     are used extensively throughout this program to make
                                                                 ***
***
     changes easier.
                                                                 ***
***
**********************
*******************
                        X-DIRECTION GRIDING
```

NRXA -- Number of X regions for Type 1 plane

```
Number of X regions for Type 2 plane
                                                                      ***
***
      NRXB
                                                                      ***
                   Number of X regions for Type 3 plane
***
      NRXC
                                                                      ***
***
                   Number of X regions for Type 4 plane
      NRXD
***
                                                                      ***
***
              The number of grid cells is define for the Type 1
                                                                      ***
      NOTE:
***
              plane and then redistributed for the other types.
                                                                      ***
***
              There are fourteen available regions, some may not
                                                                      ***
                                                                      ***
***
              be used.
                                                                      ***
***
                                                                      ***
***
      NX01
                   Number of cells in 1st region -> Wall to
                                                                      ***
***
                                                                      ***
***
                   Number of cells in 2nd region -> Gap to
      NX02
                                                                      ***
***
                   orifice
                                                                      ***
***
      KOXN
                   Number of cells in 3rd region -> Orifice to
                                                                      ***
***
                   prop tip
                   Number of cells in 4th region -> Prop tip to
                                                                      ***
***
      NX04
***
                                                                      ***
                   center of prop
***
                   Number of cells in 7th region -> Center of
                                                                      ***
      NX05
                                                                      ***
***
                   prop to prop tip
                   Number of cells in 8th region -> Prop tip to
                                                                      ***
***
      NX06
                                                                      ***
***
                   orifice
***
                                                                      ***
                   Number of cells in 9th region -> Orifice to
      NX07
                                                                      ***
***
                   wall
                   Number of cells in 10th region -> Spare
                                                                      ***
***
      NX08
                                                                      ***
***
                   Number of cells in 10th region -> Spare
      NX09
***
                   Number of cells in 10th region -> Spare
                                                                      ***
      NX10
                   Number of cells in 11th region -> Spare
                                                                      ***
***
      NX11
                                                                      ***
***
                   Number of cells in 12th region -> Spare
      NX12
***
                   Number of cells in 13th region -> Spare
                                                                      ***
      NX13
               __
***
                                                                      ***
      NX14
                   Number of cells in 14th region -> Spare
                                                                      ***
***
                                                                      ***
             The regions for the other 4 Types will now also
***
                                                                      ***
***
             be defined.
                                                                      ***
***
      TYPE 2
                                                                      ***
***
                       Wall to half distance augmenter tube
        Region 1
                                                                      ***
***
                       Half distance augmenter tube to aug tube
        Region 2
                                                                      ***
***
                       Augmenter tube to engine
        Region 3
                                                                      ***
***
                       Engine to midpoint engine
        Region 4
                   --
                                                                      ***
***
        Region 5
                   __
                       Midpoint engine to engine
                                                                      ***
***
                       Engine to augmenter tube
        Region 6
                   ___
                                                                      ***
***
        Region 7
                   --
                       Augmenter tube to half distance aug tube
                                                                      ***
***
        Region 8
                       Half distance augmenter tube to wall
                                                                      ***
***
      TYPE 3
                                                                     ***
***
                       Wall to half distance augmenter tube
        Region 1
                   __
                       Half distance augmenter tube to aug tube
                                                                      ***
***
        Region 2
                                                                      ***
***
        Region 3
                       Augmenter tube to midpoint aug tube
                                                                     ***
***
                   __
                       Midpoint augmenter tube to aug tube
        Region 4
                                                                      ***
***
                       Augmenter tube to half distance aug tube
        Region 5
                   __
                                                                      ***
                       Half distance augmenter tube to wall
***
        Region 6
                                                                      ***
***
      TYPE 4
                       Wall to augmenter tube
                                                                     ***
***
        Region 1
***
                       Augmenter tube to midpoint aug tube
                                                                     ***
        Region 2
                       Midpoint augmenter tube to aug tube
***
        Region 3
                                                                      ***
***
                       Augmenter tube to wall
        Region 4
                                                                      ***
***
      TYPE 5
                                                                      ***
***
                       Wall to wall
                  --
        Region 1
***
                                                                     ***
                   One-half number of cells in X-direction used
***
      NXAD
                                                                     ***
***
                   for the reduction gear/engine
                   Number of cells in X-direction used for
                                                                     * * *
***
      NXBD
```

```
rearrangement of three regions into two
***
                                                                     ***
***
                                                                     ***
      NOTE:
              This last two items have corresponding parameters
***
              for the Y-direction. Generally they will be the
                                                                     ***
***
              the same
                                                                     ***
***
                                                                     ***
                   First cell number of ** region Type 1
***
      IXAF**
                                                                     ***
***
      IXAL**
                   Last cell number of ** region Type 1
                                                                     ***
      IXBF**
                   First cell number of ** region Type 2
                                                                     ***
               --
***
                   Last cell number of ** region Type 2
      IXBL**
               --
                                                                     ***
***
                   First cell number of ** region Type 3
      IXCF**
                                                                     ***
***
      IXCL**
               -- Last cell number of ** region Type 3
                                                                     ***
***
      IXDF**
                   First cell number of ** region Type 4
***
      IXDL**
                   Last cell number of ** region Type 4
                                                                     ***
***
                                                                     ***
***
      IXMON*
                   Location of * monitoring point (9 extra)
                                                                     ***
***
                                                                     ***
***
                   Length to end of ** region Type 1 (in)
      XLA**
                                                                     ***
***
                   Length to end of ** region Type 2 (in)
      XLB**
               --
                                                                     ***
                   Length to end of ** region Type 3 (in)
***
      XLC**
                                                                     ***
***
      XLD**
                  Length to end of ** region Type 4 (in)
                                                                     ***
***
***
      PXA**
                   Clustering factor of ** region Type 1
                                                                     ***
               --
***
                   Clustering factor of ** region Type 2
      PXB**
                                                                     ***
                   Clustering factor of ** region Type 3
***
      PXC**
                                                                     ***
***
      PXD**
                   Clustering factor of ** region Type 4
              __
***
      NOTE:
             Clustering factor is a number used to shift the
                                                                     ***
***
             cell spacing in one direction. This direction is
                                                                     ***
             controlled by setting this value to either a
***
                                                                     ***
***
             positive or negative value. The default (uniform
***
                                                                     ***
             spacing) is 1.0. This value may be less than or
***
                                                                     ***
             greater than 1.0.
***
                                                                     ***
***
      NOTE:
             Some Y-info defined here
                                                                     ***
***
                                                                     ***
      XCENA
                   Location in the X-direction of the center of
***
                   the orifice (in)
                                                                     ***
***
      YCENA
                   Location in the Y-direction of the center of
                                                                     ***
***
                   the orifice (in)
                                                                     ***
***
      XCENB
                   Location in the X-direction of the center of
***
                                                                     ***
                   the prop and reduction gear (in)
***
                                                                     ***
      YCENB
                   Location in the Y-direction of the center of
***
                   the prop and reduction gear (in)
                                                                     ***
***
                                                                     ***
      XCENC
                   Location in the X-direction of the center of
***
                                                                     ***
                   the engine (in)
***
      YCENC
                   Location in the Y-direction of the center of
                                                                     ***
***
                                                                     ***
                   the engine (in)
***
                                                                     ***
      XCEND
                   Location in the X-direction of the center of
***
                                                                     ***
                   the augmenter tube (in)
***
      YCEND
                   Location in the Y-direction of the center of
                                                                     ***
***
                                                                     ***
                   the augmenter tube (in)
***
                                                                     ***
***
                                                                     ***
      DORFF
                  Diameter of orifice front (in)
***
                  Diameter of orifice back (in)
                                                                    ***
      DORFB
***
      DPROP
                  Diameter of prop (in)
                                                                    ***
                  Diameter of reduction gear (in)
***
                                                                     ***
      DGEAR
***
      DENGI
                  Diameter of engine (in)
                                                                    **
***
      DAUGL
                  Diameter of augmenter tube lip (in)
                                                                    ***
              __
***
                                                                    ***
      DAUGS
              -- Diameter of augmenter sleeve (in)
***
              -- Diameter of aug tube before reduction (in)
                                                                    ***
      DAGTF
***
      DAGTB
              -- Diameter of aug tube after reduction (in)
                                                                    ***
***
                                                                    ***
```

```
The following input is for the engine exit falling
***
     NOTE:
***
            in the augmenter lip region. The number of planes
***
            produced is controlled by the setting of IG(60).
***
            For this situation it will be set to 3 other wise
                                                             ***
                                                             ***
***
            it will be 2.
                                                             ***
***
            IG, RG, & LG are built in arrays that allow for
***
            easy transfer of integers, reals, and logicals to
                                                             ***
***
            the various modules of the code.
***
     DAUGM
                Diameter of augmenter tube lip midpoint (in)
***
                                                             ***
                                                             ***
***
     XGAP
                 Length in X-direction of the upper gap (in)
***
                                                             ***
***
     IGAP
                Number of cells in upper gap
                                                             ***
***
                                                             ***
***
     PΙ
                 PI
                                                             ***
***
*****************
*******************
                                                            ***
***
***
                                                            ***
     LOGICALS:
                There is I logical flag in the Q1 file. It
***
                                                            ***
                is outlined below.
***
                                                            ***
***
     LG(1) -- T if the engine exit falls in aug lip region
                                                            ***
***
                                                            ***
***
               Certain lines of coding have to be activated
     WARNING:
***
                                                            ***
               or deactivated for certain logicals. Search
                                                            ***
               for the string &&&LG&&& to locate such coding.
***
                                                            ***
***
               Active coding starts in the first two columns.
***
                                                            ***
     NOTE:
            There is certain coding that is needed for
                                                            ***
***
            specific grid types. It will be ignored if not
***
                                                            ***
                    Generally this type of data is indented
            needed.
                                                            ***
***
            by one space.
                                                            ***
***
******************
**********************
***
                                                            ***
***
     OTHER STUFF: Additional information is needed in the
                                                            ***
***
       SATLIT to create the grid input files for the grid
***
       generation package. For each type of plane in both
                                                            ***
***
       the X & Y directions the user must specify what region
                                                            ***
***
       the 'circle' starts on. For instance in the
                                                            ***
***
       X-direction for the Type 1 it is the third region,
                                                            ***
***
       therefore it is passed into SATLIT in the 17 slot
***
       (ie IG(117)) of the last cell number.
                                                            ***
                                           It is assumed
***
       that the first X-Coordinate is 0.0. This is the case
                                                            ***
       in all planes except the two created for the chimney.
***
                                                            ***
                                                            ***
***
       For these cases the first X-distance is passed to
***
                                                            ***
       SATLIT through the RG array elements that are 10 above
***
       the logical unit used to write out the grid data file.
                                                            ***
***
                                                            ***
       For this case it is the 11th (LU=71) and 12th (LU=72)
                                                            ***
***
       planes and RG(81) and RG(82) are set to the
***
                                                            ***
       appropriate values.
***
                                                            ***
****************
```

*

REAL (DORFF, DORFB, DPROP, DGEAR, DENGI)

```
REAL (DAUGL, DAUGM, DAUGS, DAGTF, DAGTB)
PEAL(PI, XGAP)
  *XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
                           LOGICALS XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
LG(1)=T
  XXXXXXXXXXX
.I=3.141592654
XCENA=140.0;
                       RG(41)=XCENA
CENA=113.0;
                       RG(42)=YCENA
 CENB=XCENA;
                      RG(43) = XCENB
                      RG(44)=YCENB
YCENB=YCENA;
YCENC=XCENA+0.0;
                       RG(45)=XCENC
                     RG(46)=YCENC
RG(47)=XCEND
CENC=YCENA+9.0;
ACEND=XCENA;
YCEND=YCENA;
                       RG(48)=YCEND
ROCD=51.0
DORFF=189.4;
                     RG(50)=DORFF
ORFB=167.8;
                      RG(51)=DORFB
PROP=156.0;
                      RG(52) = DPROP
DGEAR= 27.0;
                      RG(53)=DGEAR
DENGI = 18.0;
                       RG(54)=DENGI
AUGL= 67.0;
                       RG(55)=DAUGL
   &&&LG&&& ACTIVATE WHEN ENGINE DOES NOT FALL IN LIP &&&1T&&&
 IG(60)=2
 DAUGS= 55.0;
                        RG(56) = DAUGS
   &&&LG&&& ACTIVATE WHEN ENGINE DOES NOT FALL IN LIP &&&1F&&&
   IG(60) = 3
   DAUGM= 60.0;
                          RG(56)=DAUGM
   DAUGS= 55.0;
                          RG(57) = DAUGS
AGTF= 56.0;
                       RG(58) = DAGTF
JAGTB= 34.0;
                       RG(59) = DAGTB
XGAP=28.0;
                       RG(61) = XGAP
   ###### IGAP MUST BE EVEN ######
GAP=4;
                       IG(61)=IGAP
                           TYPE 1 DATA XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
  *XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
                       IG(42) = NRXA
IRXA=7;
IXAD=4;
                       IG(50) = NXAD
NX01=2
1X02 = 3
1X03 = 3
NX04 = 9
NX05=9
1X06 = 3
4X07 = 5
                    IXAL01=
                                   NXCl
:XAF01=
       1;
```

```
IXAF02=IXAL01+1;
                         IXAL02=IXAL01+NX02
IXAF03=IXAL02+1;
                         IXAL03=IXAL02+NX03
IXAF04=IXAL03+1;
                         IXAL04=IXAL03+NX04
                         IXAL05=IXAL04+NX05
IXAF05=IXAL04+1;
IXAF06=IXAL05+1;
                         IXAL06=IXAL05+NX06
IXAF07=IXAL06+1;
                         IXAL07=IXAL06+NX07
XLA01= 16.000000;
                         PXA01 = 1.0
XLA02=
        0.000000;
                         PXA02 = -1.2
XLA03 =
        0.000000;
                         PXA03 = 1.0
XLA04= XCENA;
                         PXA04 = 1.0
XLA05=
        0.000000;
                         PXA05 = 1.0
XLA06=
        0.000000;
                         PXA06 = 1.0
XLA07=280.000000;
                         PXA07 = 1.3
IG(101)=IXAL01;RG(101)=XLA01;RG(121)=PXA01
IG(102)=IXAL02;RG(102)=XLA02;RG(122)=PXA02
IG(103)=IXAL03;RG(103)=XLA03;RG(123)=PXA03
IG(104)=IXAL04;RG(104)=XLA04;RG(124)=PXA04
IG(105)=IXAL05;RG(105)=XLA05;RG(125)=PXA05
IG(106)=IXAL06;RG(106)=XLA06;RG(126)=PXA06
IG(107)=IXAL07;RG(107)=XLA07;RG(127)=PXA07
IG(117)=3
                             TYPE 2 DATA
  *XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX
                                            ************************
NRXB=8;
                        IG(44) = NRXB
IXBF01=IXAF01;
                        IXBL01=IXAL03/2
IXBF02=IXAL03/2+1;
                        IXBL02=IXAL03
IXBF03=IXAF04;
                        IXBL03=IXAL04-NXAD
IXBF04=IXAF05-NXAD;
                        IXBL04=IXAL04
                        IXBL05=IXAL04+NXAD
IXBF05=IXAF05;
IXBF06=IXAF05+NXAD;
                        IXBL06=IXAL05
NXBD=(IXAL07-IXAL05)/2
IXBF07=IXAF06:
                        IXBL07=IXAL05+NXBD
IXBF08=IXAF06+NXBD;
                        IXBL08=IXAL07
XLB01=
        0.000000;
                        PXB01 = 1.4
XLB02=
        0.000000;
                        PXB02=-1.4
XLB03=
                        PXB03= 1.0
        0.000000;
XLB04= XCENB;
                        PXB04 = 1.0
        0.000000;
                        PXB05 = 1.0
XLB05=
XLB06=
        0.000000;
                        PXB06= 1.0
XLB07=
        0.000000;
                        PXB07= 1.4
XLB08= XLA07;
                        PXB08=-1.4
IG(141)=IXBL01;RG(181)=XLB01;RG(201)=PXB01
IG(142)=IXBL02;RG(182)=XLB02;RG(202)=PXB02
IG(143)=IXBL03;RG(183)=XLB03;RG(203)=PXB03
IG(144)=IXBL04;RG(184)=XLB04;RG(204)=PXB04
IG(145)=IXBL05;RG(185)=XLB05;RG(205)=PXB05
IG(146)=IXBL06;RG(186)=XLB06;RG(206)=PXB06
IG(147) = IXBL07; RG(187) = XLB07; RG(207) = PXB07
IG(148)=IXBL08;RG(188)=XLB08;RG(208)=PXB08
IG(157) = 3
                             TYPE 3 DATA
```

*XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

```
RXC=6;
                        IG(46) = NRXC
                        IXCL01=IXBL01
_XCF01=IXBF01;
IXCF02=IXBF02;
                        IXCL02=IXBL02
 XCF03=IXBF03;
                        IXCL03=IXBL04
                        IXCL04=IXBL06
 XCF04=IXBF05;
IXCF05=IXBF07;
                        IXCL05=IXBL07
TXCF06=IXBF08;
                        IXCL06=IXBL08
.LC01=
        0.000000:
                        PXC01= PXB01
XLC02= 0.000000;
                        PXC02= PXB02
 LC03= XCEND;
                        PXC03 = 1.2
 LC04=
       0.000000;
                        PXC04 = -1.2
XLC05=
        0.000000;
                        PXC05= PXB07
"LC06= XLA07;
                        PXC06= PXB08
LG(181)=IXCL01;RG(261)=XLC01;RG(281)=PXC01
IG(182)=IXCL02;RG(262)=XLC02;RG(282)=PXC02
 G(183) = IXCL03; RG(263) = XLC03; RG(283) = PXC03
_G(184)=IXCL04;RG(264)=XLC04;RG(284)=PXC04
IG(185)=IXCL05;RG(265)=XLC05;RG(285)=PXC05
 G(186) = IXCL06; RG(266) = XLC06; RG(286) = PXC06
 G(197) = 3
  TYPE 4 DATA
                                          xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
 RXD=4;
                        IG(48) = NRXD
 XDF01=IXCF01;
                        IXDL01=IXCL02
IXDF02=IXCF03;
                        IXDL02=IXCL03
                        IXDL03=IXCL04
XDF03=IXCF04;
                        IXDL04=IXCL06
 XDF04=IXCF05;
TTMP1=79+IG(60)
 TMP2=80+IG(60)
MG(ITMP1) = 116.0
RG(ITMP2) = 92.0
                        PXD01=-1.2
LD01= 0.000000;
                        PXD02= PXC03
 LD02= XCEND;
       0.000000;
                        PXD03= PXC04
XLD03=
"LD04=
       0.000000:
                        PXD04 = 1.2
LG(221) = IXDL01; RG(341) = XLD01; RG(361) = PXD01
IG(222)=IXDL02;RG(342)=XLD02;RG(362)=PXD02
 G(223) = IXDL03; RG(343) = XLD03; RG(363) = PXD03
_G(224)=IXDL04;RG(344)=XLD04;RG(364)=PXD04
IG(237)=2
  ********************
                          Y-DIRECTION GRIDING
                                                          *****
  ***
  ***
       NRYA
                    Number of Y regions for Type 1 plane
  ***
                    Number of Y regions for Type 2 plane
       NRYB
  ***
                    Number of Y regions for Type 3 plane
       NRYC
                    Number of Y regions for Type 4 plane
  ***
        NRYD
  ***
```

```
***
      NOTE:
              The number of grid cells is define for the Type 1
                                                                      ***
***
              plane and then redistributed for the other types.
                                                                      ***
***
              There are fourteen available regions, some may
                                                                      ***
***
             not be used.
                                                                      ***
***
                                                                      ***
***
      NY01
                   Number of cells in 1st region -> Floor to
                                                                      ***
***
                   orifice
***
      NY02
                                                                      ***
                   Number of cells in 2nd region -> Orifice to
***
                                                                      ***
                   prop tip
***
      NX03
                   Number of cells in 3rd region -> Prop tip to
                                                                      ***
                   center of prop
***
                                                                      ***
***
                   Number of cells in 6th region -> Reduction
      NX04
                                                                      ***
***
                                                                      ***
                   gear to prop tip
***
                                                                      ***
      NY05
                   Number of cells in 7th region -> Prop tip
***
                                                                      ***
                   to orifice
***
      NY06
                   Number of cells in 8th region -> Orifice to
                                                                      ***
***
                                                                      ***
                   bottom of gap
***
      NY07
                   Number of cells in 9th region -> Bottom of
***
                                                                      ***
                   gap to top of gap
***
      NY08
                   Number of cells in 10th region -> Top of gap
                                                                      ***
***
                                                                      ***
                   to roof
***
      NY09
                   Number of cells in 11th region -> Spare
                                                                      ***
***
                   Number of cells in 11th region -> Spare
                                                                      ***
      NY10 -
***
      NYll
                   Number of cells in 11th region -> Spare
                                                                      ***
***
      NY12
                   Number of cells in 12th region -> Spare
                                                                      ***
***
      'NY13
                                                                      ***
                   Number of cells in 13th region -> Spare
***
      NY14
                                                                      ***
                   Number of cells in 14th region -> Spare
***
                                                                      ***
***
      NOTE:
              The regions for the other 4 Types will now also
                                                                      ***
***
              be defined.
                                                                      ***
***
      TYPE 2
                                                                      ***
***
        Region 1
                       Floor to half distance augmenter tube
                                                                      ***
***
                       Half distance augmenter tube to aug tube
                                                                      ***
        Region 2
                   _-
***
                                                                      ***
        Region 3
                       Augmenter tube to engine
***
        Region 4
                   --
                       Engine to midpoint engine
                                                                      ***
***
        Region 5
                       Midpoint engine to engine .
                                                                      ***
***
        Region 6
                   --
                       Engine to augmenter tube
                                                                      ***
***
        Region 7
                   __
                       Augmenter tube to half distance aug tube
                                                                      ***
***
        Region 8
                       Half distance augmenter tube to roof
                                                                      ***
***
      TYPE 3
                                                                      ***
***
        Region 1
                       Floor to half distance augmenter tube
                                                                      ***
***
        Region 2
                       Half distance augmenter tube to aug tube
                                                                      ***
***
                                                                      ***
        Region 3
                       Augmenter tube to midpoint aug tube
***
        Region 4
                       Midpoint augmenter tube to aug tube
                                                                      ***
***
        Region 5
                       Augmenter tube to half distance aug tube
                                                                      ***
***
        Region 6
                                                                      ***
                       Half distance augmenter tube to roof
***
      TYPE 4
                                                                      **
***
                                                                      ***
                       Floor to augmenter tube
        Region 1
                   __
***
                                                                      ***
        Region 2
                   __
                       Augmenter tube to midpoint aug tube
                       Midpoint augmenter tube to aug tube
***
                                                                      ***
        Region 3
***
                       Augmenter tube to center of curvature
                                                                      ***
        Region 4
***
        Region 5
                       Center of curvature to roof
                                                                      ***
***
                                                                      ***
      TYPE 5
***
        Region 1
                       Wall to wall
                                                                      ***
***
                                                                      ***
***
      NYAD
                   One-half number of cells in Y-direction used
***
                                                                      ***
                   for the reduction gear/engine
                   Number of cells in Y-direction used for
***
      NYBD
                                                                      ***
***
                                                                      ***
                   rearrangement of three regions into two
***
             This last two items have corresponding parameters
                                                                      ***
      NOTE:
```

```
***
                for the X-direction. Generally they will be the
                the same.
  ***
                     First cell number of ** region Type 1
        IYAF**
  ***
                     Last cell number of ** region Type 1
        IYAL**
  ***
        IYBF**
                    First cell number of ** region Type 2
  ***
        IYBL**
                    Last cell number of ** region Type 2
  ***
                 -- First cell number of ** region Type 3
        IYCF**
  ***
        IYCL**
                -- Last cell number of ** region Type 3
                                                                       ***
  ***
        IYDF**
                -- First cell number of ** region Type 4
                                                                       ***
  ***
        IYDL**
                     Last cell number of ** region Type 4
                                                                       ***
  ***
                                                                       ***
  ***
        IYMON*
                     Location of * monitoring point (9 extra)
  ***
  ***
        YLA**
                     Length to end of ** region Type 1 (in)
  ***
                     Length to end of ** region Type 2 (in)
        YLB**
                     Length to end of ** region Type 3 (in)
  ***
        YLC**
  ***
        YLD**
                     Length to end of ** region Type 4 (in)
  ***
                     Clustering factor of ** region Type 1
  ***
        PYA**
  ***
                     Clustering factor of ** region Type 2
        PYB**
                _-
                                                                       ***
  ***
                     Clustering factor of ** region Type 3
        PYC**
                 _-
                                                                       ***
                 -- Clustering factor of ** region Type 4
  ***
        PYD**
                                                                       ***
  ***
                            DECLARE Y
  *YYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYY
                                         YYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYY*
INTEGER (NRYA, NRYB, NRYC, NRYD)
INTEGER (NYAD, NYBD)
INTEGER (NYO1, NYO2, NYO3, NYO4, NYO5, NYO6, NYO7, NYO8, NYO9, NY10)
INTEGER (NY11, NY12, NY13, NY14)
INTEGER(IYAF01,IYAF02,IYAF03,IYAF04,IYAF05)
INTEGER(IYAF06,IYAF07,IYAF08,IYAF09,IYAF10)
INTEGER (IYAF11, IYAF12, IYAF13, IYAF14, IYAF15)
INTEGER(IYAL01,IYAL02,IYAL03,IYAL04,IYAL05)
INTEGER (IYALO6, IYALO7, IYALO8, IYALO9, IYAL10)
INTEGER(IYAL11,IYAL12,IYAL13,IYAL14,IYAL15)
INTEGER (IYBF01, IYBF02, IYBF03, IYBF04, IYBF05)
INTEGER(IYBF06,IYBF07,IYBF08,IYBF09,IYBF10)
INTEGER(IYBF11,IYBF12,IYBF13,IYBF14,IYBF15)
INTEGER(IYBL01,IYBL02,IYBL03,IYBL04,IYBL05)
INTEGER(IYBL06,IYBL07,IYBL08,IYBL09,IYBL10)
INTEGER (IYBL11, IYBL12, IYBL13, IYBL14, IYBL15)
INTEGER(IYCF01,IYCF02,IYCF03,IYCF04,IYCF05)
INTEGER (IYCF06, IYCF07, IYCF08, IYCF09, IYCF10)
INTEGER(IYCF11,IYCF12,IYCF13,IYCF14,IYCF15)
INTEGER(IYCL01,IYCL02,IYCL03,IYCL04,IYCL05)
INTEGER (IYCL06, IYCL07, IYCL08, IYCL09, IYCL10)
INTEGER(IYCL11,IYCL12,IYCL13,IYCL14,IYCL15)
INTEGER(IYDF01,IYDF02,IYDF03,IYDF04,IYDF05)
INTEGER(IYDF06,IYDF07,IYDF08,IYDF09,IYDF10)
INTEGER(IYDF11,IYDF12,IYDF13,IYDF14,IYDF15)
INTEGER(IYDL01,IYDL02,IYDL03,IYDL04,IYDL05) •
INTEGER(IYDL06,IYDL07,IYDL08,IYDL09,IYDL10)
INTEGER (IYDL11, IYDL12, IYDL13, IYDL14, IYDL15)
INTEGER(IYMON1,IYMON2,IYMON3,IYMON4,IYMON5)
INTEGER(IYMON6,IYMON7,IYMON8,IYMON9)
```

```
REAL (YLA01, YLA02, YLA03, YLA04, YLA05)
REAL(YLA06,YLA07,YLA08,YLA09,YLA10)
REAL (YLA11, YLA12, YLA13, YLA14, YLA15)
REAL(YLB01,YLB02,YLB03,YLB04,YLB05)
REAL(YLB06,YLB07,YLB08,YLB09,YLB10)
REAL(YLB11,YLB12,YLB13,YLB14,YLB15)
REAL (YLC01, YLC02, YLC03, YLC04, YLC05)
REAL (YLC06, YLC07, YLC08, YLC09, YLC10)
REAL(YLC11,YLC12,YLC13,YLC14,YLC15)
REAL(YLD01,YLD02,YLD03,YLD04,YLD05)
REAL(YLD06,YLD07,YLD08,YLD09,YLD10)
REAL(YLD11,YLD12,YLD13,YLD14,YLD15)
REAL(PYA01,PYA02,PYA03,PYA04,PYA05)
REAL(PYA06,PYA07,PYA08,PYA09,PYA10)
REAL(PYA11, PYA12, PYA13, PYA14, PYA15)
REAL(PYB01,PYB02,PYB03,PYB04,PYB05)
REAL(PYB06,PYB07,PYB08,PYB09,PYB10)
REAL(PYB11, PYB12, PYB13, PYB14, PYB15)
REAL(PYC01,PYC02,PYC03,PYC04,PYC05)
REAL (PYC06, PYC07, PYC08, PYC09, PYC10)
REAL(PYC11, PYC12, PYC13, PYC14, PYC15)
REAL(PYD01,PYD02,PYD03,PYD04,PYD05)
REAL(PYD06,PYD07,PYD08,PYD09,PYD10)
REAL(PYD11,PYD12,PYD13,PYD14,PYD15)
  *YYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYY
                              TYPE 1 DATA
                                             YYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYY*
NRYA=8;
                          IG(43) = NRYA
NYAD=4;
                          IG(51) = NYAD
NY01=5
NY02 = 3
NY03 = 9
NY04 = 9
NY05 = 3
NY06 = 3
NY07 = 2
NY08=2
                          IYAL01=
                                       NYOl
IYAF01=
                          IYAL02=IYAL01+NY02
IYAF02=IYAL01+1;
IYAF03=IYAL02+1;
                          IYAL03=IYAL02+NY03
                          IYAL04=IYAL03+NY04
IYAF04=IYAL03+1;
IYAF05=IYAL04+1;
                          IYAL05=IYAL04+NY05
                          IYAL06=IYAL05+NY06
IYAF06=IYAL05+1;
                          IYAL07=IYAL06+NY07
IYAF07=IYAL06+1;
                         IYAL08=IYAL07+NY08
IYAF08=IYAL07+1;
        0.000000;
                         PYA01 = 1.0
YLA01=
                         PYA02 = 1.0
YLA02=
        0.000000;
                         PYA03 = 1.0
YLA03= YCENA;
                         PYA04 = 1.0
        0.000000;
YLA04 =
                         PYA05= 1.0
        0.000000;
YLA05=
YLA06=238.000000;
                          PYA06 = 1.0
YLA07=244.000000;
                         PYA07 = 1.0
                         PYA08 = 1.0
YLA08=294.000000;
IG(121)=IYAL01;RG(141)=YLA01;RG(161)=PYA01
IG(122)=IYAL02;RG(142)=YLA02;RG(162)=PYA02
```

```
IG(123)=IYAL03;RG(143)=YLA03;RG(163)=PYA03
TG(124)=IYAL04;RG(144)=YLA04;RG(164)=PYA04
 IG(125) = IYAL05; RG(145) = YLA05; RG(165) = PYA05
_G(126)=IYAL06;RG(146)=YLA06;RG(166)=PYA06
IG(127)=IYAL07;RG(147)=YLA07;RG(167)=PYA07
 G(128) = IYAL08; RG(148) = YLA08; RG(168) = PYA08
 (G(137)=2)
  *YYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYY
                              TYPE 2 DATA
                                             YYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYY*
IRYB=8;
                          IG(45) = NRYB
!YBF01=IYAF01;
                         IYBL01=IYAL02/2
IYBF02=IYAL02/2+1;
                         IYBL02=IYAL02
 :YBF03=IYAF03
                          IYBL03=IYAL03-NYAD
 YBF04=IYAF04-NYAD;
                          IYBL04=IYAL03
IYBF05=IYAF04;
                          IYBL05=IYAL03+NYAD
TYBF06=IYAF04+NYAD;
                         IYBL06=IYAL04
IYBD=(IYAL08-IYAL04)/2
IYBF07=IYAF05;
                         IYBL07=IYAL04+NYBD
IYBF08=IYAF05+NYBD;
                         IYBL08=IYAL08
'LB01=
        0.000000:
                         PYB01= 1.4
YLB02=
        0.000000:
                         PYB02=-1.4
"LB03=
        0.000000;
                         PYB03= 1.0
LB04=
        YCENB:
                         PYB04 = 1.0
        0.000000:
YLB05=
                         PYB05= 1.0
                         PYB06= 1.0
YLB06=
        0.000000:
[LB07=
                         PYB07= 1.4
        0.000000;
LB08= YLA08:
                         PYB08=-1.4
IG(161) = IYBL01; RG(221) = YLB01; RG(241) = PYB01
IG(162) = IYBL02; RG(222) = YLB02; RG(242) = PYB02
IG(163)=IYBL03;RG(223)=YLB03;RG(243)=PYB03
TG(164)=IYBL04;RG(224)=YLB04;RG(244)=PYB04
IG(165)=IYBL05;RG(225)=YLB05;RG(245)=PYB05
IG(166)=IYBL06;RG(226)=YLB06;RG(246)=PYB06
IG(167)=IYBL07;RG(227)=YLB07;RG(247)=PYB07
IG(168) = IYBL08; RG(228) = YLB08; RG(248) = PYB08
G(177) = 3
  *YYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYY
                             TYPE 3 DATA
                                            YYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYY*
RYC=6;
                         IG(47) = NRYC
TYCF01=IYBF01;
                         IYCL01=IYBL01
IYCF02=IYBF02;
                         IYCL02=IYBL02
 YCF03-IYBF03:
                         IYCL03=IYBL04
YCF04=IYBF05:
                         IYCL04=IYBL06
                         IYCL05=IYBL07
IYCF05=IYBF07:
YCF06=IYBF08;
                         IYCL06=IYBL08
YLC0:1 =
        0.000000;
                         PYC01= PYB01
       0.000000;
VLC02=
                         PYC02= PYB02
'LC03=
                         PYC03= 1.2
       YCEND;
_LC04=
        0.000000;
                         PYC04 = -1.2
YLC05= 0.000000;
                         PYC05= PYB07
LC06= YLA08:
                         PYC06= PYB08
```

```
IG(201)=IYCL01;RG(301)=YLC01;RG(321)=PYC01
IG(202)=IYCL02;RG(302)=YLC02;RG(322)=PYC02
IG(203)=IYCL03;RG(303)=YLC03;RG(323)=PYC03
IG(204)=IYCL04;RG(304)=YLC04;RG(324)=PYC04
IG(205)=IYCL05;RG(305)=YLC05;RG(325)=PYC05
IG(206)=IYCL06;RG(306)=YLC06;RG(326)=PYC06
IG(217) = 3
  *YYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYY
                            TYPE 4 DATA
                                          YYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYYY*
                        IG(49) = NRYD
NRYD=4:
IYDF01=IYCF01;
                        IYDL01=IYCL02
IYDF02=IYCF03;
                        IYDL02=IYCL03
IYDF03=IYCF04;
                        IYDL03=IYCL04
IYDF04=IYCF05;
                        IYDL04=IYCL06
YLD01=
       0.000000;
                        PYD01 = -1.4
YLD02=
       YCEND;
                        PYD02= PYC03
YLD03=
       0.000000;
                        PYD03= PYC04
YLD04=
       YCEND+YROCD;
                        PYD04 = 1.2
IG(241)=IYDL01;RG(381)=YLD01;RG(401)=PYD01
IG(242) = IYDL02; RG(382) = YLD02; RG(402) = PYD02
IG(243)=IYDL03;RG(383)=YLD03;RG(403)=PYD03
IG(244)=IYDL04;RG(384)=YLD04;RG(404)=PYD04
IG(257)=2
  ************************
                                                          ******
                         Z-DIRECTION GRIDING
  ********************
 ***
                                                                   ***
 ***
              With the X-Y gird information, several planes of
                                                                   ***
  ***
               grid points will be produced in the SATLIT.
  ***
               this section the user must specify how these
                                                                   ***
                                                                   ***
 ***
               planes are then stacked, blended, or rotated.
              There will be a plane of data for the front face
 ***
                                                                   ***
 ***
              of each of the following regions.
 ***
                                                                   ***
                                                                   ***
 ***
       NCS
                   Number of regions in Z-direction
 ***
 ***
                                                                   ***
 ***
       NZ01
                   Number of cells in 1st region -> End of
 ***
                    baffles to half distance orifice
                                                                   ***
                   Number of cells in 2nd region -> Half
                                                                   ***
 ***
       NZ02
 ***
                   distance orifice to start of orifice
                                                                   ***
 ***
                   Number of cells in 3rd region -> Start of
       NZ03
                                                                   ***
 ***
                   orifice to orifice angle
 ***
                   Number of cells in 4th region -> Orifice
       NZ04
                   angle to end of orifice
 ***
                                                                   ***
  ***
       NZ05
                   Number of cells in 5th region -> End of
                                                                   ***
 ***
                   orifice to start of prop
                                                                   ***
                   Number of cells in 6th region -> Start of
 ***
       NZ06
 ***
                   prop to end of prop
                                                                   ***
 ***
                  Number of cells in 7th region -> End of prop
       NZ07
                                                                   ***
 ***
                   to start of reduction gear
                                                                   **
                   Number of cells in 8th region -> Start of
 ***
       NZ08
```

```
reduction gear to end of reduction gear
  ***
                                                                    ***
                    Number of cells in 9th region -> End of
  ***
        NZ09
  ***
                    reduction gear to start of engine
  ***
                    Number of cells in 10th region -> Start of
        NZ10
                                                                    ***
  ***
                    engine to end of engine and augmenter lip
  ***
                    Number of cells in 11th region -> Augmenter
        NZ11
                    lip to start of augmenter sleeve
  ***
                                                                    ***
                    Number of cells in 12th region -> Start of
  ***
        NZ12
                    augmenter sleeve to end augmenter sleeve
                                                                    ***
  ***
                                                                    ***
                    Number of cells in 13th region -> End of
       NZ13
  ***
                    augmenter sleeve to augmenter tube
  ***
                    ASSUMPTION: This is an arbitrary region to
                                                                    ***
  ***
                    make up for the difference in diameter.
                                                                    ***
  ***
                    Number of cells in 20th region -> Augmenter
       NZ14
                                                                    ***
  ***
                    tube to start of augmenter tube reduction
                                                                    ***
  ***
                    Number of cells in 15th region -> Start of
       NZ15
                    augmenter tube reduction to end of reduction
                                                                    ***
 ***
  ***
        NZ16
                    Number of cells in 16th region -> End of
                    augmenter tube reduction to start of baffles
                                                                    ***
  ***
                    Number of cells in 17th region -> Start of
                                                                    ***
  ***
       NZ17
  ***
                    baffles to start of triangular room
                                                                    ***
                    ASSUMPTION: The start of the triangular room
 ***
                    has be 'chopped' off for orthogonality
                                                                    ***
 ***
                    Number of cells in 18th region -> Start of
                                                                    ***
  ***
       NZ18
 ***
                    triangular room to start of chimney
                                                                    ***
                   Number of cells in 19th region -> Start of
 ***
       NZ19
 ***
                    of chimney to end of augmenter tube
                                                                    ***
 ***
       NZ20
                   Number of cells in 20th region -> End of
                    augmenter tube to end of domain
 ***
                                                                    ***
                                                                    ***
 ***
       NZ21
                   Number of cells in 21th region -> Spare
                   Number of cells in 22th region -> Spare
 ***
       NZ22
                   Number of cells in 23th region -> Spare
 ***
       NZ23
                   Number of cells in 24th region -> Spare
 ***
                                                                    ***
       NZ24
 ***
                   Number of cells in 25th region -> Spare
       NZ25
 ***
                    First cell number of ** region
 ***
        IZF**
                                                                    ***
 ***
                   Last cell number of ** region
        IZL**
                                                                    ***
 ***
                                                                    ***
 ***
                   Location of * monitoring point (9 extra)
       IZMON*
                                                                    ***
 ***
                    Length to end of ** region (in)
 ***
        ZL**
                                                                    ***
 ***
 ***
       PZ**
                    Clustering factor of ** region
                                                                    ***
 ***
                    Number of cells in straight section of
 ***
        ITRI
                                                                    ***
 ***
                    augmenter tube in chimney
                                                                    ***
 ***
                    Length of straight section of augmenter tube
 ***
       ZPT
 ***
                    in chimney
                                                                    ***
 ***
                                                                    ***
                   Height at start of baffles in chimney
       ZCH
                                                                    ***
 ***
 ****************
                           DECLARE Z
                                       ZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZ
 *ZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZ
INTEGER(NCS,ITRI)
```

NTEGER (NZ01, NZ02, NZ03, NZ04, NZ05, NZ06, NZ07, NZ08, NZ09, NZ10)

```
INTEGER (NZ11, NZ12, NZ13, NZ14, NZ15, NZ16, NZ17, NZ18, NZ19, NZ20)
INTEGER (NZ21, NZ22, NZ23, NZ24, NZ25)
INTEGER(IZF01,IZF02,IZF03,IZF04,IZF05)
INTEGER (IZF06, IZF07, IZF08, IZF09, IZF10)
INTEGER (IZF11, IZF12, IZF13, IZF14, IZF15)
INTEGER (IZF16, IZF17, IZF18, IZF19, IZF20)
INTEGER (IZF21, IZF22, IZF23, IZF24, IZF25)
INTEGER(IZL01,IZL02,IZL03,IZL04,IZL05)
INTEGER (IZLO6, IZLO7, IZLO8, IZLO9, IZL10)
INTEGER (IZL11, IZL12, IZL13, IZL14, IZL15)
INTEGER (IZL16, IZL17, IZL18, IZL19, IZL20)
INTEGER (IZL21, IZL22, IZL23, IZL24, IZL25)
INTEGER(IZMON1,IZMON2,IZMON3,IZMON4,IZMON5)
INTEGER (IZMON6, IZMON7, IZMON8, IZMON9)
REAL(ZL01, ZL02, ZL03, ZL04, ZL05)
REAL(ZL06,ZL07,ZL08,ZL09,ZL10)
REAL(ZL11, ZL12, ZL13, ZL14, ZL15)
REAL(ZL16,ZL17,ZL18,ZL19,ZL20)
REAL(ZL21, ZL22, ZL23, ZL24, ZL25)
REAL(PZ01, PZ02, PZ03, PZ04, PZ05)
REAL(PZ06,PZ07,PZ08,PZ09,PZ10)
REAL (PZ11, PZ12, PZ13, PZ14, PZ15)
REAL(PZ16, PZ17, PZ18, PZ19, PZ20)
REAL(PZ21, PZ22, PZ23, PZ24, PZ25)
REAL (ZPT, ZCH)
  *ZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZ
                               GEOMETRY & STACKING INFO ZZZZZZZZZZZZZZZ
NCS=20:
                           IG(501) = NCS
NZ01=4
NZ02 = 4
NZ03=4
NZ04=2
NZ05 = 3
NZ06 = 1
NZ07 = 4
NZ08 = 3
NZ09=3
NZ10=5
NZ11=2
NZ12=5
NZ13=1
NZ14=4
N215 = 3
NZ16=4
NZ17 = 5
NZ18=2
   ****
             DIFFERENCE BETWEEN NZ19 AND ITRI MUST BE EVEN #######
ITRI=1;
                           IG(90) = ITRI
NZ19 = 11
NZ20 = 5
                           RG(90) = ZPT
ZPT=9.0;
                           RG(91) = ZCH
ZCH=317.0;
IZF01=
                           IZL01=
I2F02=IZL01+1;
                           IZL02=IZL01+NZ02
                           IZL03=IZL02+NZ03
IZF03=IZL02+1;
```

```
IZF04=IZL03+1;
                            IZL04=IZL03+NZ04
TZF05=IZL04+1:
                            IZL05=IZL04+NZ05
 :2F06=IZL05+1:
                            IZLO6=IZLO5+NZO6
iZF07=IZL06+1;
                            IZL07=IZL06+NZ07
IZF08=IZL07+1;
                            IZL08=IZL07+NZ08
 [ZF09=IZL08+1;
                            IZL09=IZL08+NZ09
 [ZF10=IZL09+1;
                            IZL10=IZL09+NZ10
IZF11=IZL10+1;
                            IZL11=IZL10+NZ11
TZF12=IZL11+1;
                            IZL12=IZL11+NZ12
 [ZF13=IZL12+1;
                            IZL13=IZL12+NZ13
IZF14=IZL13+1;
                            IZL14=IZL13+NZ14
IZF15=IZL14+1;
                            IZL15=IZL14+NZ15
[ZF16=IZL15+1;
                            IZL16=IZL15+NZ16
IZF17=IZL16+1;
                            IZL17=IZL16+NZ17
IZF18=IZL17+1;
                            IZL18=IZL17+NZ18
iZF19=IZL18+1;
                            IZL19=IZL18+NZ19
[ZF20=IZL19+1;
                            IZL20=IZL19+NZ20
%L01=102.5;
                            PZ01 = 1.3
3L02=205.0;
                            PZ02 = -1.6
ZL03=215.8;
                            PZ03 = 1.0
                            PZ04 = 1.0
ZL04=217.8;
   note prop width 5" ass
%L05=231.3;
                            PZ05 = 1.0
ZL06=236.3;
                            PZ06 = 1.0
3L07=247.8;
                            PZ07 = 1.2
ZL08=267.8;
                            PZ08= 1.0
ZL09=298.8;
                           PZ09= 1.0
ZL10=394.8;
                            PZ10 = 1.0
ZL11=400.8;
                            PZ11 = 1.0
ZL12=430.8;
                           PZ12 = 1.0
ZL13=436.8;
                           PZ13= 1.0
ZL14=532.8;
                           PZ14 = 1.0
ZL15=603.8;
                            PZ15 = 1.0
ZL16=689.8;
                           PZ16 = 1.0
ZL17=842.3;
                           PZ17 = 1.0
ZL18=871.8:
                           PZ18= 1.0
ZL19=991.8;
                           PZ19 = 1.0
ZL20=991.8;
                           PZ20 = 1.4
IG(511) = NZ01; RG(511) = ZL01; RG(541) = PZ01
IG(512) = NZ02; RG(512) = ZL02; RG(542) = PZ02
IG(513) = NZ03; RG(513) = ZL03; RG(543) = PZ03
IG(514) = NZ04; RG(514) = ZL04; RG(544) = PZ04
IG(515)=NZ05;RG(515)=ZL05;RG(545)=PZ05
IG(516) = NZ06; RG(516) = ZL06; RG(546) = PZ06
IG(517) = NZ07; RG(517) = ZL07; RG(547) = PZ07
IG(518) = NZ08; RG(518) = ZL08; RG(548) = PZ08
IG(519) = NZ09; RG(519) = ZL09; RG(549) = PZ09
IG(520) = NZ10; RG(520) = ZL10; RG(550) = PZ10
IG(521) = NZ11; RG(521) = ZL11; RG(551) = PZ11
IG(522) = NZ12; RG(522) = ZL12; RG(552) = PZ12
IG(523) = NZ13; RG(523) = ZL13; RG(553) = PZ13
IG(524) = NZ14; RG(524) = ZL14; RG(554) = PZ14
IG(525) = NZ15; RG(525) = ZL15; RG(555) = PZ15
IG(526)=NZ16;RG(526)=ZL16;RG(556)=PZ16
IG(527) = NZ17; RG(527) = ZL17; RG(557) = PZ17
IG(528) = NZ18; RG(528) = ZL18; RG(558) = PZ18
IG(529) = NZ19; RG(529) = ZL19; RG(559) = PZ19
IG(530) = NZ20; RG(530) = ZL20; RG(560) = PZ20
```

```
IG WHERE CHIMNEY STARTS
IG(537)=19
IG(541)=1;IG(571)=61;IG(601)=61
IG(542)=2;IG(572)=61;IG(602)=62
IG(543)=2;IG(573)=62;IG(603)=63
IG(544)=1;IG(574)=63;IG(604)=63
IG(545)=1;IG(575)=63;IG(605)=63
IG(546)=1;IG(576)=63;IG(606)=63
IG(547)=2;IG(577)=63;IG(607)=64
IG(548)=1;IG(578)=64;IG(608)=64
IG(549)=2;IG(579)=64;IG(609)=65
IG(550)=2;IG(580)=65;IG(610)=66
IG(551)=2;IG(581)=66;IG(611)=67
IG(552)=2;IG(582)=67;IG(612)=68
IG(553)=2;IG(583)=68;IG(613)=69
IG(554)=1;IG(584)=69;IG(614)=69
IG(555)=2;IG(585)=69;IG(615)=70
IG(556)=1;IG(586)=70;IG(616)=70
IG(557)=2;IG(587)=70;IG(617)=71
IG(558)=2;IG(588)=71;IG(618)=72
IG(559)=3;IG(589)=72;IG(619)=72
IG(560)=4;IG(590)=72;IG(620)=73
    GROUP 2. Transience; time-step specification
    GROUP 3. X-direction grid specification
NX=NX01+NX02+NX03+NX04+NX05+NX06+NX07+NX08+NX09
NX = NX + NX10 + NX11 + NX12 + NX13 + NX14
    GROUP 4. Y-direction grid specification
NY=NY01+NY02+NY03+NY04+NY05+NY06+NY07+NY08+NY09
NY=NY+NY10+NY11+NY12+NY13+NY14
    GROUP 5. Z-direction grid specification
NZ=NZ01+NZ02+NZ03+NZ04+NZ05+NZ06+NZ07+NZ08+NZ09+NZ10+NZ11
NZ=NZ+NZ12+NZ13+NZ14+NZ15+NZ16+NZ17+NZ18+NZ19+NZ20+NZ21
NZ = NZ + NZ22 + NZ23 + NZ24 + NZ25
    GROUP 6. Body-fitted coordinates or grid distortion
BFC=T; NONORT=T
IG(1)=2
SATRUN (NECL)
READCO(GRID)
    GROUP 7. Variables stored, solved & named
SOLUTN(P1,Y,Y,Y,N,N,N)
SOLVE(U1,V1,W1)
SOLUTN(U1,Y,Y,N,Y,N,N)
SOLUTN(V1,Y,Y,N,Y,N,N)
SOLUTN(W1,Y,Y,N,Y,N,N)
SOLVE(H1,C1)
STORE (RHO1)
STORE(C3,C4,C5,C6,C7)
STORE(U2, V2, W2, C8, C9, C10, C11)
NAME (C4)=TEMP
NAME(C5) = CP
NAME(C8) = PH2O
NAME (C9) = TFAR
NAME (C10)=RHOE
NAME(C11)=SPAR
TURMOD (KEMODL)
STORE (ENUT)
KELIN=1
```

```
GROUP 8. Terms (in differential equations) & devices TERMS(H1,N,P,P,P,P,P)
GROUP 9. Properties of the medium (or media)
```

```
****************
                    USER DEFINED VARIABLES
******************
---
***
      NOTE: These are the variables used to define this
                                                              ***
***
            problem.
                                                              ***
***
                                                              ***
+++
      COND1
                k for mineral fiber (BTU/hr/ft/F)
***
      COND2
             -- k for steel (BTU/hr/ft/F)
***
      THICK1 -- Thickness of mineral fiber (in)
                                                              ***
***
      THICK2 -- Thickness of steel (in)
                                                              ***
             --
***
                 Temperature ambient (F)
      TAMB
                                                              ***
            -- Temperature engine (F)
-- Engine flow rate (lb/s)
-- Fuel flow rate (lb/s)
***
      TENG
                                                              ***
***
      EMDOT
                                                              ***
***
     FMDOT
                                                              ***
     PAMB
***
             -- Pressure ambient (mm Hg)
                                                              ***
***
     TIG
             -- Turbulence intensity inlet (-)
                                                              ***
***
             -- Turbulence intensity engine (-)
                                                              ***
***
     XKFCT1 -- K-loss factor inlet (-)
                                                              ***
***
     XKFCT2 -- K-loss factor outlet (-)
                                                              ***
     XKFCT3 -- K-loss factor chimney (-)
***
                                                              ***
***
             -- N2 mass fraction ambient (-)
     AMF1
                                                             ***
            -- O2 mass fraction ambient (-)
-- CO2 mass fraction ambient (-)
-- H2O mass fraction ambient (-)
***
     AMF2
                                                             ***
***
     AMF3
                                                             ***
     AMF4
***
                                                              ***
***
     EMF1
             -- N2 mass fraction engine (-)
                                                             ***
             -- O2 mass fraction engine (-)
***
     EMF2
                                                             ***
***
             -- CO2 mass fraction engine (-)
     EMF3
                                                             ***
             -- H2O mass fraction engine (-)
***
     EMF4
                                                             ***
             -- RPM of turboprop (r/m)
***
     RPM
                                                             ***
             -- Shaft horse power of engine (hp)
***
     SHP
                                                             ***
     PCTK
             -- % of engine power wasted generating
***
                                                             ***
***
                                                             ***
                 turbulence (%)
***
                 Selector for Ct/Cp curve in ground (1 or 2)
     ICURVE --
                                                              ***
***
             -- # sweeps over which to ramp in KE-EP prop
                                                             ***
     NRAMP
***
                                                             ***
                 sources at beginning of calculation (1-20)
***
                                                             ***
***
                                                             ***
     WARNING:
               There are temperature traps set in GROUP 18. At
***
               the present time the values are 273 K and 950 K. ***
                                                              ***
*************************
*********************
*****
                       OTHER VARIABLES
                                                     ******
*******************
***
***
     NOTE: These are the variables used to define this
***
            problem.
***
                                                             ***
***
     XCON01 --
                 Converts in to m
                                                             ***
***
     XCON02 --
                Converts F to R
                                                             ***
***
     XCON03 --
                Converts R to K
                                                             ***
***
     XCON04 -- Converts BTU/ft/h/R to J/s/m/K
                                                             ***
     XCON05 -- Converts lb to kg
***
                                                             ***
     XCON06 -- Converts N/sq m to in H2O
***
                                                             ***
```

```
***
        XCON07
                    Converts m/s to ft/s
  ***
        XCONO8 --
                  Converts kg/cu m to lb/cu ft
               -- Converts in Hg to N/sq m
  ***
        XCON09
                -- Spare
  ***
        XCON10
  ***
                -- Spare
        XCON11
                -- Pressure trap (N/sq m)
-- Gas constant (N-m/K/kgmol)
  ***
        PTRAP
  ***
        RGAS
        XMWl
  ***
                -- Molecular weight N2 (kg/kgmol)
  ***
        XMW2
                -- Molecular weight 02 (kg/kgmol)
        E WMX
                --
                    Molecular weight CO2 (kg/kgmol)
  ***
        XMW4
                --
                    Molecular weight H2O (kg/kgmol)
  ***
        EARSOR -- Area of engine plate source side (sq m)
  ***
        RHOAMB -- Density ambient (kg/cu m)
        RHOENG -- Density engine (kg/cu m)
  ***
  ***
                -- Enthalpy ambient (J/kg)
        ENTHA
                -- Enthalpy engine (J/kg)
-- Gap between inlet baffles (m)
-- Inlet KE (sq m/sq s)
  ***
        ENTHE
  ***
        GAPIN
  ***
        GKE
  ***
        GEP
                -- Inlet EP (sq m/cu s)
  ***
        EKE
                -- Engine KE (sq m/sq s)
                                                                   ***
        EEP
  ***
               -- Engine EP (sq m/cu s)
                                                                   ***
  ******************
REAL (TAMB, RGAS, TENG)
REAL (EARSOR, RHOAMB, RHOENG)
REAL(AMF1,AMF2,AMF3,AMF4,EMF1,EMF2,EMF3,EMF4)
REAL (ENTHA, ENTHE, XMW1, XMW2, XMW3, XMW4, XMWA, XMWE)
REAL(COND1, THICK1, COND2, THICK2, PTRAP)
REAL (XCON01, XCON02, XCON03, XCON04, XCON05, XCON06)
REAL(XCON07, XCON08, XCON09, XCON10, XCON11)
REAL (EMDOT, FMDOT, PAMB)
REAL (GAPIN, TIG, TIE, GKE, GEP, EKE, EEP)
REAL(XKFCT1,XKFCT2,XKFCT3)
REAL (RPM, SHP, PCTK)
INTEGER (ICURVE, NRAMP)
  **********************
                              USER SECTION
  **********************
COND1 = 0.022
COND2=26.0
THICK1=2.0
THICK2=0.25
TAMB=77.0
TENG=1100.0
EMDOT=32.4
FMDOT=0.8333333
PAMB=29.92
TIG=0.02
TIE=0.15
XKFCT1=1.0
XKFCT2=1.0
XKFCT3=1.0
AMF1=0.7683
AMF2=0.2317
AMF3=0.0
AMF4=0.0
EMF1 = 0.7479
EMF2=0.1411
```

```
EMF3=0.081
FMF4=0.030
 PM=1021.
_HP=4591.
PCTK=5.
 CURVE=2
 RAMP=10
  ************
      conversions
XCON01=0.0254;
                         RG(31) = XCON01
 CON02=459.67;
                         RG(32) = XCON02
 CON03=5.0/9.0;
                         RG(33) = XCON03
XCON04=1.73073;
                         RG(34) = XCON04
                        RG(35) = XCON05
"CON05=0.45359;
 CON06=407.16/101325.0; RG(36)=XCON06
XCON07=3.2802;
                        RG(37) = XCON07
*CON08=0.062428;
                        RG(38) = XCON08
 CON09 = 101325.0/29.92; RG(39) = XCON09
COND1=COND1*XCON04
OND2=COND2*XCON04
HICK1=THICK1*XCON01
THICK2=THICK2*XCON01
"AMB=(TAMB+XCON02)*XCON03
ENG=(TENG+XCON02)*XCON03
EMDOT=EMDOT*XCON05
FMDOT=FMDOT*XCON05
G(702) = FMDOT
_ AMB=PAMB*XCON09
      density info
 TRAP=0.05
G(29) = PTRAP
RGAS=8314.32
PG(1) = AMF1
.G(2) = AMF2
\kappa G(3) = AMF3
RG(4) = AMF4
G(5) = EMF1
G(6) = EMF2
RG(7) = EMF3
G(8) = EMF4
G(9) = TAMB
RG(10) = TENG
                        RG(21) = XMW1
xMW1 = 28.1608;
MW2 = 31.9988;
                        RG(22) = XMW2
MW3=44.0100;
                        RG(23) = XMW3
XMW4=18.0152;
                        RG(24) = XMW4
G(25) = RGAS
      area calculation engine
EARSOR=PI*(DENGI/2.*XCON01)*(DENGI/2.*XCON01)
TG(802)=EARSOR
      density calculation
xMWA=1.0/(AMF1/XMW1+AMF2/XMW2+AMF3/XMW3+AMF4/XMW4)
XMWE=1.0/(EMF1/XMW1+EMF2/XMW2+EMF3/XMW3+EMF4/XMW4)
HOAMB=PAMB*XMWA/(RGAS*TAMB)
..G(701)=RHOAMB
RHOENG=PAMB*XMWE/(RGAS*TENG)
      run satlit for enthalpy calculation
```

```
IG(1)=3
SATRUN (NECL)
     other stuff
ENTHA=RG(11)
ENTHE=RG(12)
PRESSO=PAMB
RHO1=GRND
DRH1DP=GRND
     turbulence
                 (assume 1 ft gap and 1 m/s velocity)
GAPIN=1.0*XCON01
GKE=0.5*(1.0*TIG)**2
GEP=0.164*GKE**1.5/(0.09*GAPIN)
EKE=0.5*((EMDOT/EARSOR/RHOENG)*TIE)**2
EEP=0.164*EKE**1.5/(0.09*EARSOR**0.5)
    GROUP 10. Inter-phase-transfer processes and properties
  *************
  *****
                                                          *****
                                INDEX
  ***********************
  ***
  ***
       The following variables are used as an index to define
       the extent of blockages in the X, Y, & Z directions.
                                                                ***
  ***
  ***
       This was done because a user may change the number of
  ***
                                                                ***
       regions in each direction. The user will then make the
                                                                ***
  ***
       appropriate changes in this section and then no further
  ***
                                                                ***
       changes will be required below this section.
  ***
       nomenclature for the variables below is as follows:
                                                                ***
  ***
       1.) The first letter represents direction (ie I for X),
                                                                ***
  ***
                                                                ***
            Middle two letters represents the blockage name, &
       2.)
  ***
       3.)
                                                                ***
            Last letter represents first or last.
  ***
                                                                ***
  *************
INTEGER(IO1F,IO1L,JO1F,JO1L,KO1F,KO1L)
INTEGER(IO2F,IO2L,JO2F,JO2L,KO2F,KO2L)
INTEGER(IO3F,IO3L,JO3F,JO3L,KO3F,KO3L)
INTEGER(IO4F,IO4L,JO4F,JO4L,KO4F,KO4L)
INTEGER(IO5F,IO5L,JO5F,JO5L,KO5F,KO5L)
INTEGER(IO6F,IO6L,JO6F,JO6L,KO6F,KO6L)
INTEGER(IO7F,IO7L,JO7F,JO7L,KO7F,KO7L)
INTEGER(IPRF,IPRL,JPRF,JPRL,KPRF,KPRL)
INTEGER(IRGF, IRGL, JRGF, JRGL, KRGF, KRGL)
INTEGER(IEGF,IEGL,JEGF,JEGL,KEGF,KEGL)
INTEGER(IA1F,IA1L,JA1F,JA1L,KA1F,KA1L)
INTEGER(IA2F,IA2L,JA2F,JA2L,KA2F,KA2L)
INTEGER (IW1F, IW1L, JW1F, JW1L, KW1F, KW1L)
INTEGER(IW2F,IW2L,JW2F,JW2L,KW2F,KW2L)
INTEGER(IW3F,IW3L,JW3F,JW3L,KW3F,KW3L)
INTEGER(IW4F,IW4L,JW4F,JW4L,KW4F,KW4L)
INTEGER (IIN, KEP)
INTEGER(IEPF, IEPL, JEPF, JEPL)
   orifice housing (lower section)
IO1F=IXAF01;
                       IO1L=IXAL07
JO1F=IYAF01;
                       JO1L=IYAL01
KO1F=IZF03;
                       KOlL=IZL04
   orifice housing (mid-right section)
                      IO2L=IXAL02
IC2F=IXAF01;
JO2F=IYAF02;
                      JO2L=IYAL05
```

```
KO2L=IZL04
KO2F=IZF03;
    orifice housing (mid-left section)
                         IO3L=IXAL07
[O3F=IXAF07;
                         JO3L=IYAL05
JO3F=IYAF02;
KO3F=IZF03;
                         KO3L=IZL04
    orifice housing (above orifice-below gap)
[O4F=IXAF01;
                         IO4L=IXAL07
                         JO4L=IYAL06
JO4F=IYAF06;
                         KO4L=IZLO4
KO4F=IZF03;
    orifice housing (beside gap)
IO5F=IXAF01;
                         IO5L=IXAL01
                         JO5L=IYAL07
JO5F=IYAF07;
                         KO5L=IZL04
KO5F=IZF03;
    orifice housing (top-right section)
IO6F=IXAF01;
                         IO6L=IXAL04-IGAP/2
JO6F=IYAF08;
                         JO6L=IYAL08
KO6F=IZF03;
                         KO6L=IZL04
    orifice housing (top-left section)
IO7F=IXAF05+IGAP/2;
                       IO7L=IXAL07
JO7F=IYAF08;
                         JO7L=IYAL08
XO7F=IZF03:
                         KO7L=IZL04
    prop
IPRF=IXAF04;
                         IPRL=IXAL05
                         JPRL=IYAL04
JPRF=IYAF03;
KPRF=IZF06;
                         KPRL=IZL06
    reduction gear
                         IRGL=IXAL04+NXAD
IRGF=IXAF05-NXAD;
JRGF=IYAF04-NYAD;
                         JRGL=IYAL03+NYAD
KRGF=IZF08;
                         KRGL=IZL08
    engine
                         IEGL=IXAL04+NXAD
IEGF=IXAF05-NXAD;
                         JEGL=IYAL03+NYAD
JEGF=IYAF04-NYAD;
KEGF=IZF10;
                         KEGL=IZL10
    engine plate
IEPF=IEGF;
                         IEPL=IEGL
JEPF=JEGF;
                         JEPL=JEGL
KEP=IZF10+2
IG(711) = KEP
IG(712) = IEPF; IG(713) = IEPL
[G(714)=JEPF; IG(715)=JEPL
    augmenter tube (in building)
                         IA1L=IXCL04
[AlF=IXCF03;
JA1F=IYCF03;
                         JA1L=IYCL04
KA1F=IZF11;
                         KAlL=IZL16
    augmenter tube (in chimney)
[A2F=IXDF02;
                         IA2L=IXDL03
JA2F=IYDF02;
                         JA2L=IYDL03
XA2F=IZF18;
                         KA2L=IZL19
    wall (lower section)
TW1F=IXDF01;
                         IW1L=IXDL04
JW1F=IYDF01;
                         JW1L=IYDL01
KW1F=IZF17;
                         KW1L=I2L18
    wall (mid-right section)
[W2F=IXDF01;
                         IW2L=IXDL01
```

```
JW2F=IYDF02;
                         JW2L=IYDL03
                         KW2L=IZL18
KW2F=IZF17;
    wall (mid-left section)
IW3F=IXDF04;
                         IW3L=IXDL04
JW3F=IYDF02;
                         JW3L=IYDL03
KW3F=IZF17;
                         KW3L=IZL18
    wall (top section)
IW4F=IXDF01;
                         IW4L=IXDL04
JW4F=IYDF04;
                         JW4L=IYDL04
KW4F=IZF17;
                         KW4L=IZL18
    GROUP 11. Initialization of variable or porosity fields
    orifice
                  IO1F, IO1L, JO1F,-JO1L,-KO1F,-KO1L)
CONPOR(0.0, CELL,
                 IO2F,-IO2L, JO2F, JO2L,-KO2F,-KO2L)
CONPOR(0.0, CELL,
CONPOR(0.0, CELL, -IO3F, IO3L, JO3F, JO3L, -KO3F, -KO3L)
CONPOR(0.0,CELL, IO4F, IO4L,-JO4F,-JO4L,-KO4F,-KO4L)
CONPOR(0.0, CELL, IO5F, -IO5L, JO5F, JO5L, -KO5F, -KO5L)
CONPOR(0.0, CELL, IO6F, -IO6L, -JO6F, JO6L, -KO6F, -KO6L)
CONPOR(0.0,CELL, -IO7F, IO7L,-JO7F, JO7L,-KO7F,-KO7L)
    reduction gear
CONPOR(0.0,CELL, -IRGF,-IRGL,-JRGF,-JRGL,-KRGF,-KRGL)
    engine
CONPOR(0.0, SOUTH, IEGF, IEGL, - JEGF, JEGF, KEGF, KEGL)
CONPOR(0.0, NORTH, IEGF, IEGL, -JEGL, KEGF, KEGL)
CONPOR(0.0, WEST, -IEGF, -IEGF, JEGF, KEGF, KEGL)
CONPOR(0.0, EAST, -IEGL, -IEGL, JEGF, JEGL, KEGF, KEGL)
    engine plate
                  IEPF, IEPL, JEPF, JEPL, KEP, KEP)
CONPOR(0.0, HIGH,
    augmenter tube (in building)
CONPOR(0.0, SOUTH, IA1F, IA1L, -JA1F, -JA1F, KA1F, KA1L)
CONPOR(0.0,NORTH, IA1F, IA1L,-JA1L,-JA1L, KA1F, KA1L)
CONPOR(0.0, WEST, -IA1F, -IA1F, JA1F, JA1L, KA1F, KA1L)
CONPOR(0.0, EAST, -IAIL, -IAIL, JAIF, JAIL, KAIF, KAIL)
    end wall
CONPOR(0.0, CELL,
                  IW1F, IW1L, JW1F,-JW1L,-KW1F,-KW1L)
CONPOR(0.0, CELL, IW2F, -IW2L, JW2F, JW2L, -KW2F, -KW2L)
CONPOR(0.0,CELL, -IW3F, IW3L, JW3F, JW3L,-KW3F,-KW3L)
                 IW4F, IW4L,-JW4F, JW4L,-KW4F,-KW4L)
CONPOR(0.0, CELL,
    augmenter tube (in chimney)
CONPOR(0.0, SOUTH, IA2F, IA2L, -JA2F, -JA2F, KA2F, KA2L)
CONPOR(0.0, NORTH, IA2F, IA2L, -JA2L, KA2F, KA2L)
CONPOR(0.0, WEST, -IA2F, -IA2F, JA2F, JA2L, KA2F, KA2L)
CONPOR(0.0, EAST, -IA2L, -IA2L, JA2F, JA2L, KA2F, KA2L)
    init all
FIINIT(H1)=ENTHA
FIINIT(TEMP)=TAMB
FIINIT(RHO1)=RHOAMB
FIINIT(C3)=1.0
FIINIT(W1) = 7.0
    init eng
PATCH(INITA, INIVAL, IEGF, IEGL, JEGF, JEGL, KEP+1, KA1F-1, 1, 1)
INIT (INITA, H1, 0.0, ENTHE)
```

```
INIT (INITA, TEMP, 0.0, TENG)
INIT (INITA,RHO1,0.0,RHOENG)
INIT (INITA,C1,0.0,1.0)
INIT (INITA, KE, 0.0, EKE)
INIT (INITA, EP, 0.0, EEP)
INIT (INITA, W1, 0.0, EMDOT/EARSOR/RHOENG)
'ATCH(INITB, INIVAL, IA1F, IA1L, JA1F, JA1L, KA1F, NZ, 1, 1)
INIT (INITB, H1, 0.0, ENTHE)
TNIT (INITB, TEMP, 0.0, TENG)
INIT (INITB,RHO1,0.0,RHOENG)
INIT
     (INITB,C1,0.0,1.0)
INIT (INITB, KE, 0.0, EKE)
INIT (INITB, EP, 0.0, EEP)
'ATCH(INITC, INIVAL, IA1F, IA1L, JA1F, JA1L, KA1F, NZ-1, 1, 1)
INIT (INITC,W1,0.0,EMDOT/EARSOR/RHOENG)
    GROUP 12. Convection and diffusion adjustments
    GROUP 13. Boundary conditions and special sources
    top wall
'ATCH(XWALLO1,NWALL,1,NX,NY,NY,IZF01,KW1F-1,1,1)
COVAL(XWALL01,U1,GRND2,0.0)
COVAL(XWALLO1,W1,GRND2,0.0)
COVAL (XWALLO1, KE, GRND2, GRND2)
COVAL (XWALLO1, EP, GRND2, GRND2)
   bottom wall
PATCH(XWALL02,SWALL,1,NX,1,1,1,KW1F-1,1,1)
COVAL(XWALL02,U1,GRND2,0.0)
COVAL (XWALLO2, W1, GRND2, 0.0)
COVAL (XWALLO2, KE, GRND2, GRND2)
COVAL (XWALLO2, EP, GRND2, GRND2)
   side to block wall
PATCH(XWALL03, WWALL, 1, 1, 1, NY, 1, KW1F-1, 1, 1)
COVAL(XWALL03, V1, GRND2, 0.0)
COVAL(XWALLO3, W1, GRND2, 0.0)
COVAL (XWALLO3, KE, GRND2, GRND2)
COVAL (XWALLO3, EP, GRND2, GRND2)
PATCH(XWALL04, EWALL, NX, NX, 1, NY, 1, KW1F-1, 1, 1)
COVAL(XWALL04, V1, GRND2, 0.0)
COVAL(XWALL04,W1,GRND2,0.0)
COVAL (XWALLO4, KE, GRND2, GRND2)
COVAL (XWALLO4, EP, GRND2, GRND2)
    chimney wall
PATCH(XWALLO5, NWALL, 1, NX, NY, NY, KA2L+1, NZ, 1, 1)
COVAL(XWALLO5,U1,GRND2,0.0)
COVAL(XWALLO5, W1, GRND2, 0.0)
COVAL (XWALLO5, KE, GRND2, GRND2)
COVAL (XWALLO5, EP, GRND2, GRND2)
.'ATCH(XWALL06,SWALL,1,NX,1,1,KW1L+1,NZ,1,1)
COVAL(XWALLO6, U1, GRND2, 0.0)
COVAL (XWALLO6, W1, GRND2, 0.0)
COVAL (XWALLO6, KE, GRND2, GRND2)
COVAL (XWALLO6, EP, GRND2, GRND2)
PATCH(XWALL07, WWALL, 1, 1, 1, NY, KW1L+1, NZ, 1, 1)
CVAL(XWALLO7, V1, GRND2, 0.0)
COVAL(XWALLO7, W1, GRND2, 0.0)
COVAL (XWALLO7, KE, GRND2, GRND2)
:OVAL(XWALLO7, EP, GRND2, GRND2)
PATCH(XWALLO8, EWALL, NX, NX, 1, NY, KW1L+1, NZ, 1, 1)
COVAL(XWALLOB, V1, GRND2, 0.0)
COVAL(XWALLO8, W1, GRND2, 0.0)
```

```
COVAL (XWALLO8, KE, GRND2, GRND2)
COVAL (XWALLO8, EP, GRND2, GRND2)
    front opening
PATCH(XOPEN1,LOW,1,NX,1,NY,1,1,1,1)
COVAL(XOPEN1,P1,GRND7,0.0)
COVAL (XOPEN1, W1, ONLYMS, GRND7)
COVAL (XOPEN1, H1, ONLYMS, ENTHA)
COVAL (XOPEN1, KE, ONLYMS, GKE)
COVAL (XOPEN1, EP, ONLYMS, GEP)
COVAL (XOPEN1, UCRT, ONLYMS, XKFCT1)
    back opening
PATCH(XOPEN2A, HIGH, IW1F, IW1L, JW1F, JW1L, KW1F-1, KW1F-1,1,1)
COVAL(XOPEN2A, P1, GRND7, 0.0)
COVAL (XOPEN2A, W1, ONLYMS, SAME)
COVAL (XOPEN2A, H1, ONLYMS, ENTHA)
COVAL (XOPEN2A, UCRT, ONLYMS, XKFCT2)
PATCH(XOPEN2B, HIGH, IW2F, IW2L, JW2F, JW2L, KW1F-1, KW1F-1,1,1)
COVAL(XOPEN2B, P1, GRND7, 0.0)
COVAL (XOPEN2B, W1, ONLYMS, SAME)
COVAL (XOPEN2B, H1, ONLYMS, ENTHA)
COVAL (XOPEN2B, UCRT, ONLYMS, XKFCT2)
PATCH(XOPEN2C, HIGH, IW3F, IW3L, JW3F, JW3L, KW1F-1, KW1F-1, 1, 1)
COVAL(XOPEN2C, Pl, GRND7, 0.0)
COVAL (XOPEN2C, W1, ONLYMS, SAME)
COVAL (XOPEN2C, H1, ONLYMS, ENTHA)
COVAL (XOPEN2C, UCRT, ONLYMS, XKFCT2)
PATCH(XOPEN2D, HIGH, IW4F, IW4L, JW4F, JW4L, KW1F-1, KW1F-1,1,1)
COVAL(XOPEN2D, P1, GRND7, 0.0)
COVAL (XOPEN2D, W1, ONLYMS, SAME)
COVAL (XOPEN2D, H1, ONLYMS, ENTHA)
COVAL (XOPEN2D, UCRT, ONLYMS, XKFCT2)
    chimney exhaust
PATCH(XOPEN3, HIGH, 1, NX, 1, NY, NZ, NZ, 1, 1)
COVAL(XOPEN3,P1,GRND7,0.0)
COVAL (XOPEN3, W1, ONLYMS, SAME)
COVAL (XOPEN3, H1, ONLYMS, ENTHA)
COVAL (XOPEN3, UCRT, ONLYMS, XKFCT3)
    engine mdot sink
PATCH(XENGIN, HIC : SE, IEGL, JEGL, KEP, KEP, 1, 1)
COVAL(XENGIN, P1, FIXFLU, GRND10)
COVAL (XENGIN, H1, ONLYMS, SAME)
RG(804) = (EMDOT-FMDOT)/EARSOR
    engine mdot source
PATCH(XENGOUT,LOW,IEGF,IEGL,JEGF,JEGL,KEP+1,KEP+1,1,1)
COVAL (XENGOUT, P1, FIXFLU, GRND10)
COVAL (XENGOUT, W1, ONLYMS, EMDOT/EARSOR/RHOENG)
COVAL (XENGOUT, H1, ONLYMS, ENTHE)
COVAL (XENGOUT, C1, ONLYMS, 1.0)
COVAL (XENGOUT, KE, ONLYMS, EKE)
COVAL (XENGOUT, EP, ONLYMS, EEP)
RG(805)=EMDOT/EARSOR
    prop
                                        ,JPRL,KPRF,KPRF,1,1)
PATCH (ZPROP, PHASEM, IPRF
                           ,IPRL,JPRF
COVAL (ZPROP, W1, FIXFLU, GRND9)
                    ,IPRF-1,IPRL,JPRF
                                         ,JPRL,KPRF,KPRF,1,1)
PATCH(XPROP, LOW
COVAL (XPROP, U1, FIXFLU, GRND9)
                            ,IPRL,JPRF-1,JPRL,KPRF,KPRF,1,1)
                    ,IPRF
PATCH (YPROP, LOW
COVAL (YPROP, V1, FIXFLU, GRND9)
                            ,IPRL,JPRF ,JPRL,KPRF,KPRF,1,1)
PATCH(KPROP, LOW
                   ,IPRF
COVAL (KPROP, KE, FIXFLU, GRND9)
```

```
COVAL(KPROP, EP, FIXFLU, GRND9)
RG(830)=RPM;RG(831)=SHP
 (G(832) = PCTK)
IG(875) = ICURVE; IG(876) = NRAMP
    heat transfer augmenter tube (in building)
 'ATCH(HEATTRIE, EWALL, IA1F-1, IA1F, JA1F, JA1L, KA1F, KA1L, 1, 1)
 OVAL(HEATTR1E,H1,GRND8,GRND8);COVAL(HEATTR1E,UCRT,COND1,THICK1)
PATCH(HEATTRIW, WWALL, IA1L, IA1L+1, JA1F, JA1L, KA1F, KA1L, 1, 1)
COVAL (HEATTR1W, H1, GRND8, GRND8); COVAL (HEATTR1W, UCRT, COND1, THICK1)
 'ATCH(HEATTRIN, NWALL, IA1F, IA1L, JA1F-1, JA1F, KA1F, KA1L, 1, 1)
COVAL (HEATTRIN, HI, GRND8, GRND8); COVAL (HEATTRIN, UCRT, CONDI, THICKI)
PATCH(HEATTRIS, SWALL, IA1F, IA1L, JA1L, JA1L+1, KA1F, KA1L, 1, 1)
 OVAL(HEATTR1S,H1,GRND8,GRND8);COVAL(HEATTR1S,UCRT,COND1,THICK1)
    heat transfer augmenter tube (in chimney)
PATCH(HEATTR2E, EWALL, IA2F-1, IA2F, JA2F, JA2L, KA2F, KA2L, 1, 1)
COVAL (HEATTR2E, H1, GRND8, GRND8); COVAL (HEATTR2E, UCRT, COND2, THICK2)
 'ATCH(HEATTR2W, WWALL, IA2L, IA2L+1, JA2F, JA2L, KA2F, KA2L, 1, 1)
COVAL (HEATTR2W, H1, GRND8, GRND8); COVAL (HEATTR2W, UCRT, COND2, THICK2)
PATCH(HEATTR2N,NWALL, IA2F, IA2L, JA2F-1, JA2F, KA2F, KA2L, 1, 1)
 OVAL(HEATTR2N, H1, GRND8, GRND8); COVAL(HEATTR2N, UCRT, COND2, THICK2)
PATCH(HEATTR2S,SWALL,IA2F,IA2L,JA2L,JA2L+1,KA2F,KA2L,1,1)
COVAL (HEATTR2S, H1, GRND8, GRND8); COVAL (HEATTR2S, UCRT, COND2, THICK2)
    GROUP 14. Downstream pressure for PARAB=.TRUE.
FSWEEP=1
 SWEEP=2500
  *************************
                             USER CONTROLS
  *********************************
        The following integer arrays are described below.
  ***
                                                                      ***
  ***
  ***
        IG(901)
                     Frequency of ground printout on wall heat
  ***
                      transfer & convergence.
  ***
        IG(902)
                     Frequency of restart files and English unit
                                                                      ***
  ***
                      calculation (NOTE: Overwrites previous).
                                                                     ***
  ***
        IG(999)
                                                                      ***
                     Set to 1 to stop run on first sweep.
  ***
        IG( 38)
                     Set to 1 for first set of spot value info.
  ***
        IG( 39)
                     Set to 1 for second set of spot value info.
  ***
        IG( 40)
                     Set to 1 for third set of spot value info.
                                                                     ***
  ***
        IG( 41)
                     Set to 1 for additional heat transfer info.
                                                                     ***
  ***********************
TG(901) = 50
G(902) = 100
IG(999)=0
    GROUP 15. Termination of sweeps
    GROUP 16. Termination of iterations
ITER(P1) = 30
ENDIT(P1)=1.0E-3
TNDIT(H1)=1.0E-2
:ESREF(P1)=1.0E-8
RESREF(U1)=1.0E-8
RESREF(V1)=1.0F-8
:ESREF(W1)=1.0E-8
RESREF(H1)=1.0E-8
RESREF(C1)=1.0E-8
:ESREF(KE)=1.0E-8
```

```
RESREF(EP) = 1.0E - 8
    GROUP 17. Under-relaxation devices
RELAX(P1,LINRLX,0.10)
RELAX(KE, LINRLX, 0.10)
RELAX(EP,LINRLX,0.10)
RELAX(U1, FALSDT, 0.001)
RELAX(V1, FALSDT, 0.001)
RELAX(W1, FALSDT, 0.001)
RELAX(H1, FALSDT, 0.005)
RELAX(C1, FALSDT, 0.005)
    GROUP 18. Limits on variables or increments to them
VARMAX(C1)=1.00; VARMIN(C1)=1.0E-10
VARMAX(ENUT)=10000000.*ENUL
VARMAX (TEMP) = 950.0; VARMIN (TEMP) = 273.0
    GROUP 19. Data communicated by satellite to GROUND
    GROUP 20. Preliminary print-out
    GROUP 21. Print-out of variables
OUTPUT(P1,Y,Y,N,Y,Y,Y)
OUTPUT(U1,Y,N,N,Y,Y,Y)
OUTPUT(V1,Y,N,N,Y,Y,Y)
OUTPUT(W1,Y,N,N,Y,Y,Y)
OUTPUT(KE,N,N,N,Y,Y,Y)
OUTPUT(EP,N,N,N,Y,Y,Y)
OUTPUT(H1,N,N,N,Y,Y,Y)
OUTPUT(C1,N,N,N,Y,Y,Y)
OUTPUT(C3,N,N,N,N,N,N)
OUTPUT (TEMP, Y, N, N, N, N, N)
OUTPUT(CP,N,N,N,N,N,N)
OUTPUT(C6,N,N,N,N,N,N)
OUTPUT(C7,N,N,N,N,N,N)
OUTPUT(U2,N,N,N,N,N,N)
OUTPUT(V2,N,N,N,N,N,N)
OUTPUT(W2,N,N,N,N,N,N)
OUTPUT (PH2O,N,N,N,N,N,N)
OUTPUT (TFAR, N, N, N, N, N, N)
OUTPUT(RHOE,N,N,N,N,N,N)
OUTPUT(SPAR,N,N,N,N,N,N)
OUTPUT(RHO1,Y,N,N,N,N,N)
OUTPUT(UCRT,N,N,N,N,N,N,N)
OUTPUT(VCRT,N,N,N,N,N,N)
OUTPUT (WCRT, N, N, N, N, N, N)
    GROUP 22. Spot-value print-out
IXMON = 18; IYMON = 18; IZMON = 3
IXMON1 = 28; IYMON1 = 28; IZMON1 = 12
IXMON2 = 6; IYMON2 = 6; IZMON2 = 19
IXMON3=18; IYMON3=18; IZMON3=19
IXMON4=13; IYMON4=13; IZMON4=37
IXMON5=13; IYMON5=13; IZMON5=44
IXMON6=18; IYMON6=18; IZMON6=46
IXMON7=11; IYMON7=11; IZMON7=58
IXMON8=11; IYMON8=26; IZMON8=70
IXMON9=19; IYMON9=16; IZMON9=72
IG(11) = IXMON1; IG(12) = IYMON1; IG(13) = IZMON1
IG(14) = IXMON2; IG(15) = IYMON2; IG(16) = IZMON2
IG(17) = IXMON3; IG(18) = IYMON3; IG(19) = IZMON3
IG(20) = IXMON4; IG(21) = IYMON4; IG(22) = IZMON4
IG(23)=IXMON5;IG(24)=IYMON5;IG(25)=IZMON5
IG(26)=IXMON6;IG(27)=IYMON6;IG(28)=IZMON6
IG(29) = IXMON7; IG(30) = IYMON7; IG(31) = IZMON7
IG(32) = IXMON8; IG(33) = IYMON8; IG(34) = IZMON8
```

```
IG(35)=IXMON9;IG(36)=IYMON9;IG(37)=IZMON9
IG(38)=1
G(39)=1
G(40) = 0
IG(41) = 0
    GROUP 23. Field print-out and plot control
'ZPR=T; IXPRF=19; IXPRL=19
ISTSWP=5;
                 NPRMON=5
                 IPLTL=LSWEEP;
NPRINT=LSWEEP;
                                  ITABL=3
ABSIZ=.8;
                 ORSIZ=.8;
                                  NUMCLS=10
JPLT=10
   GROUP 24. Dumps for restarts
 RESTRT(ALL); NAMFI=INXS
STOP
```

APPENDIX C .

```
C THIS IS THE MAIN PROGRAM OF THE SATELLITE
      PROGRAM MAIN
: FILE NAME satlit.f 09/27/87
    (C) COPYRIGHT 1984, LAST REVISION 1987.
    CONCENTRATION HEAT AND MOMENTUM LTD. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.
    This subroutine and the remainder of the PHOENICS code are
   proprietary software owned by Concentration Heat and Momentum
   Limited, 40 High Street, Wimbledon, London SW19 5AU, England.
      LOGICAL TALK, RUN, LVAL
      EXTERNAL WAYOUT
      Set dimensions of blank-COMMON arrays here. WARNING: the
      corresponding blank-COMMON arrays in subroutine SATLIT must
      have the same dimensions.
      PARAMETER (NXFD=1000,NYFD=1000,NZFD=1000,NTFD=10000)
      PARAMETER (NTCVD=25000, NBFCD=500000)
      COMMON TCVDA(NTCVD),XFRAC(NXFD),YFRAC(NYFD),ZFRAC(NZFD),
     1TFRAC(NTFD),BFCS(NBFCD)
      Set dimensions of PATCH-name array and the instruction-stack
      array here. The dimension of the array NLN must be the same
      as that of STACK. WARNING: the array NAMPAT in the MAIN
      program of EARTH (see GROUND) must have the same dimension.
C
      These are specified by the parameters npatd and nld, set below.
      PARAMETER (NPATD=1000, NLD=2000)
      COMMON/NPAT/NAMPAT(NPATD)/NSTCK/STACK(NLD)/LINENO/NLN(NLD)
      CHARACTER NAMPAT*8,STACK*72
      COMMON/CNFG/CNFIG
      CHARACTER CNFIG*48
C = 3
      Set dimension of run array to MAXRUN.
      PARAMETER (NRUND=500)
      COMMON/RUNS/RUN(NRUND)
C
      Set dimensions of data-for-GROUND arrays here. WARNING: the
      corresponding arrays in the MAIN program of EARTH (see
      GROUND) must have the same dimensions.
      PARAMETER (NLGD=1000, NIGD=1000, NRGD=10000, NCGD=1000)
      COMMON/LGRND/LG(NLGD)/IGRND/IG(NIGD)/RGRND/RG(NRGD)
      COMMON/CGRND/CG(NCGD)
      LOGICAL LG
      CHARACTER*4 CG
C 5
     Set dimensions of data-for-GREX1 arrays here. WARNING: the
      corresponding arrays in the MAIN program of EARTH (see
      GROUND) must have the same dimensions.
     COMMON/LSG/LSGD(20)/ISG/ISGD(20)/RSG/RSGD(100)/CSG/CSGD(10)
     LOGICAL LSGD
     CHARACTER*4 CSGD
     Set dimensions for user-declared PIL variables here.
     PARAMETER (NIPD=1000, NRPD=1000)
     COMMON/NIDEC/INDEC(NIPD)/IDEC/INVAL(NIPD)
     COMMON/NRDEC/REDEC(NRPD)/RDEC/REVAL(NRPD)
     CHARACTER REDEC*6, INDEC*6
     For more than the default of 80 variables increase nvd.
C 7
     WARNING: the corresponding parameter nvd in the MAIN program of
```

```
C
      EARTH (see ground.f) must be the same.
      PARAMETER (NVD=80)
      COMMON/LDB1/DBGPHI(NVD)/IDA1/ITERMS(NVD)/IDA2/LITER(NVD)
     1/IDA3/IORCVF(NVD)/IDA4/IORCVL(NVD)/IDA5/ISLN(NVD)/IDA6/IPRN(NVD)
     1/HDA1/NAME(NVD)/RDA1/DTFALS(NVD)/RDA2/RESREF(NVD)
     1/RDA3/PRNDTL(NVD)/RDA4/PRT(NVD)/RDA5/ENDIT(NVD)/RDA6/VARMIN(NVD)
     1/RDA7/VARMAX(NVD)/RDA8/FIINIT(NVD)/RDA9/PHINT(NVD)
     1/RDA10/CINT(NVD)/RDA11/EX(NVD)
     1/IPIP1/IP1(NVD)/HPIP2/IHP2(NVD)/RPIP1/RVAL(NVD)
     1/LPIP1/LVAL(NVD)
C
C 8
      Set dimension indicators to correspond with above dimensions.
      CALL SUB4(MAXTCV,NTCVD,MAXRUN,NRUND,NBFC,NBFCD,NUMPHI,NVD)
      CALL SUB4(NLG, NLGD, NIG, NIGD, NRG, NRGD, NCG, NCGD)
      CALL SUB4(NLSG, 20, NISG, 20, NRSG, 100, NCSG, 10)
      CALL SUB4(NIPIL, NIPD, NRPIL, NRPD, NPNAM, NPATD, NSTACK, NLD)
      CALL SUB4(NXFR, NXFD, NYFR, NYFD, NZFR, NZFD, NTFR, NTFD)
C 9
      Logical unit numbers & file names.
      CALL CNFGZZ(1)
      CALL OPENFL(6)
      CALL OPENFL(5)
      CALL READQ1 (TALK, RUN, MAXRUN)
      CALL SMAIN1(TALK, MAXTCV, MAXRUN, NBFC, NUMPHI, NLG, NIG, NRG, NCG,
     INLSG,NISG,NRSG,NCSG,NIPIL,NRPIL,NPNAM,NSTACK,NXFR,NYFR,NZFR,
     INTFR)
      CALL WAYOUT(0)
     END
      SUBROUTINE SAT
      INCLUDE 'satear'
      INCLUDE 'satloc'
C---- Call satellite used in BFC test-battery.
      CALL BFCTST
C---- the users USERST subroutine.
           IF(NAMSAT.EQ.'USER') CALL USERST
C---- Call the SATLIT subroutine.
      CALL SATLIT
     RETURN
     END
C*********************
      SUBROUTINE BFCTST
C
      INCLUDE 'satear'
      INCLUDE 'satloc'
      PARAMETER (NLGD=1000, NIGD=1000, NRGD=10000, NCGD=1000)
     COMMON/LGRND/LG(NLGD)/IGRND/IG(NIGD)/RGRND/RG(NRGD)
      COMMON/CGRND/CG(NCGD)
     LOGICAL LG
  --- Special sequence for BFC test battery : IG(1)=28
          IF(.NOT.(BFC.AND.IG(1).EQ.28.AND.IGR.EQ.1)) RETURN
     L1=MINO(IG(2),NZ)
          IF(L1.LT.1) GO TO 2
        DO 1 IZ=1,L1
    CALL XCYIZ(IZ,LG(10))
    2 L2=MAXO(1,IG(3))
```

```
IF(L2.GT.NZ) RETURN
        DO 3 IZ=L2,NZ
 3
      CALL XCYIZ(IZ,LG(10))
      RETURN
      END
      SUBROUTINE USERST
      CALL WRIT40 ('DUMMY SUBROUTINE USERST CALLED.
                                                           ()
      RETURN
      END
<u>`</u>*********************************
      SUBROUTINE SATLIT
C
      INCLUDE 'satear'
      INCLUDE 'satloc'
Set dimensions of blank-COMMON arrays here to the
C
      dimensions of the same arrays in the MAIN program of the
      satellite.
      PARAMETER (NXFD=1000, NYFD=1000, NZFD=1000, NTFD=10000)
      PARAMETER (NTCVD=25000, NBFCD=500000)
      COMMON TCVDA(NTCVD), XFRAC(NXFD), YFRAC(NYFD), ZFRAC(NZFD),
     1TFRAC(NTFD), BFCS(NBFCD)
C 2
      Set dimensions of data-for-GROUND arrays here. WARNING: the
      corresponding arrays in the MAIN program of the
      satellite program and the EARTH program must have the same
C
      dimensions.
      PARAMETER (NLGD=1000, NIGD=1000, NRGD=10000, NCGD=1000)
      COMMON/LGRND/LG(NLGD)/IGRND/IG(NIGD)/RGRND/RG(NRGD)
      COMMON/CGRND/CG(NCGD)
      LOGICAL LG
     CHARACTER*4 CG
C 3
      Introduce SATLIT-only commons, arrays, equivalences.
     DIMENSION SC(4), IX(16), XL(16), XP(16), IY(16), YL(16), YP(16),
     &
                NZC(26), ZL(26), ZP(26), IZT(26), IZF1(26), IZF2(26),
    &
                XAS(2500), YAS(2500), ZAS(2500), XAS1(2500), YAS1(2500),
                ZAS1(2500), XAS2(2500), YAS2(2500), ZAS2(2500), ZASL(100)
C 4
     User places his data statements here.
     GO TO (1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,15,16,17,18,19,20,21,
     122,23,24),IGR
:--- GROUP 1. Run title and other preliminaries
    1 CONTINUE
     WRITE(6,*)'
                                      IN SATLIT '
     RETURN
C--- GROUP 2. Transience; time-step specification
    2 CONTINUE
     RETURN
C--- GROUP 3. X-direction grid specification
    3 CONTINUE
     RETURN
--- GROUP 4. Y-direction grid specification
```

```
4 CONTINUE
      RETURN
C--- GROUP 5. Z-direction grid specification
    5 CONTINUE
C
      IF(IG(1).GE.2) RETURN
      IF(IG(1).EQ.0) WRITE(6,*)' CREATING GRID INPUT FILES'
      IF(IG(1).GE.1) WRITE(6,*)' CALCULATING INLET LOCATION'
C**********************
C-pd---This is the second option for exit of the engine.
                                                        There will--
C---
       will be either 2 or 3 cross sections written here depending---
C---
       on the location exit. It will be 2 if it ends before the ----
       augmenter tube or if it ends at the start of the tappered----
C---
C---
       section or at the start of straight section. It will be 3----
C---
       if it falls in the tappered section or after the start of----
C---
       the straight section.----
C
     tl
      DO 561 I=1,5
C
      NI=14
      IX(1)=1
      CALL SETIV(IX, IG, 100, 1, NI)
C
      XCENA=RG(41)
      YCENA=RG(42)
      XCENB=RG(43)
      YCENB=RG(44)
      RAD1=RG(52)/2.
      DXI=(RAD1*RAD1/2.)**0.5
      RAD2=RG(50)/2.
      IF(I.EQ.3) RAD2=RG(51)/2.
      DXII=(RAD2*RAD2/2.)**0.5
      IFST=IG(117)
      JFST=IG(137)
C-pd---Do trig-----
     DXI02=DXI+(YCENB-YCENA)
      TETT02=ASIN(DXI02/RAD2)*180./3.141592654
      DXI16=DXI-(YCENB-YCENA)
     TETT16=ASIN(DXI16/RAD2)*180./3.141592654
     DXI04=DXI+(XCENB-XCENA)
     TETT04=ASIN(DXI04/RAD2)*180./3.141592654
     DXI06=DXI-(XCENB-XCENA)
     TETT06=ASIN(DXI06/RAD2)*180./3.141592654
     DXI08=DXI+(YCENB-YCENA)
     TETT08=ASIN(DXI08/RAD2)*180./3.141592654
     DXI10=DXI-(YCENB-YCENA)
     TETT10=ASIN(DXI10/RAD2)*180./3.141592654
     DXI12=DXI-(XCENB-XCENA)
     TETT12=ASIN(DXI12/RAD2)*180./3.141592654
     DXI14=DXI+(XCENB-XCENA)
     TETT14=ASIN(DXI14/RAD2)*180./3.141592654
C
     XL(1)=0.0
     CALL SETRY(XL,RG,100,1,NI)
     XL(IFST+1)=XCENB-DXI
     XL(IFST+3)=XCENB+DXI
```

```
XL(IFST )=XCENA-DXII
       XL(IFST+4)=XCENA+DXII
       CALL SETRV(XP,RG,120,2,NI)
 C
       IY(1)=1
       CALL SETIV(IY, IG, 120, 1, NI)
 C
       YL(1)=0.0
       CALL SETRV(YL,RG,140,1,NI)
       YL(JFST+1)=YCENB-DXI
       YL(JFST+3)=YCENB+DXI
       YL(JFST )=YCENA-DXII
       YL(JFST+4)=YCENA+DXII
 C
       CALL SETRV(YP,RG,160,2,NI)
       LU=60+I
       CG(LU) = 'CS
       I10=LU/10
       I1=LU-I10*10
       WRITE(CG(LU)(3:3),'(I1)') I10
       WRITE(CG(LU)(4:4),'(I1)') II
       OPEN(LU, FILE=CG(LU), FORM='FORMATTED', STATUS='UNKNOWN')
       IF(RG(LU+10).NE.0.0) XL(1)=RG(LU+10)
       IRX=IG(42)
       IRY=IG(43)
       CALL WRTSQ(LU,NX,NY,IRX,IRY,IX,IY,XL,YL,XP,YP)
       IF(I.EQ.1)
                  THEN
 IFSR=IG(117)+1
         JFSR=IG(137)+1
         IMID≈IFSR+1
         JMID=JFSR+1
         IAD≈IG(50)
         JAD=IG(51)
        RAD3=RG(53)/2.
        WRITE(LU,*)
        WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID) - IAD, IX(IMID), IY(JMID) - JAD, IY(JMID) - JAD,
     &
                      XCENB-RAD3, YCENB-RAD3, XCENB, YCENB-RAD3, 1.0
        WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID), IX(IMID) + IAD, IY(JMID) - JAD, IY(JMID) - JAD,
     æ
                      XCENB, YCENB-RAD3, XCENB+RAD3, YCENB-RAD3, 1.0
        WRITE(LU, 102)IX(IMID)-IAD, IX(IMID), IY(JMID)+JAD, IY(JMID)+JAD,
     &
                      XCENB-RAD3, YCENB+RAD3, XCENB, YCENB+RAD3, 1.0
        WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID), IX(IMID) + IAD, IY(JMID) + JAD, IY(JMID) + JAD,
     &
                      XCENB, YCENB+RAD3, XCENB+RAD3, YCENB+RAD3, 1.0
        WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID) - IAD, IX(IMID) - IAD, IY(JMID) - JAD, IY(JMID),
     æ
                      XCENB-RAD3, YCENB-RAD3, XCENB-RAD3, YCENB, 1.0
        WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID) - IAD, IX(IMID) - IAD, IY(JMID), IY(JMID) + JAD,
     &
                      XCENB-RAD3, YCENB, XCENB-RAD3, YCENB+RAD3, 1.0
        WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID) + IAD, IX(IMID) + IAD, IY(JMID) - JAD, IY(JMID),
     &
                      XCENB+RAD3, YCENB-RAD3, XCENB+RAD3, YCENB, 1.0
        WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID) + IAD, IX(IMID) + IAD, IY(JMID), IY(JMID) + JAD,
                      XCENB+RAD3, YCENB, XCENB+RAD3, YCENB+RAD3, 1.0
C-pd---Shuffle lines----
```

```
WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID-1),IX(IMID)-IAD,IY(JMID),IY(JMID),
                      XCENB-DXI, YCENB, XCENB-RAD3, YCENB, 1.0
     8
        WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID) - IAD, IX(IMID), IY(JMID), IY(JMID),
                      XCENB-RAD3, YCENB, XCENB, YCENB, 1.0
     8
        WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID), IX(IMID) + IAD, IY(JMID), IY(JMID),
                      XCENB, YCENB, XCENB+RAD3, YCENB, 1.0
     & .
        WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID)+IAD,IX(IMID+1),IY(JMID),IY(JMID),
     &
                      XCENB+RAD3, YCENB, XCENB+DXI, YCENB, 1.0
        WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID), IX(IMID), IY(JMID-1), IY(JMID)-JAD,
                      XCENB, YCENB-DXI, XCENB, YCENB-RAD3, 1.0
     &
        WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID), IX(IMID), IY(JMID)~JAD, IY(JMID),
     &
                      XCENB, YCENB-RAD3, XCENB, YCENB, 1.0
        WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID), IX(IMID), IY(JMID), IY(JMID)+JAD,
     &
                      XCENB, YCENB, XCENB, YCENB+RAD3, 1.0
        WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID), IX(IMID), IY(JMID)+JAD, IY(JMID+1),
     &
                      XCENB, YCENB+RAD3, XCENB, YCENB+DXI, 1.0
C
        WRITE(LU,*)
        WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID-1),IX(IMID)-IAD,IY(JMID-1),IY(JMID)-JAD
        WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID)-IAD,IX(IMID),IY(JMID-1),IY(JMID)-JAD
        WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID),IX(IMID)+IAD,IY(JMID-1),IY(JMID)-JAD
        WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID)+IAD,IX(IMID+1),IY(JMID-1),IY(JMID)-JAD
        WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID-1),IX(IMID)-IAD,IY(JMID)-JAD,IY(JMID)
        WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID)-IAD,IX(IMID),IY(JMID)-JAD,IY(JMID)
        WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID),IX(IMID)+IAD,IY(JMID)-JAD,IY(JMID)
        WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID)+IAD,IX(IMID+1),IY(JMID)-JAD,IY(JMID)
        WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID-1),IX(IMID)-IAD,IY(JMID),IY(JMID)+JAD
        WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID)-IAD,IX(IMID),IY(JMID),IY(JMID)+JAD
        WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID),IX(IMID)+IAD,IY(JMID),IY(JMID)+JAD
        WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID)+IAD,IX(IMID+1),IY(JMID),IY(JMID)+JAD
        WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID-1),IX(IMID)-IAD,IY(JMID)+JAD,IY(JMID+1)
        WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID)-IAD,IX(IMID),IY(JMID)+JAD,IY(JMID+1)
        WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID),IX(IMID)+IAD,IY(JMID)+JAD,IY(JMID+1)
        WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID)+IAD,IX(IMID+1),IY(JMID)+JAD,IY(JMID+1)
C
        CALL WRTF12(LU, IRX, IRY, IX, IY, IFSR, JFSR)
        WRITE(LU, 105) IX(1), IX(IRX+1), IY(1), IY(IRY+1)
        GOTO 561
      ENDIF
C-pd---Overwrite line info with arc data-----
C-pd---Inner circle---
      ANG1 = 0.0
      ANG2 = 45.0
      ANG3 = 90.0
      ANG4=135.0
      ANG5=180.0
      ANG6 = 225.0
      ANG7 = 270.0
      ANG8=315.0
      IFST=IG(117)+1
      JFST=IG(137)+1
      IMID=IFST+1
      JMID=JFST+1
      ILST=IFST+2
      JLST=JFST+2
      IBEF=IFST-1
      JBEF=JFST-1
```

WRITE(LU,*)

```
IAFT=IFST+3
      JAFT=JFST+3
      WRITE(LU,*)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IFST), IX(IMID), IY(JFST), IY(JFST),
                      XCENB, YCENB, RAD1, ANG6, ANG7, XP(IFST)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IMID), IX(ILST), IY(JFST), IY(JFST),
                      XCENB, YCENB, RAD1, ANG7, ANG8, XP(IMID)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IFST), IX(IMID), IY(JLST), IY(JLST),
                      XCENB, YCENB, RAD1, ANG4, ANG3, XP(IFST)
      WRITE(LU, 104)IX(IMID),IX(ILST),IY(JLST),IY(JLST),
                      XCENB, YCENB, RAD1, ANG3, ANG2, XP(IMID)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IFST), IX(IFST), IY(JFST), IY(JMID),
                      XCENB, YCENB, RAD1, ANG6, ANG5, YP(JFST)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IFST), IX(IFST), IY(JMID), IY(JLST),
                      XCENB, YCENB, RAD1, ANG5, ANG4, YP (JMID)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(ILST), IX(ILST), IY(JFST), IY(JMID),
                      XCENB, YCENB, RAD1, ANG8, ANG1, YP(JFST)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(ILST), IX(ILST), IY(JMID), IY(JLST),
                      XCENB, YCENB, RAD1, ANG1, ANG2, YP (JMID)
C-pd---Shuffle lines-----
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID), IX(IMID), IY(JFST), IY(JMID),
                      XCENB, YCENB-RAD1, XCENB, YCENB, YP(JFST)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID), IX(IMID), IY(JMID), IY(JLST),
                      XCENB, YCENB, XCENB, YCENB+RAD1, YP (JMID)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IFST), IX(IMID), IY(JMID), IY(JMID),
                      XCENB-RAD1, YCENB, XCENB, YCENB, XP(IFST)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID), IX(ILST), IY(JMID), IY(JMID),
                      XCENB, YCENB, XCENB+RAD1, YCENB, XP(IMID)
C-pd---Outer circle---
      ANG01=
              0.0
      ANG02= 0.0+TETT02
      ANG03 = 45.0
      ANG04= 90.0-TETT04
      ANG05= 90.0
      ANG06= 90.0+TETT06
      ANG07=135.0
      ANG08=180.0-TETT08
      ANG09=180.0
      ANG10=180.0+TETT10
      ANG11=225.0
      ANG12=270.0-TETT12
      ANG13=270.0
      ANG14=270.0+TETT14
      ANG15=315.0
      ANG16=360.0-TETT16
      IFST=IG(117)
      JFST=IG(137)
      IMID=IFST+2
      JMID=JFST+2
      ILST=IFST+4
      JLST=JFST+4
      IBEF=IFST-1
      JBEF=JFST-1
      IAFT=IFST+5
      JAFT=JFST+5
      WRITE(LU,*)
```

```
WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IFST), IX(IFST+1), IY(JFST), IY(JFST),
                      XCENA, YCENA, RAD2, ANG11, ANG12, XP(IFST)
      WRITE(LU, 104)IX(IFST+1),IX(IMID),IY(JFST),IY(JFST),
                      XCENA, YCENA, RAD2, ANG12, ANG13, XP(IFST+1)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IMID), IX(ILST-1), IY(JFST), IY(JFST),
                      XCENA, YCENA, RAD2, ANG13, ANG14, XP(IMID)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(ILST-1), IX(ILST), IY(JFST), IY(JFST),
                      XCENA, YCENA, RAD2, ANG14, ANG15, XP(ILST-1)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IFST), IX(IFST+1), IY(JLST), IY(JLST),
                      XCENA, YCENA, RAD2, ANG07, ANG06, XP(IFST)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IFST+1), IX(IMID), IY(JLST), IY(JLST),
                      XCENA, YCENA, RAD2, ANGO6, ANGO5, XP(IFST+1)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IMID), IX(ILST-1), IY(JLST), IY(JLST),
                      XCENA, YCENA, RAD2, ANG05, ANG04, XP(IMID)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(ILST-1), IX(ILST), IY(JLST), IY(JLST),
                      XCENA, YCENA, RAD2, ANGO4, ANGO3, XP(ILST-1)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IFST), IX(IFST), IY(JFST), IY(JFST+1),
                      XCENA, YCENA, RAD2, ANG11, ANG10, YP(JFST)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IFST), IX(IFST), IY(JFST+1), IY(JMID),
                      XCENA, YCENA, RAD2, ANG10, ANG09, YP(JFST+1)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IFST), IX(IFST), IY(JMID), IY(JLST-1),
                      XCENA, YCENA, RAD2, ANG09, ANG08, YP(JMID)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IFST), IX(IFST), IY(JLST-1), IY(JLST),
                      XCENA, YCENA, RAD2, ANGO8, ANGO7, YP(JLST-1)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(ILST), IX(ILST), IY(JFST), IY(JFST+1),
                      XCENA, YCENA, RAD2, ANG15, ANG16, YP(JFST)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(ILST), IX(ILST), IY(JFST+1), IY(JMID),
                      XCENA, YCENA, RAD2, ANG16, ANG01, YP(JFST+1)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(ILST), IX(ILST), IY(JMID), IY(JLST-1),
                      XCENA, YCENA, RAD2, ANG01, ANG02, YP(JMID)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(ILST), IX(ILST), IY(JLST-1), IY(JLST),
                      XCENA, YCENA, RAD2, ANG02, ANG03, YP(JLST-1)
C-pd---Shuffle lines-
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID), IX(IMID), IY(JBEF), IY(JFST),
                      XL(IMID), YL(JBEF), XCENA, YCENA-RAD2, YP(JBEF)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID), IX(IMID), IY(JFST), IY(JFST+1),
                      XCENA, YCENA-RAD2, XCENB, YCENB-RAD1, YP (JFST)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID), IX(IMID), IY(JLST-1), IY(JLST)
                      XCENB, YCENB+RAD1, XCENA, YCENA+RAD2, YP(JLST-1)
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID),IY(JLST),IY(JAFT),
                      XCENA, YCENA+RAD2, XL(IMID), YL(JAFT), YP(JLST)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IBEF), IX(IFST), IY(JMID), IY(JMID),
                      XL(IBEF),YL(JMID),XCENA-RAD2,YCENA,XP(IBEF)
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(IFST),IX(IFST+1),IY(JMID),IY(JMID),
                      XCENA-RAD2, YCENA, XCENB-RAD1, YCENB, XP(IFST)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(ILST-1), IX(ILST), IY(JMID), IY(JMID),
                      XCENB+RAD1, YCENB, XCENA+RAD2, YCENA, XP(ILST-1)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(ILST), IX(IAFT), IY(JMID), IY(JMID),
                      XCENA+RAD2, YCENA, XL(IAFT), YL(JMID), XP(ILST)
C-pd---More trig---
      DELL02=(RAD2*RAD2-DXI02*DXI02)**0.5
      DELL04=(RAD2*RAD2-DXI04*DXI04)**0.5
      DELL06=(RAD2*RAD2-DXI06*DXI06)**0.5
      DELL08=(RAD2*RAD2-DXI08*DXI08)**0.5
      DELL10=(RAD2*RAD2-DXI10*DXI10)**0.5
      DELL12=(RAD2*RAD2-DXI12*DXI12)**0.5
```

```
DELL14=(RAD2*RAD2-DXI14*DXI14)**0.5
      DELL16=(RAD2*RAD2-DXI16*DXI16)**0.5
      WRITE(LU,*)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IFST+1), IX(IFST+1), IY(JBEF), IY(JFST),
                 XL(IFST+1),YL(JBEF),XL(IFST+1),YCENA-DELL12,YP(JBEF)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IFST+1), IX(IFST+1), IY(JFST), IY(JFST+1),
                 XL(IFST+1),YCENA-DELL12,XL(IFST+1),YL(JFST+1),YP(JFST)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IFST+1), IX(IFST+1), IY(JLST-1), IY(JLST),
                 XL(IFST+1), YL(JLST-1), XL(IFST+1), YCENA+DELLO6, YP(JLST-1)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IFST+1), IX(IFST+1), IY(JLST), IY(JAFT),
                 XL(IFST+1),YCENA+DELLO6,XL(IFST+1),YL(JAFT),YP(JLST)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(ILST-1), IX(ILST-1), IY(JBEF), IY(JFST),
                 XL(ILST-1), YL(JBEF), XL(ILST-1), YCENA-DELL14, YP(JBEF)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(ILST-1), IX(ILST-1), IY(JFST), IY(JFST+1),
                 XL(ILST-1),YCENA-DELL14,XL(ILST-1),YL(JFST+1),YP(JFST)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(ILST-1), IX(ILST-1), IY(JLST-1), IY(JLST),
                 XL(ILST-1), YL(JLST-1), XL(ILST-1), YCENA+DELL04, YP(JLST-1)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(ILST-1), IX(ILST-1), IY(JLST), IY(JAFT),
                 XL(ILST-1), YCENA+DELLO4, XL(ILST-1), YL(JAFT), YP(JLST)
C
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IBEF), IX(IFST), IY(JFST+1), IY(JFST+1),
                 XL(IBEF),YL(JFST+1),XCENA-DELL10,YL(JFST+1),XP(IBEF)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IFST), IX(IFST+1), IY(JFST+1), IY(JFST+1),
                 XCENA-DELL10,YL(JFST+1),XL(IFST+1),YL(JFST+1),XP(IFST)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(ILST-1), IX(ILST), IY(JFST+1), IY(JFST+1),
                 XL(ILST-1),YL(JFST+1),XCENA+DELL16,YL(JFST+1),XP(ILST-1)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(ILST), IX(IAFT), IY(JFST+1), IY(JFST+1),
                 XCENA+DELL16, YL(JFST+1), XL(IAFT), YL(JFST+1), XP(ILST)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IBEF), IX(IFST), IY(JLST-1), IY(JLST-1),
                 XL(IBEF),YL(JLST-1),XCENA-DELL08,YL(JLST-1),XP(IBEF)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IFST), IX(IFST+1), IY(JLST-1), IY(JLST-1),
                 XCENA-DELLO8, YL(JLST-1), XL(IFST+1), YL(JLST-1), XP(IFST)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(ILST-1), IX(ILST), IY(JLST-1), IY(JLST-1),
                 XL(ILST-1), YL(JLST-1), XCENA+DELL02, YL(JLST-1), XP(ILST-1)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(ILST), IX(IAFT), IY(JLST-1), IY(JLST-1),
                 XCENA+DELLO2,YL(JLST-1),XL(IAFT),YL(JLST-1),XP(ILST)
     £
      WRITE(LU,*)
:-pd---Add lines for upper gap-
      IF(I.EQ.2.OR.I.EQ.3) THEN
        IADD=IG(61)/2
        XDST=RG(61)/2.
        XTP=1.0
        WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID) - IADD, IX(IMID) - IADD, IY(JAFT), IY(IRY),
                   XCENA-XDST,YL(JAFT),XCENA-XDST,YL(IRY),XTP
     æ
        WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID) - IADD, IX(IMID) - IADD, IY(IRY), IY(IRY+1),
                   XCENA-XDST, YL(IRY), XCENA-XDST, YL(IRY+1), XTP
     &
        WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID) + IADD, IX(IMID) + IADD, IY(JAFT), IY(IRY),
                   XCENA+XDST, YL(JAFT), XCENA+XDST, YL(IRY), XTP
     &
        WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID) + IADD, IX(IMID) + IADD, IY(IRY), IY(IRY+1),
                   XCENA+XDST, YL(IRY), XCENA+XDST, YL(IRY+1), XTP
     &
        WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID) - IADD, IX(IMID) + IADD, IY(JAFT), IY(JAFT),
                   XCENA-XDST,YL(JAFT),XCENA+XDST,YL(JAFT),XTP
     &
        WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID) - IADD, IX(IMID) + IADD, IY(IRY), IY(IRY),
                   XCENA-XDST, YL(IRY), XCENA+XDST, YL(IRY), XTP
        WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID)-IADD,IX(IMID)+IADD,IY(IRY+1),IY(IRY+1),
                   XCENA-XDST,YL(IRY+1),XCENA+XDST,YL(IRY+1),XTP
      ENDIF
```

```
C-pd---Overwrite line info with arc data-----
      IFSR=IG(117)+1
      JFSR=IG(137)+1
      IMID=IFSR+1
      JMID=JFSR+1
      IAD=IG(50)
      JAD=IG(51)
      RAD3=RG(53)/2.
      IF(I.EQ.5) THEN
         XCENB=RG(45)
         YCENB=RG(46)
        RAD3=RG(54)/2.
      ENDIF
C
      WRITE(LU,*)
      WRITE(LU, 104)IX(IMID)-IAD, IX(IMID), IY(JMID)-JAD, IY(JMID)-JAD,
                     XCENB, YCENB, RAD3, ANG6, ANG7, 1.0
      WRITE(LU, 104)IX(IMID),IX(IMID)+IAD,IY(JMID)-JAD,IY(JMID)-JAD,
                     XCENB, YCENB, RAD3, ANG7, ANG8, 1.0
      WRITE(LU, 104)IX(IMID)-IAD, IX(IMID), IY(JMID)+JAD, IY(JMID)+JAD,
                     XCENB, YCENB, RAD3, ANG4, ANG3, 1.0
      WRITE(LU, 104)IX(IMID),IX(IMID)+IAD,IY(JMID)+JAD,IY(JMID)+JAD,
     &
                     XCENB, YCENB, RAD3, ANG3, ANG2, 1.0
      WRITE(LU, 104)IX(IMID)-IAD, IX(IMID)-IAD, IY(JMID)-JAD, IY(JMID),
                     XCENB, YCENB, RAD3, ANG6, ANG5, 1.0
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IMID) - IAD, IX(IMID) - IAD, IY(JMID), IY(JMID) + JAD,
     &
                     XCENB, YCENB, RAD3, ANG5, ANG4, 1.0
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IMID) + IAD, IX(IMID) + IAD, IY(JMID) - JAD, IY(JMID),
                     XCENB, YCENB, RAD3, ANG8, ANG1, 1.0
      WRITE(LU, 104)IX(IMID)+IAD, IX(IMID)+IAD, IY(JMID), IY(JMID)+JAD,
                     XCENB, YCENB, RAD3, ANG1, ANG2, 1.0
C-pd---Shuffle lines--
      XCENC=XCENB
      YCENC=YCENB
      IF(I.EQ.5) THEN
        XCENC=RG(43)
        YCENC=RG(44)
      ENDIF
      WRITE(LU,*)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID-1), IX(IMID)-IAD, IY(JMID), IY(JMID),
                     XCENC-RAD1, YCENC, XCENB-RAD3, YCENB, 1.0
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID)-IAD,IX(IMID),IY(JMID),IY(JMID),
                     XCENB-RAD3, YCENB, XCENB, YCENB, 1.0
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID)+IAD,IY(JMID),IY(JMID),
                     XCENB, YCENB, XCENB+RAD3, YCENB, 1.0
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID)+IAD,IX(IMID+1),IY(JMID),IY(JMID),
                     XCENB+RAD3, YCENB, XCENC+RAD1, YCENC, 1.0
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID), IX(IMID), IY(JMID-1), IY(JMID)-JAD,
                     XCENC, YCENC-RAD1, XCENB, YCENB-RAD3, 1.0
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID), IX(IMID), IY(JMID)-JAD, IY(JMID),
                     XCENB, YCENB-RAD3, XCENB, YCENB, 1.0
     ٤
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID), IX(IMID), IY(JMID), IY(JMID)+JAD,
                     XCENB, YCENB, XCENB, YCENB+RAD3, 1.0
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID), IX(IMID), IY(JMID)+JAD, IY(JMID+1),
                     XCENB, YCENB+RAD3, XCENC, YCENC+RAD1, 1.0
C
      WRITE(LU,*)
```

```
WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID-1),IX(IMID)-IAD,IY(JMID-1),IY(JMID)-JAD
     WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID)-IAD,IX(IMID),IY(JMID-1),IY(JMID)-JAD
     WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID),IX(IMID)+IAD,IY(JMID-1),IY(JMID)-JAD
     WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID)+IAD,IX(IMID+1),IY(JMID-1),IY(JMID)-JAD
     WRITE(LU, 103) IX(IMID-1), IX(IMID)-IAD, IY(JMID)-JAD, IY(JMID)
     WRITE(LU, 103) IX(IMID) - IAD, IX(IMID), IY(JMID) - JAD, IY(JMID)
     WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID),IX(IMID)+IAD,IY(JMID)-JAD,IY(JMID)
     WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID)+IAD,IX(IMID+1),IY(JMID)-JAD,IY(JMID)
     WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID-1),IX(IMID)-IAD,IY(JMID),IY(JMID)+JAD
     WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID)-IAD,IX(IMID),IY(JMID),IY(JMID)+JAD
     WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID),IX(IMID)+IAD,IY(JMID),IY(JMID)+JAD
     WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID)+IAD,IX(IMID+1),IY(JMID),IY(JMID)+JAD
     WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID-1),IX(IMID)-IAD,IY(JMID)+JAD,IY(JMID+1)
     WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID)-IAD,IX(IMID),IY(JMID)+JAD,IY(JMID+1)
     WRITE(LU, 103) IX(IMID), IX(IMID)+IAD, IY(JMID)+JAD, IY(JMID+1)
     WRITE(LU,103)IX(IMID)+IAD,IX(IMID+1),IY(JMID)+JAD,IY(JMID+1)
     CALL WRTF12(LU, IRX, IRY, IX, IY, IFSR, JFSR)
2-pd---Fix points around circle and certain ones inside-----
     WRITE(LU,*)
     WRITE(LU,105)IX(1),IX(IRX+1),IY(1),IY(JFST)
     WRITE(LU, 105) IX(1), IX(IFST), IY(JFST), IY(JLST)
     WRITE(LU, 105) IX(ILST), IX(IRX+1), IY(JFST), IY(JLST)
     WRITE(LU, 105) IX(1), IX(IRX+1), IY(JLST), IY(IRY+1)
     ISOL=3
     WRITE(LU,105)IX(IFST+1)+ISOL,IX(ILST-1)-ISOL,IY(JFST+1),IY(JLST-1)
     WRITE(LU,105)IX(IFST+1),IX(ILST-1),IY(JFST+1)+ISOL,IY(JLST-1)-ISOL
C
     WRITE(LU, 105) IX(IFST+1), IX(ILST-1), IY(JFST), IY(JFST+1)
     WRITE(LU, 105) IX(IFST), IX(IFST+1), IY(JFST+1), IY(JLST-1)
     WRITE(LU,105)IX(ILST-1),IX(ILST),IY(JFST+1),IY(JLST-1)
     WRITE(LU,105)IX(IFST+1),IX(ILST-1),IY(JLST-1),IY(JLST)
 561 CONTINUE
3-pd---This is the second option for exit of the engine.
                                                        There will--
      will be either 2 or 3 cross sections written here depending---
      on the location exit. It will be 2 if it ends before the-----
C---
      augmenter tube or if it ends at the start of the tappered----
section or at the start of straight section. It will be 3----
]---
      if it falls in the tappered section or after the start of-----
C---
      the straight section.-----
     DO 563 I=1,IG(60)
C
     IX(1)=1
     CALL SETIV(IX, IG, 140, 1, NI)
     XCENC=RG(47)
     YCENC=RG(48)
     XCEND=RG(47)
     YCEND=RG(48)
     RAD1=RG(54)/2.
     DXI = (RAD1 * RAD1/2.) * *0.5
     RAD2 = RG(54 + I)/2.
     DXII = (RAD2*RAD2/2.)**0.5
```

```
IFST≈IG(157)
      JFST≈IG(177)
C-pd---Do trig-----
      DXI02=DXI+(YCENC-YCEND)
      TETT02=ASIN(DXI02/RAD2)*180./3.141592654
      DXI16=DXI-(YCENC-YCEND)
      TETT16=ASIN(DXI16/RAD2)*180./3.141592654
      DXI04=DXI+(XCENC-XCEND)
      TETT04=ASIN(DXI04/RAD2)*180./3.141592654
      DXI06=DXI-(XCENC-XCEND)
      TETT06=ASIN(DXI06/RAD2)*180./3.141592654
      DXI08=DXI+(YCENC-YCEND)
      TETT08=ASIN(DXI08/RAD2)*180./3.141592654
      DXI10=DXI-(YCENC-YCEND)
      TETT10=ASIN(DXI10/RAD2)*180./3.141592654
      DXI12=DXI-(XCENC-XCEND)
      TETT12=ASIN(DXI12/RAD2)*180./3.141592654
      DXI14=DXI+(XCENC-XCEND)
      TETT14=ASIN(DXI14/RAD2)*180./3.141592654
      IRX=IG(44)
      IRY=IG(45)
C
      XL(1) = 0.0
      CALL SETRV(XL,RG,180,1,NI)
      XL(IFST+1)=XCEND-DXI
      XL(IFST+3)=XCEND+DXI
      XL(IFST
              )=XCEND-DXII
      XL(IFST+4)=XCEND+DXII
      XL(IFST-1) = XCEND-((XCEND-RAD2)/2.)-RAD2
      XL(IFST+5)=XCEND+((XL(IRX+1)-XCEND-RAD2)/2.)+RAD2
C
      CALL SETRV(XP,RG,200,2,NI)
      IY(1)=1
      CALL SETIV(IY, IG, 160, 1, NI)
C
      YL(1)=0.0
      CALL SETRV(YL, RG, 220, 1, NI)
      YL(JFST+1)=YCEND-DXI
      YL(JFST+3)=YCEND+DXI
      YL (JFST
              )=YCEND-DXII
      YL(JFST+4)=YCEND+DXII
      YL(JFST-1)=YCEND-((YCEND-RAD2)/2.)-RAD2
      YL(JFST+5)=YCEND+((YL(IRY+1)-YCEND-RAD2)/2.)+RAD2
C
      CALL SETRV(YP,RG,240,2,NI)
      LU=65+I
      CG(LU)='CS
      I10=LU/10
      I1=LU-I10*10
      WRITE(CG(LU)(3:3),'(I1)') I10
      WRITE(CG(LU)(4:4),'(I1)') I1
      OPEN(LU,FILE=CG(LU),FORM='FORMATTED',STATUS='UNKNOWN')
      IF'RG(LU+10).NE.O.O) XL(1)=RG(LU+10)
      CALL WRTSQ(LU,NX,NY,IRX,IRY,IX,IY,XL,YL,XP,YP)
C
```

```
C-pd---Overwrite line info with arc data-----
^-pd---Inner circle-----
      XCENC=RG(45)
      YCENC=RG(46)
      ANG1 = 0.0
      ANG2= 45.0
      ANG3= 90.0
      ANG4=135.0
      ANG5=180.0
      ANG6 = 225.0
      ANG7 = 270.0
      ANG8=315.0
      IFST=IG(157)+1
      JFST=IG(177)+1
      IMID=IFST+1
      JMID=JFST+1
      ILST=IFST+2
      JLST=JFST+2
      IBEF=IFST-1
      JBEF=JFST-1
      IAFT=IFST+3
      JAFT=JFST+3
      WRITE(LU,*)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IFST), IX(IMID), IY(JFST), IY(JFST),
                     XCENC, YCENC, RAD1, ANG6, ANG7, XP(IFST)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IMID), IX(ILST), IY(JFST), IY(JFST),
                     XCENC, YCENC, RAD1, ANG7, ANG8, XP(IMID)
      WRITE(LU, 104)IX(IFST),IX(IMID),IY(JLST),IY(JLST),
                     XCENC, YCENC, RAD1, ANG4, ANG3, XP(IFST)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IMID), IX(ILST), IY(JLST), IY(JLST),
                     XCENC, YCENC, RAD1, ANG3, ANG2, XP(IMID)
      WRITE(LU,104)IX(IFST),IX(IFST),IY(JFST),IY(JMID),
                     XCENC, YCENC, RAD1, ANG6, ANG5, YP(JFST)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IFST), IX(IFST), IY(JMID), IY(JLST),
                     XCENC, YCENC, RAD1, ANG5, ANG4, YP(JMID)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(ILST), IX(ILST), IY(JFST), IY(JMID),
                     XCENC, YCENC, RAD1, ANG8, ANG1, YP(JFST)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(ILST), IX(ILST), IY(JMID), IY(JLST),
                     XCENC, YCENC, RAD1, ANG1, ANG2, YP(JMID)
 pd---Shuffle lines-----
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID), IX(IMID), IY(JFST), IY(JMID),
                     XCENC, YCENC-RAD1, XCENC, YCENC, YP (JFST)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID), IX(IMID), IY(JMID), IY(JLST),
                     XCENC, YCENC, XCENC, YCENC+RAD1, YP(JMID)
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(IFST),IX(IMID),IY(JMID),IY(JMID),
                     XCENC-RAD1, YCENC, XCENC, YCENC, XP(IFST)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID), IX(ILST), IY(JMID), IY(JMID),
                     XCENC, YCENC, XCENC+RAD1, YCENC, XP(IMID)
C-pd---Outer circle------
      ANG01=
             0.0
             0.0+TETT02
      ANG02=
      ANG03 = 45.0
      ANG04 = 90.0-TETT04
      ANG05= 90.0
```

```
ANG06= 90.0+TETT06
    ANG07=135.0
    ANG08=180.0-TETT08
    ANG09=180.0
    ANG10=180.0+TETT10
    ANG11=225.0
    ANG12=270.0-TETT12
    ANG13=270.0
    ANG14=270.0+TETT14
    ANG15=315.0
    ANG16=360.0-TETT16
    IFST=IG(157)
    JFST=IG(177)
    IMID=IFST+2
    JMID=JFST+2
    ILST=IFST+4
    JLST=JFST+4
    IBEF=IFST-1
    JBEF=JFST-1
    IAFT=IFST+5
    JAFT=JFST+5
    WRITE(LU,*)
    WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IFST), IX(IFST+1), IY(JFST), IY(JFST),
                    XCEND, YCEND, RAD2, ANG11, ANG12, XP(IFST)
    WRITE(LU, 104)IX(IFST+1),IX(IMID),IY(JFST),IY(JFST),
                    XCEND, YCEND, RAD2, ANG12, ANG13, XP(IFST+1)
    WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IMID), IX(ILST-1), IY(JFST), IY(JFST),
                    XCEND, YCEND, RAD2, ANG13, ANG14, XP(IMID)
    WRITE(LU, 104) IX(ILST-1), IX(ILST), IY(JFST), IY(JFST),
                    XCEND, YCEND, RAD2, ANG14, ANG15, XP(ILST-1)
    WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IFST), IX(IFST+1), IY(JLST), IY(JLST),
                    XCEND, YCEND, RAD2, ANG07, ANG06, XP(IFST)
    WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IFST+1), IX(IMID), IY(JLST), IY(JLST)
                    XCEND, YCEND, RAD2, ANG06, ANG05, XP(IFST+1)
    WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IMID), IX(ILST-1), IY(JLST), IY(JLST),
                    XCEND, YCEND, RAD2, ANG05, ANG04, XP(IMID)
    WRITE(LU, 104) IX(ILST-1), IX(ILST), IY(JLST), IY(JLST),
                    XCEND, YCEND, RAD2, ANG04, ANG03, XP(ILST-1)
    WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IFST), IX(IFST), IY(JFST), IY(JFST+1),
                    XCEND, YCEND, RAD2, ANG11, ANG10, YP(JFST)
    WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IFST), IX(IFST), IY(JFST+1), IY(JMID),
                    XCEND, YCEND, RAD2, ANG10, ANG09, YP(JFST+1)
    WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IFST), IX(IFST), IY(JMID), IY(JLST-1),
                    XCEND, YCEND, RAD2, ANGO9, ANGO8, YP(JMID)
    WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IFST), IX(IFST), IY(JLST-1), IY(JLST),
                    XCEND, YCEND, RAD2, ANGO8, ANGO7, YP(JLST-1)
    WRITE(LU, 104) IX(ILST), IX(ILST), IY(JFST), IY(JFST+1),
                    XCEND, YCEND, RAD2, ANG15, ANG16, YP(JFST)
    WRITE(LU,104)IX(ILST),IX(ILST),IY(JFST+1),IY(JMID),
                    XCEND, YCEND, RAD2, ANG16, ANG01, YP(JFST+1)
    WRITE(LU, 104) IX(ILST), IX(ILST), IY(JMID), IY(JLST-1),
                    XCEND, YCEND, RAD2, ANG01, ANG02, YP(JMID)
    WRITE(LU, 104) IX(ILST), IX(ILST), IY(JLST-1), IY(JLST),
                    XCEND, YCEND, RAD2, ANG02, ANG03, YP(JLST-1)
   &
-pd---Shuffle lines--
    WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID), IX(IMID), IY(JBEF), IY(JFST),
                    XL(IMID), YL(JBEF), XCEND, YCEND-RAD2, YP(JBEF)
    WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID), IX(IMID), IY(JFST), IY(JFST+1),
```

```
XCEND, YCEND-RAD2, XCENC, YCENC-RAD1, YP (JFST)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID), IX(IMID), IY(JLST-1), IY(JLST),
                     XCENC, YCENC+RAD1, XCEND, YCEND+RAD2, YP(JLST-1)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID), IX(IMID), IY(JLST), IY(JAFT),
                     XCEND, YCEND+RAD2, XL(IMID), YL(JAFT), YP(JLST)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IBEF), IX(IFST), IY(JMID), IY(JMID),
                     XL(IBEF), YL(JMID), XCEND-RAD2, YCEND, XP(IBEF)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IFST), IX(IFST+1), IY(JMID), IY(JMID),
                     XCEND-RAD2, YCEND, XCENC-RAD1, YCENC, XP(IFST)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(ILST-1), IX(ILST), IY(JMID), IY(JMID),
                     XCENC+RAD1, YCENC, XCEND+RAD2, YCEND, XP(ILST-1)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(ILST), IX(IAFT), IY(JMID), IY(JMID),
                     XCEND+RAD2, YCEND, XL(IAFT), YL(JMID), XP(ILST)
C-pd---More trig---
      DELL02=(RAD2*RAD2-DXI02*DXI02)**0.5
      DELL04=(RAD2*RAD2-DXI04*DXI04)**0.5
      DELL06=(RAD2*RAD2-DXI06*DXI06)**0.5
      DELL08=(RAD2*RAD2-DXI08*DXI08)**0.5
      DELL10=(RAD2*RAD2-DXI10*DXI10)**0.5
      DELL12=(RAD2*RAD2-DXI12*DXI12)**0.5
      DELL14=(RAD2*RAD2-DXI14*DXI14)**0.5
      DELL16=(RAD2*RAD2-DXI16*DXI16)**0.5
C
      WRITE(LU,*)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IFST+1), IX(IFST+1), IY(JBEF), IY(JFST),
                 XL(IFST+1), YL(JBEF), XL(IFST+1), YCEND-DELL12, YP(JBEF)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IFST+1), IX(IFST+1), IY(JFST), IY(JFST+1),
                 XL(IFST+1), YCEND-DELL12, XCENC-DXI, YCENC-DXI, YP(JFST)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IFST+1), IX(IFST+1), IY(JLST-1), IY(JLST),
                 XCENC-DXI, YCENC+DXI, XL(IFST+1), YCEND+DELL06, YP(JLST-1)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IFST+1), IX(IFST+1), IY(JLST), IY(JAFT),
                 XL(IFST+1),YCEND+DELLO6,XL(IFST+1),YL(JAFT),YP(JLST)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(ILST-1), IX(ILST-1), IY(JBEF), IY(JFST),
                 XL(ILST-1),YL(JBEF),XL(ILST-1),YCEND-DELL14,YP(JBEF)
      WRITE(LU, 102)IX(ILST-1),IX(ILST-1),IY(JFST),IY(JFST+1),
                 XL(ILST-1), YCEND-DELL14, XCENC+DXI, YCENC-DXI, YP(JFST)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(ILST-1), IX(ILST-1), IY(JLST-1), IY(JLST),
                 XCENC+DXI, YCENC+DXI, XL(ILST-1), YCEND+DELL04, YP(JLST-1)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(ILST-1), IX(ILST-1), IY(JLST), IY(JAFT),
                 XL(ILST-1),YCEND+DELLO4,XL(ILST-1),YL(JAFT),YP(JLST)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IBEF), IX(IFST), IY(JFST+1), IY(JFST+1),
                 XL(IBEF),YL(JFST+1),XCEND-DELL10,YL(JFST+1),XP(IBEF)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IFST), IX(IFST+1), IY(JFST+1), IY(JFST+1),
                 XCEND-DELL10,YL(JFST+1),XCENC-DXI,YCENC-DXI,XP(IFST)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(ILST-1), IX(ILST), IY(JFST+1), IY(JFST+1),
                 XCENC+DXI, YCENC-DXI, XCEND+DELL16, YL(JFST+1), XP(ILST-1)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(ILST), IX(IAFT), IY(JFST+1), IY(JFST+1),
                 XCEND+DELL16, YL(JFST+1), XL(IAFT), YL(JFST+1), XP(ILST)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IBEF), IX(IFST), IY(JLST-1), IY(JLST-1),
                 XL(IBEF),YL(JLST-1),XCEND-DELL08,YL(JLST-1),XP(IBEF)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IFST), IX(IFST+1), IY(JLST-1), IY(JLST-1),
                 XCEND-DELLO8, YL(JLST-1), XCENC-DXI, YCENC+DXI, XP(IFST)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(ILST-1), IX(ILST), IY(JLST-1), IY(JLST-1),
                 XCENC+DXI, YCENC+DXI, XCEND+DELLO2, YL(JLST-1), XP(ILST-1)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(ILST), IX(IAFT), IY(JLST-1), IY(JLST-1),
                 XCEND+DELLO2, YL(JLST-1), XL(IAFT), YL(JLST-1), XP(ILST)
```

```
CALL WRTFI(LU, IRX, IRY, IX, IY)
C-pd---Fix points around circle and certain ones inside-----
      WRITE(LU,*)
      WRITE(LU, 105) IX(1), IX(IRX+1), IY(1), IY(JFST)
      WRITE(LU, 105) IX(1), IX(IFST), IY(JFST), IY(JLST)
      WRITE(LU, 105) IX(ILST), IX(IRX+1), IY(JFST), IY(JLST)
      WRITE(LU, 105) IX(1), IX(IRX+1), IY(JLST), IY(IRY+1)
C
      ISOL=2
      WRITE(LU,105)IX(IFST+1)+ISOL,IX(ILST-1)-ISOL,IY(JFST+1),IY(JLST-1)
      WRITE(LU,105)IX(IFST+1),IX(ILST-1),IY(JFST+1)+ISOL,IY(JLST-1)-ISOL
C
      WRITE(LU, 105) IX(IFST+1), IX(ILST-1), IY(JFST), IY(JFST+1)
      WRITE(LU, 105) IX(IFST), IX(IFST+1), IY(JFST+1), IY(JLST-1)
      WRITE(LU, 105) IX(ILST-1), IX(ILST), IY(JFST+1), IY(JLST-1)
      WRITE(LU, 105) IX(IFST+1), IX(ILST-1), IY(JLST-1), IY(JLST)
  563 CONTINUE
************************************
C-pd---This section is for the constant cross sectional area of the---
       augmenter sleeve.-----
C
     t4
      DO 564 I=1,3
C
     IX(1)=1
      CALL SETIV(IX, IG, 180, 1, NI)
C
      XCEND=RG(47)
      YCEND=RG(48)
      RAD1=RG(56+I)/2.
      IF(IG(60).EQ.2.AND.I.EQ.1) RAD1=RG(56)/2.
      DXI = (RAD1*RAD1/2.)**0.5
      IFST=IG(197)
      JFST=IG(217)
      IMID≈IFST+1
      JMID=JFST+1
      ILST=IFST+2
      JLST=JFST+2
      IBEF=IFST-1
      JBEF=JFST-1
      IAFT=IFST+3
      JAFT=JFST+3
C
      IRX=IG(46)
      IRY=IG(47)
      XL(1) = 0.0
      CALL SETRV(XL,RG,260,1,NI)
      XL(IFST
              )=XCEND-DXI
      XL(IFST+2)=XCEND+DXI
      XL(IFST-1)=XCEND-((XCEND-RAD1)/2.)-RAD1
      XL(IFST+3)=XCEND+((XL(IRX+1)-XCEND-RAD1)/2.)+RAD1
      CALL SETRV(XP,RG,280,2,NI)
      IY(1)=1
      CALL SETIV(IY, IG, 200, 1, NI)
```

```
C
      YL(1)=0.0
      CALL SETRV(YL,RG,300,1,NI)
                )=YCEND-DXI
      YL(JFST
      YL(JFST+2)=YCEND+DXI
      YL(JFST-1)=YCEND-((YCEND-RAD1)/2.)-RAD1
      YL(JFST+3)=YCEND+((YL(IRY+1)-YCEND-RAD1)/2.)+RAD1
C
      CALL SETRV(YP,RG,320,2,NI)
      LU=65+IG(60)+I
      CG(LU)='CS
      I10=LU/10
      I1=LU-I10*10
      WRITE(CG(LU)(3:3),'(I1)') I10
      WRITE(CG(LU)(4:4),'(I1)'
      OPEN(LU, FILE=CG(LU), FORM='FORMATTED', STATUS='UNKNOWN')
      IF(RG(LU+10).NE.0.0) \times L(1)=RG(LU+10)
      CALL WRTSQ(LU,NX,NY,IRX,IRY,IX,IY,XL,YL,XP,YP)
C-pd---Overwrite line info with arc data-----
      ANG1 =
            0.0
      ANG2 = 45.0
      ANG3= 90.0
      ANG4 = 135.0
      ANG5 = 180.0
      ANG6 = 225.0
      ANG7=270.0
      ANG8=315.0
      WRITE(LU,*)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IFST), IX(IMID), IY(JFST), IY(JFST),
                      XCEND, YCEND, RAD1, ANG6, ANG7, XP(IFST)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IMID), IX(ILST), IY(JFST), IY(JFST),
                      XCEND, YCEND, RAD1, ANG7, ANG8, XP(IMID)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IFST), IX(IMID), IY(JLST), IY(JLST),
                     XCEND, YCEND, RAD1, ANG4, ANG3, XP(IFST)
      WRITE(LU,104)IX(IMID),IX(ILST),IY(JLST),IY(JLST),
                     XCEND, YCEND, RAD1, ANG3, ANG2, XP(IMID)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IFST), IX(IFST), IY(JFST), IY(JMID),
                     XCEND, YCEND, RAD1, ANG6, ANG5, YP(JFST)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IFST), IX(IFST), IY(JMID), IY(JLST),
                     XCEND, YCEND, RAD1, ANG5, ANG4, YP(JMID)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(ILST), IX(ILST), IY(JFST), IY(JMID),
                     XCEND, YCEND, RAD1, ANG8, ANG1, YP(JFST)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(ILST), IX(ILST), IY(JMID), IY(JLST),
                     XCEND, YCEND, RAD1, ANG1, ANG2, YP(JMID)
C-pd---Shuffle lines-
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID),IY(JBEF),IY(JFST),
                     XL(IMID),YL(JBEF),XL(IMID),YCEND-RAD1,YP(JBEF)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID), IX(IMID), IY(JFST), IY(JMID),
                     XL(IMID), YCEND-RAD1, XL(IMID), YCEND, YP(JFST)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID), IX(IMID), IY(JMID), IY(JLST),
                     XL(IMID), YCEND, XL(IMID), YCEND+RAD1, YP(JMID)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID), IX(IMID), IY(JLST), IY(JAFT),
                     XL(IMID), YCEND+RAD1, XL(IMID), YL(JAFT), YP(JLST)
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(IBEF),IX(IFST),IY(JMID),IY(JMID),
                     XL(IBEF),YL(JMID),XCEND-RAD1,YL(JMID),XP(IBEF)
```

```
WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IFST), IX(IMID), IY(JMID), IY(JMID),
                    XCEND-RAD1, YL(JMID), XCEND, YL(JMID), XP(IFST)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID), IX(ILST), IY(JMID), IY(JMID),
     &
                    XCEND, YL(JMID), XCEND+RAD1, YL(JMID), XP(IMID)
     WRITE(LU, 102) IX(ILST), IX(IAFT), IY(JMID), IY(JMID),
                    XCEND+RAD1, YL(JMID), XL(IAFT), YL(JMID), XP(ILST)
C
      CALL WRTFI(LU, IRX, IRY, IX, IY)
C
C-pd---Fix points around circle and certain ones inside-----
      WRITE(LU,*)
      WRITE(LU, 105) IX(1), IX(IRX+1), IY(1), IY(JFST)
      WRITE(LU, 105) IX(1), IX(IFST), IY(JFST), IY(JLST)
      WRITE(LU, 105) IX(ILST), IX(IRX+1), IY(JFST), IY(JLST)
      WRITE(LU, 105) IX(1), IX(IRX+1), IY(JLST), IY(IRY+1)
C
      ISOL=4
      WRITE(LU, 105) IX(IFST) + ISOL, IX(ILST) - ISOL, IY(JFST), IY(JLST)
      WRITE(LU,105)IX(IFST),IX(ILST),IY(JFST)+ISOL,IY(JLST)-ISOL
C
  564 CONTINUE
C
C**********************************
C-pd---This section is for the constant cross sectional area of the---
       augmenter tube. This cross section is located at the back----
C---
       side of the end wall. Two options exist, one for a circle----
       and one for a square.----
      DO 565 I=1,2
C
      IX(1)=1
      CALL SETIV(IX, IG, 220, 1, NI)
C
      XCENE=RG(47)
      YCENE=RG(48)
      RAD1=RG(59)/2.
      DXI=(RAD1*RAD1/2.)**0.5
      IFST=IG(237)
      JFST=IG(257)
      IMID=IFST+1
      JMID=JFST+1
     ILST=IFST+2
      JLST=JFST+2
      IBEF=IFST-1
      JBEF=JFST-1
      IAFT=IFST+3
      JAFT=JFST+3
      IRX=IG(48)
      IRY=IG(49)
C
      XL(1) = 0.0
      CALL SETRV(XL, RG, 340,1, NI)
      XL(IFST
               )=XCENE-DXI
      XL(IFST+2)=XCENE+DXI
C
      LU = 68 + IG(60) + I
      IF(XL(IRX+1).EQ.0.0) THEN
        XDEL=RG(LU+10)
```

```
XL(IRX+1)=XCENE+(XCENE-XDEL)
      ENDIF
      CALL SETRV(XP,RG,360,2,NI)
C
      IY(1)=1
      CALL SETIV(IY, IG, 240, 1 NI)
C
      YL(1)=0.0
      CALL SETRV(YL,RG,380,1,NI)
      YL (JFST
               )=YCENE-DXI
      YL(JFST+2)=YCENE+DXI
      CALL SETRV(YP,RG,400,2,NI)
C
      CG(LU) = 'CS
      I10=LU/10
      I1=LU-I10*10
      WRITE(CG(LU)(3:3),'(I1)') I10
      WRITE(CG(LU)(4:4),'(I1)') I1
      OPEN(LU, FILE=CG(LU), FORM='FORMATTED', STATUS='UNKNOWN')
      IF(RG(LU+10).NE.0.0) XL(1)=RG(LU+10)
      CALL WRTSQ(LU,NX,NY,IRX,IRY,IX,IY,XL,YL,XP,YP)
C-pd---Overwrite line info with arc data-----
      ANG1 = 0.0
      ANG2 = 45.0
      ANG3= 90.0
      ANG4=135.0
      ANG5=180.0
      ANG6 = 225.0
      ANG7 = 270.0
      ANG8=315.0
      WRITE(LU,*)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IFST), IX(IMID), IY(JFST), IY(JFST),
                      XCENE, YCENE, RAD1, ANG6, ANG7, XP(IFST)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IMID), IX(ILST), IY(JFST), IY(JFST),
                      XCENE, YCENE, RAD1, ANG7, ANG8, XP(IMID)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IFST), IX(IMID), IY(JLST), IY(JLST),
                      XCENE, YCENE, RAD1, ANG4, ANG3, XP(IFST)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IMID), IX(ILST), IY(JLST), IY(JLST),
                     XCENE, YCENE, RAD1, ANG3, ANG2, XP(IMID)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IFST), IX(IFST), IY(JFST), IY(JMID),
                      XCENE, YCENE, RAD1, ANG6, ANG5, YP(JFST)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(IFST), IX(IFST), IY(JMID), IY(JLST),
                      XCENE, YCENE, RAD1, ANG5, ANG4, YP(JMID)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(ILST), IX(ILST), IY(JFST), IY(JMID),
                     XCENE, YCENE, RAD1, ANG8, ANG1, YP(JFST)
      WRITE(LU, 104) IX(ILST), IX(ILST), IY(JMID), IY(JLST),
                     XCENE, YCENE, RAD1, ANG1, ANG2, YP(JMID)
C-pd---Shuffle lines--
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID), IX(IMID), IY(JBEF), IY(JFST),
                     XL(IMID),YL(JBEF),XL(IMID),YCENE-RAD1,YP(JBEF)
      WRITE(LU,102)IX(IMID),IX(IMID),IY(JFST),IY(JMID),
                     XL(IMID), YCENE-RAD1, XL(IMID), YCENE, YP(JFST)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID), IX(IMID), IY(JMID), IY(JLST),
                     XL(IMID), YCENE, XL(IMID), YCENE+RAD1, YP(JMID)
```

```
WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID), IX(IMID), IY(JLST), IY(JAFT),
                     XL(IMID),YCENE+RAD1,XL(IMID),YL(JAFT),YP(JLST)
     &
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IBEF), IX(IFST), IY(JMID), IY(JMID),
                     XL(IBEF),YL(JMID),XCENE-RAD1,YL(JMID),XP(IBEF)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IFST), IX(IMID), IY(JMID), IY(JMID),
                     XCENE-RAD1, YL(JMID), XCENE, YL(JMID), XP(IFST)
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(IMID), IX(ILST), IY(JMID), IY(JMID),
                     XCENE, YL(JMID), XCENE+RAD1, YL(JMID), XP(IMID)
     &
      WRITE(LU, 102) IX(ILST), IX(IAFT), IY(JMID), IY(JMID),
                     XCENE+RAD1, YL(JMID), XL(IAFT), YL(JMID), XP(ILST)
C
      CALL WRTFI(LU, IRX, IRY, IX, IY)
C
C-pd---Fix points around circle and certain ones inside----
      WRITE(LU,*)
      WRITE(LU, 105) IX(1), IX(IRX+1), IY(1), IY(JFST)
      WRITE(LU, 105) IX(1), IX(IFST), IY(JFST), IY(JLST)
      WRITE(LU, 105) IX(ILST), IX(IRX+1), IY(JFST), IY(JLST)
      WRITE(LU, 105) IX(1), IX(IRX+1), IY(JLST), IY(IRY+1)
C
      ISOL=4
      WRITE(LU,105)IX(IFST)+ISOL,IX(ILST)-ISOL,IY(JFST),IY(JLST)
      WRITE(LU, 105) IX(IFST), IX(ILST), IY(JFST)+ISOL, IY(JLST)-ISOL
C
 565 CONTINUE
C
      J1TMP=IY(JFST)
      J2TMP=IY(JLST)
      YDTMP=YL(IRY)
      YDTOP=YL(IRY+1)
C
  *************************
C-pd---This section is for the exit of the chimney.
                                                       Uniform spacing--
       in each direction is assumed.----
     t6
      IX(1)=1
      IX(2)=NX+1
C
      XL(1)=XL(1)
      XL(2)=XL(IRX+1)
C
      XP(1)=1.0
      IY(1)=1
      IY(2)=NY+1
C
      YL(1) = RG(510 + IG(537))
      YL(2) = RG(510 + IG(537) - 1)
C
      YP(1)=1.0
C
      LU = 71 + IG(60)
      CG(LU) = 'CS
      I10=LU/10
      I1=LU-I10*10
      WRITE(CG(LU)(3:3),'(I1)') I10
      WRITE(CG(LU)(4:4),'(I1)') I1
      OPEN(LU,FILE=CG(LU),FORM='FORMATTED',STATUS='UNKNOWN')
```

```
IRX=1
     IRY=1
     CALL WRTSQ(LU,NX,NY,IRX,IRY,IX,IY,XL,YL,XP,YP)
     CALL WRTFI(LU, IRX, IRY, IX, IY)
C
     IF(IG(1).EQ.0) THEN
       WRITE(6,*)' TOTAL NUMBER OF GRID INPUT FILES CREATED = ',LU-60
      WRITE(6,*)' AT THIS POINT USE GGP TO CREATE GRID PLANES'
      RETURN
     ENDIF
C
C-pd---Call ggp-
C
        INACTIVE
C
C
C*********************
C
     WRITE(6,*)' CREATING READCO FILE'
C-pd---Stack grids (NOTE: SFAC hardwired in - SATLIT call before----
     conversions set in Ol)-----
С
     SFAC=0.0254
     NI=25
     LMX = (NX+1) * (NY+1)
     CALL SETIV(NZC, IG, 510, 3, NI)
     ZL(1) = 0.0
     CALL SETRV(ZL,RG,510,1,NI)
     CALL SETRV(ZP,RG,540,2,NI)
     CALL SETIV(IZT, IG, 540, 3, NI)
     CALL SETIV(IZF1, IG, 570, 3, NI)
     CALL SETIV(IZF2, IG, 600, 3, NI)
C
     LUW1 = 88
     OPEN(LUW1,FILE='grid',FORM='FORMATTED',STATUS='UNKNOWN')
     WRITE(LUW1, 366) NX+1, NY+1, NZ+1
     DO 5005 I=1,IG(501)
     IF(IZT(I).EQ.1) THEN
      CALL XSTACK(CG(IZF1(I)),LMX,NCC(I),ZL(I),ZL(I+1),ZP(I),
                 XAS1, YAS1, ZASL, SFAC, LUW1)
     ELSEIF (IZT(I).EQ.2) THEN
      CALL XBLEND(CG(IZF1(I)),CG(IZF2(I)),LMX,NZC(I),ZL(I),ZL(I+1),
                 ZP(I), XAS, YAS, XAS1, YAS1, XAS2, YAS2, ZASL, SFAC, LUW1)
     ELSEIF (IZT(I).EQ.3) THEN
      ITRI=IG(90)
      ZPT=RG(90)
      NZC(I) = NZC(I) - ITRI
      CALL XCURVE(CG(IZF1(I)),LMX,NZC(I),ZL(I),ZL(I+1),ZP(I),YDTOP,
                 J1TMP,J2TMP,ITRI,ZPT,YAS,ZAS,XAS1,YAS1,SFAC,LUW1)
     ELSEIF (IZT(I).EQ.4) THEN
      ZCH=RG(91)
      IF/ITOP.GI.ZCH) WRITE(6,*)' ERROR: EXIT OF CHIMNEY LOWER THAN
    &TOP OF ROOF --> CHECK DATA '
```

```
CALL XLASTS(CG(IZF2(I)),LMX,NZC(I),ZCH,
                     XAS, ZAS, XAS1, ZAS1, XAS2, ZAS2, YAS, YAS1, SFAC, LUW1)
     &
      ELSE
        WRITE(6,*)' ERROR IN STACKING TYPE'
      ENDIF
 5005 CONTINUE
      CLOSE(LUW1,STATUS='KEEP')
C
      RETURN
C
  102 FORMAT('LI',4I3,F12.6,3F11.6,F7.2)
  103 FORMAT('FI',413)
  104 FORMAT('AR',413,F12.6,4F11.6,F7.2)
  105 FORMAT ('FXY'4I3)
  366 FORMAT(315)
C--- GROUP 6. Body-fitted coordinates or grid distortion
    6 CONTINUE
      RETURN
C--- GROUP 7. Variables stored, solved & named
    7 CONTINUE
      RETURN
C--- GROUP 8. Terms (in differential equations) & devices
    8 CONTINUE
      RETURN
C--- GROUP 9. Properties of the medium (or media)
    9 CONTINUE
C
      IF(IG(1).NE.3) RETURN
      WRITE(6,*)' CALCULATING BOUNDARY CONDITIONS'
C-pd---Ambient-----
      RGAS=RG(25)
      SC(1)=RG(1)/RG(21)
      SC(2)=RG(2)/RG(22)
      SC(3)=RG(3)/RG(23)
      SC(4)=RG(4)/RG(24)
      TEMP=RG(9)
      CALL ENTHAL (TEMP, HSUM, CPSUM, SC, 4, 0)
      RG(11)=CPSUM*RGAS*TEMP
C-pd---Engine-----
      SC(1)=RG(5)/RG(21)
      SC(2)=RG(6)/RG(22)
      SC(3)=RG(7)/RG(23)
      SC(4)=RG(8)/RG(24)
      TEMP=RG(10)
      CALL ENTHAL (TEMP, HSUM, CPSUM, SC, 4, 0)
      RG(12)=CPSUM*RGAS*TEMP
      RETURN
C--- GROUP 10. Inter-phase-transfer processes and properties
   10 CONTINUE
     RETURN
C--- GROUP 11. Initialization of variable or porosity fields
   11 CONTINUE
      RETURN
```

```
C--- GROUP 12. Convection and diffusion adjustments
   12 CONTINUE
     RETURN
2--- GROUP 13. Boundary conditions and special sources
   13 CONTINUE
     RETURN
C--- GROUP 14. Downstream pressure for PARAB=.TRUE.
   14 CONTINUE
     RETURN
C--- GROUP 15. Termination of sweeps
  15 CONTINUE
     RETURN
C--- GROUP 16. Termination of iterations
  16 CONTINUE
     RETURN
C--- GROUP 17. Under-relaxation devices
  17 CONTINUE
     RETURN
2--- GROUP 18. Limits on variables or increments to them
  18 CONTINUE
     RETURN
C--- GROUP 19. Data communicated by satellite to GROUND
  19 CONTINUE
     RETURN
C--- GROUP 20. Preliminary print-out
  20 CONTINUE
     RETURN
C--- GROUP 21. Print-out of variables
  21 CONTINUE
     RETURN
C--- GROUP 22. Spot-value print-out
  22 CONTINUE
     RETURN
C--- GROUP 23. Field print-out and plot control
  23 CONTINUE
     RETURN
C--- GROUP 24. Dumps for restarts
  24 CONTINUE
     WRITE(6,*)'
                                  OUT OF IT '
     RETURN
     END
SUBROUTINE GCALE (GFACT)
GCALE gets information needed to scale grid points.
```

```
INCLUDE 'satear'
     INCLUDE 'satloc'
     INCLUDE 'bfcsat'
C
     COMMON F(1)
C
     NI = NX + 1
     NJ = NY + 1
     NK = NZ + 1
     JNNN=NI*NJ*NK
     CALL SCALEW(F(KXC+1),F(KYC+1),F(KZC+1),GFACT,JNNN)
C
     RETURN
     END
C
  ************
C*
     SUBROUTINE SCALEW(X,Y,Z,F,N)
C****************
C
  GCALEW converts grid nodes to the proper units (m).
C-
C
     DIMENSION X(*), Y(*), Z(*)
C
     DO 1 I=1,N
     X(I)=X(I)*F
     Y(I)=Y(I)*F
   1 Z(I)=Z(I)*F
C
     RETURN
     END
C
C**********************************
     SUBROUTINE ENTHAL (TEMP. HSUM. CPSUM. SC. NS. NFO)
C***********************************
C
  ENTHAL calculates H/RT from JANNAF data.
                                          The order of
C
  species is N O C H.
C
C
     DIMENSION SC(4), ZS(7,2,4)
                              0.16022128E-02, -0.62936893E-06,
     DATA ZS/ 0.28532899E+01,
              0.11441022E-09, -0.78057465E-14, -0.89008093E+03,
    £.
              0.63964897E+01,
                              0.37044177E+01, -0.14218753E-02,
    &
              0.28670392E-05, -0.12028885E-08, -0.13954677E-13,
    &
             -0.10640795E+04,
                              0.22336285E+01,
    &
              0.36122139E+01,
                              0.74853166E-03, -0.19820647E-06,
    &
              0.33749008E-10, -0.23907374E-14, -0.11978151E+04,
    £
    &
              0.36703307E+01,
                              0.37837135E+01, -0.30233634E-02,
                                             0.33031825E-11,
    &
              0.99492751E-05, -0.98189101E-08,
             -0.10638107E+04,
                              0.36416345E+01,
              0.44608041E+01,
                              0.30981719E-02, -0.12392571E-05,
    æ
              0.22741325E-09, -0.15525954E-13, -0.48961442E+05,
    â
                              0.24007797E+01,
                                             0.87350957E-02,
             -0.98635982E+00,
    &
                                              0.63274039E-15,
    ۵
             -0.66070878E-05,
                              0.20021861E-08,
             -0.48377527E+05,
                              0.96951457E+01,
    â
              0.27167633E+01,
                              0.29451374E-02, -3.80224374E-06,
    ۵
              0.10226682E-09, -0.48472145E-14, -0.29905826E 05,
    &
                             0.40701275E+01, -0.11084499E-02,
    &
              0.66305671E+01,
    &
              0.41521180E-05, -0.29637404E-08,
                                              0.80702103E-12,
    ۶
             -0.30279722E+05, -0.32270046E+00 /
```

```
IF(TEMP.LT.1000.) K=2
    TEMP2=TEMP*TEMP
    HSUM=0.
    CPSUM=0.
    DO 100 IS=1,NS
    CP1=ZS(1,K,IS)
    CP2=ZS(2,K,IS)*TEMP
    CP3=ZS(3,K,IS)*TEMP2
    CP4=ZS(4,K,IS)*TEMP2*TEMP
    CP5=ZS(5,K,IS)*TEMP2*TEMP2
    CPSUM=CPSUM+SC(IS)*(CP1+CP2+CP3+CP4+CP5)
 100 HSUM =HSUM+
    1 SC(IS)*(CP1+.5*CP2+.33333*CP3+.25*CP4+.2*CP5+ZS(6,K,IS)/TEMP)
    RETURN
    END
C*****************
    SUBROUTINE SETIV(IA, IG, IFST, ITY, NI)
*************
  SETIV places integer values from the IG array into the
  proper local array.
    DIMENSION IA(*), IG(*)
    IF(ITY.EO.1) THEN
      DO 1 I=1,NI
      IA(I+1)=IG(IFST+I)+1
    ELSEIF (ITY.EQ.2) THEN
      DO 2 I=1,NI
      IA(I) = IG(IFST+I)+1
    ELSEIF (ITY.EQ.3) THEN
      DO 3 I=1,NI
      IA(I)=IG(IFST+I)
    ELSE
      WRITE(6,*)' ERROR SETIV --- INVALID TYPE'
    ENDIF
C
    RETURN
    END
C
SUBROUTINE SETRV(RA, RG, IFST, ITY, NI)
C**********************
  SETRV places real values from the RG array into the proper
  local array.
C
    DIMENSION RA(*), RG(*)
    IF(ITY.EQ.1) THEN
      DO 1 I=1,NI
      RA(I+1)=RG(IFST+I)
    ELSEIF (ITY.EQ.2) THEN
      DO 2 I=1,NI
      RA(I) = RG(IFST + I)
      WRITE(6,*)' ERROR SETRV --- INVALID TYPE '
    ENDIF
```

```
C
    RETURN
    END
C
SUBROUTINE WRTSQ(LU,NX,NY,IRX,IRY,IX,IY,XL,YL,XP,YP)
WRTSQ writes input grid file assuming all straight lines.
C
    DIMENSION IX(*),IY(*),XL(*),YL(*),XP(*),YP(*)
C
    WRITE(LU,100) NX+1
    WRITE(LU,101) NY+1
    DO 10 I=1, IRY+1
    WRITE(LU,*)
    DO 10 J=1,IRX
  10 WRITE(LU,102)
        IX(J), IX(J+1), IY(I), IY(I), XL(J), YL(I), XL(J+1), YL(I), XP(J)
    DO 20 I=1,IRX+1
    WRITE(LU,*)
    DO 20 J=1, IRY
  20 WRITE(LU,102)
        IX(I), IX(I), IY(J), IY(J+1), XL(I), YL(J), XL(I), YL(J+1), YP(J)
 100 FORMAT('IMAX', I3)
 101 FORMAT('JMAX',I3)
 102 FORMAT('LI',4I3,F12.6,3F11.6,F7.2)
    RETURN
    END
SUBROUTINE WRTFI(LU, IRX, IRY, IX, IY)
C************************
 WRTFI writes commands needed to fill subsections.
C
C-----
C
    DIMENSION IX(*), IY(*)
C
    DO 10 I=1, IRY
    WRITE(LU,*)
    DO 10 J=1, IRX
  10 WRITE(LU,103)IX(J),IX(J+1),IY(I),IY(I+1)
 103 FORMAT('FI',4I3)
C
    RETURN
    END
SUBROUTINE WRTFI2(LU, IRX, IRY, IX, IY, IF, JF)
WRTFI writes commands needed to fill subsections.
C
    DIMENSION IX(*), IY(*)
    DO 10 I=1, IRY
    WRITE(LU,*)
```

```
DO 10 J=1, IRX
     IF((I.EQ.JF.OR.I.EQ.JF+1).AND.(J.EQ.IF.OR.J.EQ.IF+1)) GOTO 10
     WRITE(LU,103)IX(J),IX(J+1),IY(I),IY(I+1)
  10 CONTINUE
C
  103 FORMAT('FI', 4I3)
     RETURN
     END
SUBROUTINE XSTACK(F1PRE,LMX,NZC,ZFST,ZLST,ZP,X1,Y1,ZL,CV,LUW1)
********************
 XSTACK repeats one computational grid file
C----
     CHARACTER*4 F1PRE, FEXT
     CHARACTER*8 F1NAME
     DIMENSION X1(*),Y1(*),ZL(*)
     FEXT='.GRD'
     FINAME=F1PRE//FEXT
     LUR1=80
     OPEN(LUR1, FILE=F1NAME, FORM='FORMATTED', STATUS='OLD')
C
     READ(LUR1, 366)LP1,MP1,NTP1
     READ(LUR1, 333)((X1(IJ), IJ=I, LMX, LP1), I=1, LP1)
     READ(LUR1, 333)((Y1(IJ), IJ=I, LMX, LP1), I=1, LP1)
     READ(LUR1, 333)((ZTEMP, IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
     CALL ZLSET(ZL,1,NZC+1,ZFST,ZLST,ZP)
C
     DO 10 K=1,NZC
     WRITE(LUW1,333)((X1(IJ)*CV,IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
     WRITE(LUW1, 333)((Y1(IJ)*CV, IJ=I, LMX, LP1), I=1, LP1)
     WRITE(LUW1,333)((ZL(K)*CV, IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
  10 CONTINUE
     CLOSE(LUR1,STATUS='KEEP')
C
     RETURN
  333 FORMAT(5(1P,E13.6))
  366 FORMAT(315)
     END
C**********************************
     SUBROUTINE XBLEND(F1PRE,F2PRE,LMX,NZC,ZFST,ZLST,ZP,X,Y,X1,Y1,
    &
                     X2,Y2,ZL,CV,LUW1)
_***********************
C XBLEND blends two computational grids files
     CHARACTER*4 F1PRE, F2PRE, FEXT
     CHARACTER*8 F1NAME, F2NAME
     DIMENSION X(2500), Y(2500), X1(2500), Y1(2500), X2(2500), Y2(2500),
              ZL(100)
C
     FEXT='.GRD'
     FINAME=FIPRE//FEXT
     F2NAME=F2PRE//FEXT
     LUR1 = 80
```

```
LUR2=81
     OPEN(LUR1, FILE=F1NAME, FORM='FORMATTED', STATUS='OLD')
     OPEN(LUR2, FILE=F2NAME, FORM='FORMATTED', STATUS='OLD')
C
     READ(LUR1, 366)LP1,MP1,NTP1
     READ(LUR1, 333)((X1(IJ), IJ=I, LMX, LP1), I=1, LP1)
     READ(LUR1, 333)((Y1(IJ), IJ=I, LMX, LP1), I=1, LP1)
     READ(LUR1,333)((ZTEMP, IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
     READ(LUR2, 366)LP1,MP1,NTP1
     READ(LUR2,333)((X2(IJ),IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
     READ(LUR2, 333)((Y2(IJ), IJ=I, LMX, LP1), I=1, LP1)
     READ(LUR2,333)((ZTEMP, IJ=I,LMX,LP1), I=1,LP1)
C
     CALL ZLSET(ZL,1,NZC+1,ZFST,ZLST,ZP)
C
     DO 20 K=1,NZC
     DO 21 I=1,LMX
     IF(NZC.EQ.1) THEN
       X(I)=X1(I)
       Y(I)=Yl(I)
     ELSE
       X(I)=X1(I)*FLOAT(NZC-K+1)/FLOAT(NZC)+
    &
           X2(I)*FLOAT(K-1)/FLOAT(NZC)
       Y(I)=Y1(I)*FLOAT(NZC-K+1)/FLOAT(NZC)+
           Y2(I)*FLOAT(K-1)/FLOAT(NZC)
     ENDIF
  21 CONTINUE
     WRITE(LUW1, 333)((X(IJ)*CV, IJ=I, LMX, LP1), I=1, LP1)
     WRITE(LUW1,333)((Y(IJ)*CV,IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I≈1,LP1)
     WRITE(LUW1, 333)((ZL(K)*CV, IJ=I, LMX, LP1), I=1, LP1)
  20 CONTINUE
     CLOSE(LUR1,STATUS='KEEP')
     CLOSE(LUR2,STATUS='KEEP')
C
     RETURN
  333 FORMAT(5(1P,E13.6))
  366 FORMAT(315)
     END
C*****************************
     SUBROUTINE XCURVE(F1PRE,LMX,NZC,ZFST,ZLST,ZP,CENC,NY2,NY3,ITRI,
                     ZPT,Y,Z,X1,Y1,CV,LUW1)
C*****************************
  XCURVE creates the grid in the augmenter tube bend section
C
C
     CHARACTER*4 F1PRE, FEXT
     CHARACTER*8 F1NAME
     .DIMENSION Y(*), Z(*), X1(*), Y1(*)
C
     FEXT='.GRD'
     FINAME=FIPRE//FEXT
     LUR1=80
C-pd---NZC number of cells in bend (WARNING: Must be even)-----
      NY1 lower Y line-----
C---
      NY2 lower Y circle line-----
C---
      NY3 upper Y circle line-----
C---
      NY5 upper Y line-----
C---
C
     OPEN(LUR1, FILE=F1NAME, FORM='FORMATTED', STATUS='OLD')
```

```
READ(LUR1, 366)LP1,MP1,NTP1
      READ(LUR1, 333)((X1(IJ), IJ=I, LMX, LP1), I=1, LP1)
      READ(LUR1, 333)((Y1(IJ), IJ=I, LMX, LP1), I=1, LP1)
      READ(LUR1, 333)((ZTEMP , IJ=I, LMX, LP1), I=1, LP1)
C
      NY1=1
      NY5=MP-1
C-pd---Do Boundary-----
      WRITE(LUW1, 333)((X1(IJ)*CV, IJ=I, LMX, LP1), I=1, LP1)
      WRITE(LUW1, 333)((Y1(IJ)*CV, IJ=I, LMX, LP1), I=1, LP1)
      WRITE(LUW1,333)((ZFST*CV, IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
:-pd---Do Straight section of pipe---
      DO 100 IP=1,ITRI
      DELZ=ZPT*FLOAT(IP)/ITRI
      DO 105 J=1,MP1-1
      DO 105 I=1,LP1
      LOC=(J-1)*LP1+I
  105 Y(LOC) = Y1(LOC)
      DO 110 I=1,LP1
      LOC = (MP1-1) \times LP1 + I
  110 Y(LOC)=Y1(LOC)+0.001*FLOAT(IP)
      DO 115 J=1,NY3
      DO 115 I=1,LP1
      LOC=(J-1)*LP1+I
  115 Z(LOC)=ZFST+DELZ
      YFST=Y1(NY3*LP1)
      YLST=Y1(MP1*LP1)
      DO 120 J=NY3+1,MP1
      DO 120 I=1,LP1
      LOC=(J-1)*LP1+I
      YLOC=Y1(J*LP1)
      YFCT=1.0-(YLOC-YFST)/(YLST-YFST)
  120 Z(LOC)=ZFST+DELZ*YFCT
      WRITE(LUW1, 333)((X1(IJ)*CV, IJ=I, LMX, LP1), I=1, LP1)
      WRITE(LUW1,333)((Y(IJ)*CV, IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
      WRITE(LUW1,333)((Z(IJ)*CV, IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
  100 CONTINUE
C-pd---Do curve section-----
      ZFST=ZFST+ZPT
      ZLEN=ZLST-ZFST
      DO 400 IP=1,NZC
      ANG=90.0/FLOAT(NZC)*FLOAT(IP)
      PI=3.141592654
     RAD=ANG/360.*2.*PI
     YFAC=COS(RAD)
C-pd---Lower Y row--
     DO 205 I=1,LP1
     IF(IP.LE.NZC/2) THEN
        Y(I) = 0.0
        Y(I)=FLOAT(IP-(NZC/2))/FLOAT(NZC/2)*CENC
```

```
ENDIF
 205 CONTINUE
C-pd---Lower Y circle row-----
     IAD=(NY2-1)*LP1
     DO 210 I=1,LP1
     Y(IAD+I)=YI(IAD+I)+(1.0-YFAC)*(CENC-YI(IAD+I))
  210 CONTINUE
C-pd---Upper Y circle row-----
     IAD=(NY3-1)*LP1
     DO 215 I=1,LP1
     Y(IAD+I)=Y1(IAD+I)+(1.0-YFAC)*(CENC-Y1(IAD+I))
  215 CONTINUE
C
IAD=(MP1-1)*LP1
     XFUG=((FLOAT(IP)/FLOAT(NZC))*0.01)+(0.001*FLOAT(ITRI))
     DO 220 I=1,LP1
C-pd---add fact to give a north cell area------
     Y(IAD+I)=Y1(IAD+I)+XFUG
 220 CONTINUE
C
C-pd---Fill first section-------
     DO 250 J=2,NY2-1
     DO 250 I=1,LP1
     LOC=(J-1)*LP1+I
     IAD1=0
     IAD2=(NY2-1)*LP1
     Y(LOC)=Y(IAD1+I)+((Y1(LOC)-Y1(IAD1+I))/
            (Y1(IAD2+I)-Y1(IAD1+I))*(Y(IAD2+I)-Y(IAD1+I)))
 250 CONTINUE
C
C-pd---Fill circle section-----
     DO 260 J=NY2+1,NY3-1
     DO 260 I=1,LP1
     LOC=(J-1)*LP1+I
     IAD1 = (NY2-1) \times LP1
     IAD2=(NY3-1)*LP1
     Y(LOC)=Y(IAD1+I)+((Y1(LOC)-Y1(IAD1+I))/
            (Y1(IAD2+I)-Y1(IAD1+I))*(Y(IAD2+I)-Y(IAD1+I)))
 260 CONTINUE
C-pd---Fill top section----
     DO 270 J=NY3+1,MP1-1
     DO 270 I=1,LP1
     LOC=(J-1)*LP1+I
     IAD1 = (NY3 - 1) * LP1
     IAD2 = (MP1-1) * LP1
     Y(LOC) = Y(IAD1+I) + ((Y1(LOC) - Y1(IAD1+I))/
            (Y1(IAD2+I)-Y1(IAD1+I))*(Y(IAD2+I)-Y(IAD1+I)))
 270 CONTINUE
C
     ZD4 = 0.0
C-pd---Lower Z row-----
     ZFAC=SIN(RAD)
     DO 305 I=1,LP1
     IF(IP.LE.NZC/2) THEN
```

```
Z(I)=FLOAT(IP)/FLOAT(NZC/2)*ZLEN+ZFST
     ELSE
      Z(I) = ZLEN + ZFST
     ENDIF
 305 CONTINUE
IAD=(NY2-1)*LP1
     DO 310 I=1,LP1
     Z(IAD+I)=SIN(RAD)*(CENC-Y1(IAD+I))+ZFST
 310 CONTINUE
C
IAD=(NY3-1)*LP1
     DO 315 I=1,LP1
     Z(IAD+I)=SIN(RAD)*(CENC-Y1(IAD+I))+ZFST
 315 CONTINUE
C-pd---Upper Z row------
     IAD=(MP1-1)*LP1
     DO 320 I=1,LP1
     Z(IAD+I)=ZD4+ZFST-ZPT
 320 CONTINUE
C-pd---Fill first section-----
     DO 350 J=2,NY2-1
     DO 350 I=1,LP1
     LOC=(J-1)*LP1+I
     IAD1=0
     IAD2=(NY2-1,*LP1
     Z(LOC)=Z(IAD1+I)-((Y1(LOC)-Y1(IAD1+I))/
           (Y1(IAD2+I)-Y1(IAD1+I))*(Z(IAD1+I)-Z(IAD2+I)))
 350 CONTINUE
C-pd---Fill circle section-----
    DO 360 J=NY2+1,NY3-1
    DO 360 I=1,LP1
     LOC=(J-1)*LP1+I
    IAD1 = (NY2-1) * LP1
     IAD2=(NY3-1)*LP1
    Z(LOC) = Z(IAD1+I) - ((Y1(LOC)-Y1(IAD1+I))/
           (Y1(IAD2+I)-Y1(IAD1+I))*(Z(IAD1+I)-Z(IAD2+I)))
 360 CONTINUE
C-pd---Fill top section------
    DO 370 J=NY3+1,MP1-1
    DO 370 I=1,LP1
    LOC=(J-1)*LP1+I
    IAD1 = (NY3-1) \times LP1
    IAD2 = (MP1-1) * LP1
    Z(LOC) = Z(IAD1+I) - ((Y1(LOC)-Y1(IAD1+I))/
           (Y1(IAD2+I)-Y1(IAD1+I))*(Z(IAD1+I)-Z(IAD2+I)))
 370 CONTINUE
C-pd---Write data------
    WRITE(LUW1, 333)((X1(IJ)*CV, IJ=I, LMX, LP1), I=1, LP1)
    WRITE(LUW1,333)((Y(IJ)*CV, IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
    WRITE(LUW1,333)((Z(IJ)*CV, IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
 400 CONTINUE
```

```
CLOSE(LUR1,STATUS='KEEP')
C
     RETURN
C
  333 FORMAT(5(1P,E13.6))
  366 FORMAT(315)
C
     END
***********************************
     SUBROUTINE XLASTS(F1PRE,LMX,NZC,YC,
                 X,Z1,X1,Z,X2,Z2,Y1,Y,CV,LUW1)
XLASTS creates the grid in the last section
C
     CHARACTER*4 F1PRE, F2PRE, FEXT
     CHARACTER*8 FINAME
     DIMENSION X(*),Z(*),X1(*),Z1(*),X2(*),Z2(*),Y1(*),Y(*)
C
     FEXT='.GRD'
     FlNAME=FlPRE//FEXT
     LUR1 = 80
C-pd---Do last section (blend)-----
     OPEN(LUR1,FILE=F1NAME,FORM='FORMATTED',STATUS='OLD')
     READ(LUR1, 366)LP1,MP1,NTP1
     READ(LUR1,333)((X2(IJ),IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
     READ(LUR1,333)((Z2(IJ),IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
     READ(LUR1,333)((ZTEMP ,IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
     DO 440 K=2, NZC+1
     DO 441 I=1,LMX
     IF(NZC.EQ.1) THEN
       X(I) = Xl(I)
       Z(I)=Zl(I)
     ELSE
       X(I)=X1(I)*FLOAT(NZC-K+1)/FLOAT(NZC)+
           X2(I)*FLOAT(K-1)/FLOAT(NZC)
       Y(I)=Y1(I)*FLOAT(NZC-K+1)/FLOAT(NZC)+
           YC*FLOAT(K-1)/FLOAT(NZC)
       Z(I)=Z1(I)*FLOAT(NZC-K+1)/FLOAT(NZC)+
    &
           Z2(I)*FLOAT(K-1)/FLOAT(NZC)
     ENDIF
 441 CONTINUE
     WRITE(LUW1, 333)((X(IJ)*CV, IJ=I, LMX, LP1), I=1, LP1)
     WRITE(LUW1,333)((Y(IJ)*CV,IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
     WRITE(LUW1,333)((Z(IJ)*CV,IJ=I,LMX,LP1),I=1,LP1)
 440 CONTINUE
     CLOSE(LUR1,STATUS='KEEP')
     RETURN
 333 FORMAT(5(1P,E13.6))
 366 FORMAT(315)
SUBROUTINE ZLSET(ZBND, INDEX1, INDEXL, Z1, ZL, PWR)
   **********************
 (C) COPYRIGHT 1991 DOC D of North America, Inc. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED
```

```
Read input parameters to distribute a number of points along a
 line segment.
Syntax is : LINE K1 KL Z1 ZL ÄPWRÅ
   DIMENSION ZBND(*)
   IF(PWR.GT.0) THEN
     K1=INDEX1
     KL=INDEXL
     INC=1
     DELZ = ZL-Z1
     ZF = Z1
   ELSE
     K1=INDEXL
     KL=INDEX1
     INC=-1
     DELZ = Z1-ZL
     ZF = ZL
     PWR=ABS (PWR)
   DO 10 I = K1, KL, INC
   RAT = (FLOAT(I-K1)/FLOAT(KL-K1))**PWR
   ZBND(I) = ZF + DELZ*RAT
10 CONTINUE
   RETURN
   END
```

APPENDIX D

```
-----22 April 87
J FILE NAME GROUND.FTN-----
C THIS IS THE MAIN PROGRAM OF EARTH
    (C) COPYRIGHT 1984, LAST REVISION 1987.
C
    CONCENTRATION HEAT AND MOMENTUM LTD. ALL RIGHTS RESERVED.
    This subroutine and the remainder of the PHOENICS code are
C
    proprietary software owned by Concentration Heat and Momentum
    Limited, 40 High Street, Wimbledon, London SW19 5AU, England.
C
C
      PROGRAM MAIN
      The following two COMMON's, which appear identically in the
      satellite MAIN program, allow up to 80 dependent variables to
2022022
      be solved for (or their storage spaces to be occupied by
      other variables, such as density). If a larger number is
      required increase the parameter nvd. Less than 50 for nvd is not
      permitted.
      If more patches are required increase npatd.
C
      If a larger F-array is needed increase nfd.
C
      PARAMETER (NVD=80, NFD=18000000, NPATD=1000)
      COMMON/LGE4/L4(NVD)
     1/LDB1/L5(NVD)/IDA1/I1(NVD)/IDA2/I2(NVD)/IDA3/I3(NVD)/IDA4/I4(NVD)
     1/IDA5/I5(NVD)/IDA6/I6(NVD)/GI1/I7(NVD)/GI2/I8(NVD)/HDA1/IH1(NVD)
     1/GH1/IH2(NVD)/RDA1/R1(NVD)/RDA2/R2(NVD)/RDA3/R3(NVD)/RDA4/R4(NVD)
     1/RDA5/R5(NVD)/RDA6/R6(NVD)/RDA7/R7(NVD)/RDA8/R8(NVD)/RDA9/R9(NVD)
     1/RDA10/R10(NVD)/RDA11/R11(NVD)
     1/GR1/R12(NVD)/GR2/R13(NVD)/GR3/R14(NVD)/GR4/R15(NVD)
     1/IPIP1/IP1(NVD)/HPIP2/IHP2(NVD)/RPIP1/RVAL(NVD)/LPIP1/LVAL(NVD)
     1/IFPL/IPL0(NVD)/RFPL1/ORPRIN(NVD)/RFPL2/ORMAX(NVD)
     1/RFPL3/ORMIN(NVD)
      LOGICAL L1, L2, L3, L4, L5, DBGFIL, LVAL
      CHARACTER*4 IH1, IH2, IHP2, NSDA
      COMMON/F01/I9(4*NVD)
      COMMON/DISC/DBGFIL
      COMMON/LUNITS/LUNIT(60)
      EXTERNAL WAYOUT
     Set dimensions of data-for-GROUND arrays here. WARNING: the
      corresponding arrays in the MAIN program of the satellite
      (see SATLIT) must have the same dimensions.
      COMMON/LGRND/LG(1000)/IGRND/IG(1000)/RGRND/RG(10000)
      COMMON/CGRND/CG(1000)
     LOGICAL LG
     CHARACTER*4 CG
     Set dimensions of data-for-GREX2 arrays here. WARNING: the
С
     corresponding arrays in the MAIN program of the satellite
      (see SATLIT) must have the same dimensions.
     COMMON/LSG/LSGD(20)/ISG/ISGD(20)/RSG/RSGD(100)/CSG/CSGD(10)
     LOGICAL LSGD
     CHARACTER*4 CSGD
C 4
     Set dimension of patch-name array here. WARNING: the array
     NAMPAT in the MAIN program of the satellite must have the
```

```
dimension.
     COMMON/NPAT/NAMPAT(NPATD)
     CHARACTER*8 NAMPAT
     CONFIG FILE name declaration.
     COMMON/CNFG/CNFIG
     CHARACTER CNFIG*48
     The numbers in the next two statements (which must be ident-
      ical) indicate how much computer memory is to be set aside
     for storing the main and auxiliary variables. The user may
     alter them if he wishes, to accord with the number of
     grid nodes and dependent variables he is concerned with.
      COMMON F(NFD)
     NFDIM=NFD
2
2 6
     Logical-unit numbers and file names, not to be changed.
     CALL CNFGZZ(2)
     CALL EARSET(1)
     CALL OPENFL(6)
     User may here change message transmitted to logical unit
     LUPR3
     CALL WRIT40('Ground-Station is ground.f, 09/25/87.
     CALL MAIN1 (NFDIM)
     CALL WAYOUT(0)
     STOP
     END
<u>_</u>**********************
     SUBROUTINE GROSTA
C
     INCLUDE 'satear'
     INCLUDE 'grdloc'
     INCLUDE 'grdear'
C.... This subroutine directs control to the GROUNDs selected by
     the satellite settings of USEGRX, NAMGRD & USEGRD.
           Subroutine GREX2 contains options for fluid properties,
     turbulence models, wall functions, chemical reaction etc. It
     was introduced in version 1.4 of PHOENICS.
         IF(USEGRX) CALL GREX2
C.... BTSTGR contains the sequences used in conjunction with
C
     the BFC test battery.
         IF(NAMGRD.EQ.'BTST') CALL BTSTGR
C
C.... TESTGR contains test battery sequences used in conjunction
     with the test-battery SATLIT subroutine, TESTST.
         IF(NAMGRD.EQ.'TEST') CALL TESTGR
 ... SPECGR is a generic "special" GROUND the name of which can
     be used by anyone for their own purposes. SPC1GR, SPC2GR and
     SPC3GR permit the user to attach his own library of special
     GROUNDs selected according to the prescription of NAMGRD.
         IF(NAMGRD.EQ.'SPEC') CALL SPECGR
```

```
C.... The subroutine GROUND attached to the bottom of this file is
     an unallocated blank form into which the user can insert his
     own FORTRAN sequences. The PIL parameter USEGRD governs entry
C
     in to it.
C
         IF(USEGRD) CALL GROUND
C.... The data echo is called at the preliminary print-out stage.
         IF(IGR.NE.20) RETURN
         IF(.NOT.ECHO) GO TO 20
     CALL DATPRN(Y,Y,Y,Y, Y,Y,Y,Y,
                                   Y,Y,Y,N,
                                            Y,Y,Y,Y
                 Y,Y,Y,Y,
                         Y,Y,Y,Y
     RETURN
   RETURN
     END
     SUBROUTINE SPECGR
     CALL WRIT40 ('DUMMY SUBROUTINE SPECGR CALLED.
     CALL WRIT40('PLEASE ATTACH SPECGR OBJECT AT LINK.
     CALL WAYOUT(2)
     RETURN
     END
     SUBROUTINE QUIZ
     RETURN
SUBROUTINE GROUND
C
     INCLUDE 'satear'
     INCLUDE 'grdloc'
     INCLUDE 'grdear'
Set dimensions of data-for-GROUND arrays here. WARNING: the
C
     corresponding arrays in the MAIN program of the satellite
     and EARTH must have the same dimensions.
     COMMON/LGRND/LG(1000)/IGRND/IG(1000)/RGRND/RG(10000)
     COMMON/CGRND/CG(1000)
     COMMON/GR3/RESD(1)
     LOGICAL LG, DONE
     CHARACTER*4 CG, ADIR*1, ANUX*1
     DATA DONE /.FALSE./
     INTEGER TEMP, CP, PH2O, TFAR, RHOE, SPAR
C 2
     User dimensions own arrays here, for example:
     DIMENSION UUH(10,10), UUC(10,10), UUX(10,10), UUZ(10)
     PARAMETER (JNX=45,JNY=40,JNXY=JNX*JNY)
     PARAMETER (NDATA=15,NCURVES=5)
     DIMENSION GAH(JNY,JNX),GP1(JNY,JNX),GH1(JNY,JNX),GC1(JNY,JNX),
              GC2(JNY,JNX),GC3(JNY,JNX),GRH(JNY,JNX),GTMP(JNY,JNX),
              GVPR(JNY,JNX),GCP(JNY,JNX),PHI(JNY,JNX),Al(JNXY),
    ٤
              A2(JNXY), A3(JNXY), A4(JNXY), A5(JNXY), A6(JNXY),
    &
              EFX(JNXY), EFY(JNXY), FMAG(JNXY), RP(JNXY',
              CTDATA (NDATA, NCURVES)
     DIMENSION SC(4)
     User places his data statements here, for example:
     DATA NXDIM, NYDIM/10,10/
     DATA CTDATA /0.10,0.15,0.20,0.25 ,0.30,0.35,0.40,0.45,0.50 ,0.55,
    ٤
                 0.60,0.65,0.70,0.75,0.0,
```

```
0.00,0.00,1.60,1.375,1.22,1.08,0.96,0.86,0.775,0.70,
     &
                                  5*0.00,
     &
                   0.00, 1.68, 1.42, 1.22, 1.08, 0.95, 0.86, 0.775, 0.71, 0.64,
     8
                   0.58,0.52,0.46,0.43 ,0.00,
     &
                                 15*0.00,
     &
                                 15*0.00/
     &
      EQUIVALENCE (TEMP,C4),(CP,C5),(PH2O,C8),(TFAR,C9),(RHOE,C10),
                  (SPAR,C11)
000000000
      Insert own coding below as desired, guided by GREX2 examples.
      Note that the satellite-to-GREX2 special data in the labelled
      COMMONS /RSG/, /ISG/, /LSG/ and /CSG/ (which are now automatically
      included in grdloc) can be used but the user must check GREX2 for
      any conflicting uses. The same comment applies to the EARTH-spare
      working arrays EASP1, EASP2,....EASP10. If the call to GREX2 has
      been deactivated then they can all be used without reservation.
      IXL=IABS(IXL)
          IF(IGR.EQ.13) GO TO 13
          IF(IGR.EQ.19) GO TO 19
      GO TO (1,2,3,4,5,6,24,8,9,10,11,12,13,14,24,24,24,24,19,20,24,
     124,23,24),IGR
C*******************
C--- GROUP 1. Run title and other preliminaries
    1 GO TO (1001,1002),ISC
 1001 CONTINUE
      NSC=4
      NFO=0
      TNY=1.E-15
      RGAS=RG(25)
      JSWPRN=TSTSWP
      PTRAP=RG(29)
C
      PI=3.141592653
      RPM=RG(830)
      SHP=RG(831)
      DIAFT=RG(52)/12.
      RHOAMB=RG(701)
      PCTK=RG(832)
      XOPROP=RG(43)*RG(31)
      YOPROP=RG(44)*RG(31)
      CALL WRIT2R(' XOPROP ', XOPROP, ', YOPROP ', YOPROP)
C
      JCURVE=IG(875) + 1
      NRAMP=MAXO(IG(876),1)
C
      JNXNY=NX*NY
      JNXYZ=NX*NY*NZ
      RETURN
 1002 CONTINUE
      WRITE(6,175) JNXYZ
C
C
  ... CONVERT TO MKS UNITS ....
      CALL WRITBL
                                     SHP ',SHP,',Dia,Ft.',DIAFT,
      CALL WRIT4R('
                            ',RPM,',
                     RPM
                            ',PCTK)
                    , % Ke
     &
```

```
RPS=RPM/60.
      DIAM=DIAFT*.3048
      POWER=SHP*745.7
      XCP=POWER/(RHOAMB*RPS**3*DIAM**5)
      DBAR=0.75*DIAM
                       RPS
      CALL WRIT4R('
                              ',RPS,', POWER ',POWER,',Dia,M. ',DIAM,
                              ',XCP)
                        Ср
      IF(XCP.LT.0.1 .OR. XCP.GT.0.8)
     & CALL WRIT40(' ... BIZARRE CP VALUE ....
                                                                     ′)
 ... INTERPOLATE TO GET Ct/Cp Vs. Cp ....
      XX=XCP
      DO 10020 II=2, NDATA
10020 IF(XX.LT.CTDATA(II,1)) GO TO 10025
      CALL WRIT40 ('ERROR IN INTERPOLATION FOR Ct/Cp Vs. Cp.')
      CALL WAYOUT(1)
10025 CONTINUE
      IO=II-1
      X0=CTDATA(I0
      XP=CTDATA(I0+1,1)
      IF((XX-X0)/(XP-X0).GT.0.5) I0=I0+1
      X0=CTDATA(I0
      XM=CTDATA(I0-1,1)
      XP=CTDATA(I0+1,1)
                     ,JCURVE)
      Y0=CTDATA(I0
      YM=CTDATA(IO-1, JCURVE)
      YP=CTDATA(I0+1, JCURVE)
      DX = (XP - XM)/2.
      YPO = (YP - YM) / (XP - XM)
      YPPO=(YM-2.*YO+YP)/DX**2
      DX = XX - X0
      TERM1=YP0*DX
      TERM2=0.5*YPP0*DX**2
      YX1=Y0 + TERM1
      YX2=YX1 + TERM2
      CTBCP=YX2
      CALL WRITBL
      CALL WRIT40('Y = Ct/Cp IN THE FOLLOWING ....
      CALL WRIT3R(' Cp,- ',XM,', Cp,0 ',X0,', Cp,+ ',XP)
CALL WRIT3R(' Ct/Cp,-',YM,',Ct/Cp,0',Y0,',Ct/Cp,+',YP)
                       TERM1 ', TERM1,', TERM2 ', TERM2, Y'',0', YPO,', Y''',0', YPPO)
      CALL WRIT4R('
      CALL WRIT4R(
                              ',XX,',Y,O(1) ',YX1,',Y,O(2) ',YX2,
                        Ср
                             ',CTBCP)
                     ,Ct/Cp
      THRUST=CTBCP*POWER/(RPS*DIAM)
      APROP=PI*DIAM**2/4.
      WPROP=SQRT(THRUST/(2.*RHOAMB*APROP))
      UPROP=POWER/(RHOAMB*APROP*WPROP*PI*RPS*DBAR)
      POWERW=THRUST*WPROP
      POWERK=PCTK/100.*POWER
      POWERU=POWER-POWERW-POWERK
      CALL WRITAR(' THRUST ', THRUST,', Area ', APROP,
                    ',W,prop ',WPROP ,',U,prop ',UPROP)
' Power ',POWER ,',Power,w',POWERW,
      CALL WRIT4R('
                    ',Power,u',POWERU,',Power,k',POWERK)
     WPROP2=WPROP**2
      TBA=THRUST/APROP
```

```
PUBA=POWERU/APROP
    PKBA=POWERK/APROP
    A2PI=2.*PI
    OMEGA=RPS*A2PI
C
    IF(JNY.GE.NY.AND.JNXY.GE.JNXNY) RETURN
                NX ',NX,', NY ',NY,', NXNY ',JNY)
JNX ',JNX,', JNY ',JNY,', NYC',JNY)
    CALL WRIT3I('
                NX
    CALL WRIT3I('
    WRITE(6,179)
    STOP
 175 FORMAT(/,1X,'TOTAL # CELLS :',16)
 179 FORMAT(1X, 'INCREASE JNX AND/OR JNY !!!!!',/,
   & 1X, 'THE SHIT WOULD HAVE HIT THE FAN ..... STOPPING.')
C--- GROUP 2. Transience; time-step specification
   2 CONTINUE
    RETURN
C--- GROUP 3. X-direction grid specification
   3 CONTINUE
    RETURN
C
C--- GROUP 4. Y-direction grid specification
   4 CONTINUE
    RETURN
C********
C--- GROUP 5. Z-direction grid specification
   5 CONTINUE
    RETURN
C****************
C--- GROUP 6. Body-fitted coordinates or grid distortion
C
   6 CONTINUE
    RETURN
* Make changes for this group only in group 19.
C--- GROUP 7. Variables stored, solved & named
C*****************
C--- GROUP 8. Terms (in differential equations) & devices
   8 GO TO (81,82,83,84,85,86,87,88,89,810,811,812,813,814,815)
   1,ISC
  81 CONTINUE
C
   ----- SECTION
                          1 -----
   For UIAD.LE.GRND--- phase 1 additional velocity (VELAD).
    RETURN
  82 CONTINUE
             ----- SECTION
                          2 -----
   For U2AD.LE.GRND--- phase 2 additional velocity (VELAD).
    RETURN
```

```
83 CONTINUE
   * ----- SECTION 3 ------
   For VlAD.LE.GRND--- phase 1 additional velocity (VELAD).
    RETURN
  84 CONTINUE
   * ----- SECTION 4 -----
   For V2AD.LE.GRND--- phase 2 additional velocity (VELAD).
    RETURN
  85 CONTINUE
   For WlAD.LE.GRND--- phase 1 additional velocity (VELAD).
    RETURN
  86 CONTINUE
   * ----- SECTION 6 -----
   For W2AD.LE.GRND--- phase 2 additional velocity (VELAD).
    RETURN
  87 CONTINUE
           ----- SECTION 7 ---- VOLUMETRIC SOURCE FOR GALA
    RETURN
  88 CONTINUE
           ----- SECTION 8 --- CONVECTION FLUXES
    RETURN
  89 CONTINUE
   * ----- SECTION 9 --- DIFFUSION COEFFICIENTS
    RETURN
 810 CONTINUE
   * ----- SECTION 10 --- CONVECTION NEIGHBOURS
    RETURN
 811 CONTINUE
  * ----- SECTION 11 --- DIFFUSION NEIGHBOURS
    RETURN
 812 CONTINUE
   * ----- SECTION 12 --- LINEARISED SOURCES
    RETURN
 813 CONTINUE
  * ----- SECTION 13 --- CORRECTION COEFFICIENTS
    RETURN
 814 CONTINUE
   * ----- SECTION 14 --- USER'S SOLVER
    RETURN
 815 CONTINUE
             ----- SECTION 15 --- CHANGE SOLUTION
    RETURN
   * Make all other group-8 changes in group 19.
--- GROUP 9. Properties of the medium (or media)
  The sections in this group are arranged sequentially in their
C
  order of calling from EARTH. Thus, as can be seen from below,
  the temperature sections (10 and 11) precede the density
  sections (1 and 3); so, density formulae can refer to
   temperature stores already set.
   9 GO TO (91,92,93,94,95,96,97,98,99,900,901,902,903),ISC
900 CONTINUE
   * ----------- SECTION 10 ------------------
   For TMP1.LE.GRND----- phase-1 temperature Index AUX/TEMP1
    RETURN
 901 CONTINUE
```

```
----- SECTION 11 -----
     For TMP2.LE.GRND----- phase-2 temperature Index AUX(TEMP2)
      RETURN
   902 CONTINUE
     * ----- SECTION 12 -----
 C
     For EL1.LE.GRND----- phase-1 length scale Index AUX(LEN1)
      RETURN
   903 CONTINUE
     * ----- SECTION 13 ----
C
     For EL2.LE.GRND----- phase-2 length scale Index AUX(LEN2)
      RETURN
   91 CONTINUE
C
    * ----- SECTION 1 -----
C
     For RHO1.LE.GRND--- density for phase 1 Index AUX(DEN1).
      CALL GETYX (P1,GP1,JNY,JNX)
      CALL GETYX (H1,GH1,JNY,JNX)
      CALL GETYX (C1,GC1,JNY,JNX)
      CALL GETYX (TEMP, GTMP, JNY, JNX)
      CALL GETYX (INAME ('VPOR'), GVPR, JNY, JNX)
      DO 9101 IX=1,NX
      DO 9101 IY=1,NY
      IF (GVPR(IY,IX).LE.1.E-4) THEN
        GC3(IY,IX)=0.0
        GTMP(IY,IX) = 300.
        PHI(IY,IX)=0.0
        GRH(IY,IX)=1.
        GCP(IY,IX)=1000.
        GOTO 9101
      ENDIF
C-pd---Calculate mass fractions-----
      GC3(IY,IX)=1.0-GC1(IY,IX)
      SC(1) = (GC3(IY,IX)*RG(1)+GC1(IY,IX)*RG(5))/RG(21)
      SC(2) = (GC3(IY,IX)*RG(2)+GC1(IY,IX)*RG(6))/RG(22)
      SC(3) = (GC3(IY,IX)*RG(3)+GC1(IY,IX)*RG(7))/RG(23)
     SC(4) = (GC3(IY,IX)*RG(4)+GC1(IY,IX)*RG(8))/RG(24)
      SC(1) = AMAX1(1.E-10,SC(1))
      SC(2) = AMAX1(1.E-10,SC(2))
     SC(3) = AMAX1(1.E-10,SC(3))
     SC(4)=AMAX1(1.E-10,SC(4))
     TGUS=GTMP(IY,IX)
     HSTAT=GH1(IY,IX)
     CALL TEMPER(HSTAT, TGUS, TCELL, CPDR, RGAS, SC, NSC, NFO)
C
     TCELL=AMAX1 (VARMIN(TEMP), TCELL)
     TCELL=AMIN1(VARMAX(TEMP),TCELL)
C
     GP=PRESSO+GP1(IY,IX)
     PHI(IY,IX)=1.0/(GP+TNY)
     XMWA=1.0/(SC(1)+SC(2)+SC(3)+SC(4))
     GRH(IY,IX)=GP*XMWA/(RGAS*TCELL+TNY)
     GTMP(IY, IX)=TCELL
     GCP(IY,IX)=CPDR*RGAS
 9101 CONTINUE
     CALL SETYX(AUX(DEN1), GRH, JNY, JNX)
     CALL SETYX(C3,GC3,JNY,JNX)
     CALL SETYX (TEMP, GTMP, JNY, JNX)
     CALL SETYX(CP,GCP,JNY,JNM,
C
```

```
RETURN
  92 CONTINUE
   * ----- SECTION 2 -----
   For DRH1DP.LE.GRND--- D(LN(DEN))/DP for phase 1 (D1DP).
    CALL SETYX(DlDP,PHI,JNY,JNX)
    RETURN
  93 CONTINUE
  * ----- SECTION 3 -----
C
   For RHO2.LE.GRND--- density for phase 2 Index AUX(DEN2).
   RETURN
  94 CONTINUE
  * ----- SECTION 4 -----
C
   For DRH2DP.LE.GRND--- D(LN(DEN))/DP for phase 2 (D2DP).
   RETURN
  95 CONTINUE
    For ENUT.LE.GRND--- reference turbulent kinematic viscosity.
   RETURN
  96 CONTINUE
  For ENUL.LE.GRND--- reference laminar kinematic viscosity.
   RETURN
  97 CONTINUE
  * ----- SECTION 7 -----
   For PRNDTL().LE.GRND--- laminar PRANDTL nos., or diffusivity.
   RETURN
  98 CONTINUE
  * ----- SECTION 8 -----
   For PHINT( ).LE.GRND--- interface value of first phase(FII1).
  99 CONTINUE
  * ----- SECTION 9 -----
C
   For PHINT( ).LE.GRND--- interface value of second phase(FII2)
C--- GROUP 10. Inter-phase-transfer processes and properties
 10 GO TO (101,102,103,104),ISC
 101 CONTINUE
   C
   For CFIPS.LE.GRND--- inter-phase friction coeff. AUX(INTFRC).
   RETURN
 102 CONTINUE
   For CMDOT.EQ.GRND- inter-phase mass transfer Index AUX(INTMDT)
   RETURN
 103 CONTINUE
  * ----- SECTION 3 -----
C
   For CINT( ).EQ.GRND--- phasel-to-interface transfer
                              coefficients (COII)
   RETURN
 104 CONTINUE
  For CINT( ).EQ.GRND--- phase2-to-interface transfer
C
                              coefficients (COI2)
C**********************
2--- GROUP 11. Initialization of variable or porosity fields
```

```
C
   11 CONTINUE
     RETURN
C--- GROUP 12. Convection and diffusion adjustments
   12 CONTINUE
     RETURN
C--- GROUP 13. Boundary conditions and special sources
  13 CONTINUE
     GO TO (130,131,132,133,134,135,136,137,138,139,1310,
    11311,1312,1313,1314,1315,1316,1317,1318,1319,1320,1321),ISC
  130 CONTINUE
C----- SECTION 1 ----- coefficient = GRND
     RETURN
  131 CONTINUE
    ----- SECTION 2 ----- coefficient = GRND1.
     RETURN
 132 CONTINUE
C----- SECTION 3 ----- coefficient = GRND2
     RETURN
  133 CONTINUE
C----- SECTION 4 ----- coefficient = GRND3
     RETURN
 134 CONTINUE
C----- SECTION 5 ----- coefficient = GRND4
    RETURN
 135 CONTINUE
C----- SECTION 6 ----- coefficient = GRND5
    RETURN
 136 CONTINUE
C----- SECTION 7 ----- coefficient = GRND6
    RETURN
 137 CONTINUE
C----- SECTION 8 ----- coefficient = GRND7
    IF(INDVAR.GT.Pl) GO TO 13799
    CALL GETYX(AUX(DEN1),A1,NY,NX)
    CALL GETYX(P1
                     ,A2,NY,NX)
    CALL GETCOV(NPATCH, INAME('UCRT'), COEFF, GKLOSS)
    CALL GETCOV(NPATCH, Pl ,COEFF,GPBV )
    I = (IXF-2)*NY
    DO 13701 II=IXF, IXL
      I = I + NY
      DO 13702 J=IYF,IYL
        IJ=I + J
        DELTAP=AMAX1 (ABS (A2(IJ)-GPBV), PTRAP)
            =Al(IJ)
        COEFF =SQRT(2.*RHO/(GKLOSS*DELTAP))
        Al(IJ)=COEFF
13702
      CONTINUE
13701
      CONTINUE
    CALL SETYX(CO,A1,NY,NX)
13799 CALL WRIT40('CO = GRND7 FOR VARIABLE BESIDES Pl !!!! ')
    CALL WAYOUT(1)
    RETURN
```

```
138 CONTINUE
C----- SECTION 9 ----- coefficient = GRND8
 ... GENERATE WALL SHEAR COEFFICIENTS ....
C
      CALL FNLGLW(CO,CO,AK,1.0001,EWAL,4)
  ... NOW CONVERT TO Stanton #'s ....
      CALL GETYX(CO,A1,NY,NX)
      RPRL=1./PRNDTL(H1)
      RPRT=1./PRT(H1)
          =9.*(RPRT/RPRL - 1.)*(RPRL/RPRT)**0.25
      I = (IXF-2)*NY
      DO 13801 II=IXF,IXL
        I=I + NY
        DO 13802 J=IYF,IYL
          IJ=I + J
          S=Al(IJ)
          STL=S*RPRL
          STT=S*RPRT/(1. + P*SQRT(S))
          Al(IJ) = AMAXl(STL,STT)
.3802
        CONTINUE
3801 CONTINUE
  ... NOW ASSEMBLE COMPOSITE HEAT TRANSFER COEFFICIENTS ....
      CALL GETYX(AUX(DEN1),A2,NY,NX)
      CALL GETYX(LD7
                           (XX,YX,EA,
                           ,A4,NY,NX)
      CALL GETYX(CP
      CALL GETCOV(NPATCH, INAME('UCRT'), COND, THICK)
      CWALL=COND/(THICK+TINY)
      CALL SUB4(I1, IXF, I2, IXL, J1, IYF, J2, IYL)
      READ(NPATCH(8:8),'(A1)') ADIR
      NDIREC=0
      IF(ADIR.EQ.'E' .OR. ADIR.EQ.'e') NDIREC= 1
      IF(ADIR.EQ.'W' .OR. ADIR.EQ.'w') NDIREC=-1
      IF(ADIR.EQ.'N' .OR. ADIR.EQ.'n') NDIREC= 2
IF(ADIR.EQ.'S' .OR. ADIR.EQ.'s') NDIREC=-2
      IDIR=IABS(NDIREC)
      IF(IDIR.EQ.1) THEN
        KAREA=5
        KADD=NY
        I2=I1
      ELSEIF(IDIR.EQ.2) THEN
        KAREA=7
        KADD=1
        J2=J1
      ELSE
        CALL WRIT40 ('PATCH NAME PROTOCOL VIOLATED FOR GRND8
        CALL WRIT40 ('COEFFICIENT OF CONJUGATE HEAT TRANSFER
                                                                 ')
        CALL WRIT40 ('MODEL. TSK TSK TSK
        CALL WAYOUT(1)
      ENDIF
      I = (I1 - 2) * NY
      DO 13811 II=I1,I2
        I = I + NY
        DO 13812 J=J1,J2
```

```
IJ1=I+J
          IJ2=IJ1 + KADD
          ST1=A1(IJ1)
          ST2=Al(IJ2)
          RO1=A2(IJ1)
          RO2=A2(IJ2)
          VW1=A3(IJ1)
          VW2=A3(IJ2)
          CP1=A4(IJ1)
          CP2=A4(IJ2)
          CO1=RO1*VW1*CP1*ST1
          CO2=RO2*VW2*CP2*ST2
          COEFF=CO1*CWALL*CO2/(CO1*CWALL + CO1*CO2 + CWALL*CO2 + TINY)
          A5(IJ1)=COEFF/CP1
          A5(IJ2)=COEFF/CP2
          A6(IJ1)=COEFF
          A6(IJ2)=COEFF
13812
        CONTINUE
13811 CONTINUE
C
      CALL SETYX(C6,A5,NY,NX)
      CALL SETYX(C7,A6,NY,NX)
  ... NOW MULTIPLY BY CORRECT AREA'S & DIVIDE BY PATGEO, RHO & Vwall ....
      CALL GTIZYX(KAREA, IZ, A1, NY, NX)
      I = (I1-2)*NY
      DO 13821 II=I1,I2
        I=I + NY
        DO 13822 J=J1,J2
          IJ1=I + J
          IJ2=IJ1 + KADD
          AREA=Al(IJ1)
          A5(IJ1)=A5(IJ1)*AREA
          A5(IJ2)=A5(IJ2)*AREA
13822
        CONTINUE
13821 CONTINUE
C
      CALL GETYX(PATGEO, A1, NY, NX)
      I = (IXF-2)*NY
      DO 13831 II=IXF,IXL
        I=I + NY
        DO 13832 J=IYF,IYL
          IJ=I + J
          A5(IJ)=A5(IJ)/(A1(IJ)*A2(IJ)*A3(IJ) + TINY)
13832
        CONTINUE
13831 CONTINUE
      CALL SETYX(CO,A5,NY,NX)
      CALL FN1(LGEN1,0.0)
  ... ADD UP TOTAL HEAT TRANSFERRED ....
C
      IF(ISWEEP.LT.LSWEEP-1.AND.MOD(ISWEEP,IG(901)).NE.0) RETURN
C
C
      CALL WRITBL
Č
      CALL WRIT40 ('ADDING UP TOTAL Odot FROM DUCT TO AIR.
      CALL WRIT2I('SWEEP # ', ISWEEP,', SLAB # ', IZSTEP)
      CALL GETYX(H1,A4,NY,NX)
      CALL GETYX(CP, A2, NY, NX)
```

```
CALL SUB4(I1, IXF, I2, IXL, J1, IYF, J2, IYL)
        (NDIREC.EQ. 1) THEN
    IF
     I1=I2
     KADD=-NY
    ELSEIF(NDIREC.EQ.-1) THEN
     I2=I1
     KADD= NY
    ELSEIF(NDIREC.EQ. 2) THEN
     J1=J2
     KADD=-1
    ELSEIF(NDIREC.EQ.-2) THEN
     J2=J1
     KADD= 1
    ENDIF
C
    READ(NPATCH(7:7), '(Al)') ANUX
    I = (I1-2) \times NY
    DO 13841 II=I1,I2
     I=I + NY
     DO 13842 J=J1,J2
       IJ1=I+J
       IJ2=IJ1 + KADD
       Hll=A4(IJ1)
       H12=A4(IJ2)
       CP1=A2(IJ1)
       CP2=A2(IJ2)
       CO1=A5(IJ1)*A1(IJ1)*A3(IJ1)
       VA1=H12*CP1/CP2
       QDTTOT=QDTTOT + CO1*(VA1-H11)
       IF(ANUX.EQ.'1') QDOT01=QDOT01 + CO1*(VA1-H11)
       IF(ANUX.EQ.'2') QDOT02=QDOT02 + CO1*(VA1-H11)
       IF(ANUX.EQ.'3') QDOT03=QDOT03 + CO1*(VA1-H11)
       IF(ANUX.EQ.'4') QDOT04=QDOT04 + CO1*(VA1-H11)
13842
     CONTINUE
13841 CONTINUE
    RETURN
 139 CONTINUE
C----- coefficient = GRND9
    RETURN
1310 CONTINUE
C----- SECTION 11 ----- coefficient = GRND10
    RETURN
1311 CONTINUE
C----- SECTION 12 ----- value = GRND
    RETURN
1312 CONTINUE
C----- value = GRND1
    RETURN
1313 CONTINUE
RETURN
1314 CONTINUE
RETURN
1315 CONTINUE
         RETURN
1316 CONTINUE
```

```
RETURN
 1317 CONTINUE
RETURN
 1318 CONTINUE
IF(INDVAR.LT.Ul .OR. INDVAR.GT.W2) GO TO 13189 '
     CALL GETYX(AUX(DEN1),A1,NY,NX)
     CALL GETYX(P1 ,A2,NY,NX)
     CALL GETCOV(NPATCH, INAME('UCRT'), COEFF, GKLOSS)
     CALL GETCOV(NPATCH, P1 ,COEFF,GPBV )
     I = (IXF - 2) * NY
     DO 13181 II=IXF,IXL
      I=I + NY
      DO 13182 J=IYF,IYL
        IJ=I + J
        DELTAP= A2(IJ)-GPBV
        ABSDP = ABS(DELTAP)
        RHO = Al(IJ)
        VMAG = SQRT(2.*ABSDP/(GKLOSS*RHO))
        Al(IJ)=-SIGN(VMAG, DELTAP)
      CONTINUE
13182
13181 CONTINUE
     CALL SETYX(VAL,A1,NY,NX)
13189 CALL WRIT40('VAL = GRND7 FOR VARBLE BESIDES ÄU, V, WÅl.')
     CALL WAYOUT(1)
     RETURN
1319 CONTINUE
CALL GETYX(H1,A1,NY,NX)
     CALL GETYX(CP,A2,NY,NX)
C
     I=(I1-2)*NY
     DO 13191 II=I1,I2
      I=I + NY
      DO 13192 J=J1,J2
        IJ1=I + J
        IJ2=IJ1 + KADD
        H11=A1(IJ1)
        H12=A1(IJ2)
        CP1=A2(IJ1)
        CP2=A2(IJ2)
        VA1=H12*CP1/CP2
        VA2=H11*CP2/CP1
        A3(IJ1)=VA1
        A3(IJ2)=VA2
13192
      CONTINUE
13191 CONTINUE
C
     CALL SETYX(VAL, A3, NY, NX)
     RETURN
1320 CONTINUE
C----- SECTION 21 ----- value = GRND9
     IF(INDVAR.LT.W1) THEN
      IF(INDVAR.EQ.V1) THEN
        CALL GTIZYX(83, IZ, A1, NY, NX)
        CALL GTIZYX(84,IZ,A2,NY,NX)
        IF(LG(20))
          CALL WRIT40('IN GROUP 13, V1 SECTION ....
```

```
I1 = (IXF - 2) \times NY
                            IJ1=I1+IYF+1
                            IJ2=I1+IYL
                            IF(LG(20))
              £
                                 CALL WRIT40 ('BEGIN 1ST SOURCE LOOP ....
                                                                                                                                                                                     1)
                            DO 13111 I=IXF,IXL
                            IJ1=IJ1+NY
                            IJ2=IJ2+NY
                                                                                            ' IX ', I ,', IJ1 ',IJ1, ', IJ2 ',IJ2)
                            IF(LG(20)) CALL WRIT3I('
              &
                            DO 13111 IJ=IJ1,IJ2
13111
                           A3(IJ)=0.5*FMAG(IJ)*(EFX(IJ)*Al(IJ) +
                                                                                                 EFY(IJ)*A2(IJ))
                            I1=(IXF-2)*NY
                            IJ1=I1+IYF
                            IJ2=I1+IYL-1
                            IF(LG(20))
             æ
                                 CALL WRIT40 ('BEGIN 2ND SOURCE LOOP ....
                                                                                                                                                                                     1)
                           DO 13112 I=IXF,IXL
                           IJ1=IJ1+NY
                            IJ2=IJ2+NY
                            IF(LG(20)) CALL WRIT3I(' IX ', I ,', IJ1 ',IJ1,
                                                                                            ', IJ2 ',IJ2)
             &
                           DO 13112 IJ=IJ1,IJ2
13112
                           A3(IJ)=A3(IJ) + 0.5*FMAG(IJ+1)*(EFX(IJ+1)*A1(IJ) +
                                                                                                                                         EFY(IJ+1)*A2(IJ))
                           CALL SETYX(VAL, A3, NY, NX)
                           RETURN
                      ENDIF
                     IF(LG(20))
                           CALL WRIT40('IN GROUP 13,U1 SECTION ....
                                                                                                                                                                              ()
                      CALL GTIZYX(80,IZ,A1,NY,NX)
                     CALL GTIZYX(81,IZ,A2,NY,NX)
                      I1 = (IXF-1) * NY
                      IJ1=I1+IYF
                     IJ2=I1+IYL
                     DO 13113 I=IXF, IXL
                     IJ1=IJ1+NY
                      IJ2=IJ2+NY
                     IF(LG(20)) CALL WRIT3I(' IX ', I ,', IJ1
                                                                                                                                                       ',IJ1,
             æ
                                                                                      ', IJ2 ',IJ2)
                     DO 13113 IJ=IJ1,IJ2
13113
                 A3(IJ)=0.5*FMAG(IJ)*(EFX(IJ)*Al(IJ) +
                                                                                          EFY(IJ)*A2(IJ))
                     I1=(IXF-2)*NY
                     IJ1=I1+IYF
                     IJ2=I1+IYL
                     DO 13114 I=IXF,IXL-1
                     IJ1=IJ1+NY
                     IJ2=IJ2+NY
                     DO 13114 IJ=IJ1,IJ2
.3114
                    A3(IJ) = A3(IJ) + 0.5 \times FMAG(IJ + NY) \times (EFX(IJ + NY) \times A1(IJ) + FMAG(IJ + NY) + F
                                                                                                                                     EFY(IJ+NY)*A2(IJ))
                    CALL SETYX(VAL, A3, NY, NX)
                    RETURN
   ... WI SECTION ....
```

```
ELSEIF(INDVAR.EQ.W1) THEN
        IF(LG(20))
            CALL WRIT40 ('IN GROUP 13, W1 SECTION ....
                                                                 ()
        CALL GTIZYX(28, IZ, A1, NY, NX)
        CONST=2.*WPROP2
        DO 13115 IJ=1, JNXNY
13115
        Al(IJ) = CONST/(Al(IJ) + TINY)
        CALL SETYX(VAL,A1,NY,NX)
        RETURN
C ... KE-EP SECTION ....
 ... Pk(r)=Ck * Uprop(r)**2 W/Ck=64*POWERK/(2*Pi * OMEGA**2 * DIAM**4)
C
      Pk(r)=CK * (OMEGA*r)**2
C
      ELSE
        FRAC=(FLOAT(ISWEEP-FSWEEP+1)/FLOAT(NRAMP))**2
        FRAC=AMIN1(AMAX1(0.,FRAC),1.)
        CK = FRAC * 64.*POWERK/(A2PI * OMEGA**2 * DIAM**4)
        Il = (IXF-2)*NY
        IJ1=I1+IYF
        IJ2≈I1+IYL
        IF(LG(20))
          CALL WRIT40 ('BEGIN Pk(r) LOOP ....
                                                               ′)
       DO 13118 I=IXF,IXL
        IJ1=IJ1+NY
        IJ2=IJ2+NY
                               ' IX ',.I ,', IJ1 ',IJ1, ', IJ2 ',IJ2)
                                 IX
        IF(LG(20)) CALL WRIT3I('
       DO 13118 IJ=IJ1,IJ2
         RR=RP(IJ)
          RW=RR*OMEGA
13118
         Al(IJ)=CK*RW**2
        IF(INDVAR.GT.KE) THEN
          CALL GETYX(AUX(VIST),A2,NY,NX)
          CALL GETYX(AUX(LEN1),A3,NY,NX)
         CONST=ClE*CD**2/CMUCD
          Il=(IXF-2)*NY
          IJ1=I1+IYF
          IJ2=I1+IYL
          IF(LG(20))
    &
           CALL WRIT40('BEGIN C1*Pk(r)*EP/KE LOOP ....
         DO 13119 I=IXF,IXL
          IJ1=IJ1+NY
         IJ2≈IJ2+NY
         IF(LG(20)) CALL WRIT3I('
                                   IX
                                         ', I ,', IJ1 ',IJ1,
                                 ', IJ2 ',IJ2)
    8
         DO 13119 IJ=IJ1,IJ2
13119
         Al(IJ)=CONST*Al(IJ)*A2(IJ)/A3(IJ)**2
       ENDIF
       CALL SETYX(VAL,A1,NY,NX)
     ENDIF
     RETURN
 1331 CONTINUE
C----- value = GRNL10
     DO 13211 IX≈1,NX
     DO 13211 IY=1,NY
     PHI(IY, IX)=RG(804)*XFCTE
     IF:NPATCH.EQ.:'MENGIN': PHI:IY:IN:=-RB 804 *MFCTE
     IF(NPATCH.EQ.'XENGOUT') PHI(IY,IX:=R3 805,*XFCTE
```

```
13211 CONTINUE
     CALL SETYX(VAL, PHI, JNY, JNX)
     RETURN
C***********************************
C--- GROUP 14. Downstream pressure for PARAB=.TRUE.
  14 CONTINUE
     RETURN
C******************
   * Make changes for this group only in group 19.
C--- GROUP 15. Termination of sweeps
C--- GROUP 16. Termination of iterations
C--- GROUP 17. Under-relaxation devices
C--- GROUP 18. Limits on variables or increments to them
C--- GROUP 19. Special calls to GROUND from EARTH
  19 GO TO (191,192,193,194,195,196,197,198),ISC
               ----- SECTION 1 ---- START OF TIME STEP.
C-pd---Misc----
     IF(IG(999).EQ.1) STOP
     ODTTOT=0.0
     QDOTT1=0.0
     QDOTT2=0.0
     QDOTT3=0.0
     QDOTT4=0.0
     IPASS=0
     IRAXV=0
     IRAXT=0
     IRAXS=0
     XFCTE=1.0
     ITST=TSTSWP
     INPR=NPRMON
     NPRMON=1
C-pd---Assign monitoring locations-----
     IXMON1 = IXMON
     IYMON1 = IYMON
     IZMON1 = IZMON
C
     IXMON2 = IG(11)
     IYMON2 = IG(12)
     IZMON2 = IG(13)
C
     IXMON3 = IG(14)
     IYMON3 = IG(15)
     IZMON3 = IG(16)
     IXMON4 = IG(17)
     IYMON4 = IG(18)
     IZMON4 = IG(19)
C
     IXMONE = IG(20)
     IYMON5 = IG(21)
```

```
IZMON5 = IG(22)
C
      IXMON6 = IG(23)
      IYMON6. =IG(24)
      IZMON6 = IG(25)
C
      IXMON7 = IG(26)
      IYMON7 = IG(27)
      IZMON7 = IG(28)
C
      IXMON8 = IG(29)
      IYMON8 = IG(30)
      IZMON8 = IG(31)
C
      IXMON9 = IG(32)
      IYMON9 = IG(33)
      IZMON9 = IG(34)
C
      IXMON10=IG(35)
      IYMON10=IG(36)
      IZMON10=IG(37)
C
      RETURN
  192 CONTINUE
C
    * ---- SECTION 2 --- START OF SWEEP.
C-pd---WARNING: machine dependent-----
C
      call flush(6)
 ... COMPUTE rP,Fmag,eFx,eFy ....
      IF(ISWEEP.EQ.FSWEEP) THEN
        CALL GETPTC('YPROP ', TYPE, IXF, IXL, IYF, IYL, IZF, IZL, ITF, ITL)
        CALL GTIZYX(68, IZF, A1, NY, NX)
        CALL GTIZYX(69, IZF, A2, NY, NX)
        EWZ=SIGN(1.,RPS)
        I1 = (IXF - 2) * NY
        IJ1=I1+IYF+1
        IJ2=I1+IYL
        IF(LG(20))
          CALL WRIT40 ('BEGIN Fmag LOOP ....
                                                                ( )
        DO 19201 I=IXF,IXL
        IJ1=IJ1+NY
        IJ2=IJ2+NY
        IF(LG(20)) CALL WRIT3I(' IX
                                        ', I ,', IJ1
                                                        ',IJ1,
                               ', IJ2 ',IJ2)
        DO 19201 IJ=IJ1,IJ2
        RX=A1(IJ)-X0PROP
        RY=A2(IJ)-YOPROP
        RR = SQRT(RX*RX + RY*RY) + TINY
        RP(IJ) = RR
        RW=RR*OMEGA
        ERX=RX/RR
        ERY=RY/RR
       EFX(IJ)=-EWZ*ERY
       EFY(IJ) = EWZ*ERX
19201
       FMAG(IJ)=PUBA/RW
        IF ((LSWEEP-FSWEEP).LT.11; THEN
          CALL SUB4(IXF,1,IXL,NX,IYF,1,IYL,NY)
```

```
CALL WRIT2R(' X0,prop',X0PROP,',Y0,prop',Y0PROP)
CALL PRNYX(' rP ',RP ,NY,NX)
CALL PRNYX(' eFx',EFX ,NY,NX)
CALL PRNYX(' eFy',EFY ,NY,NX)
CALL PRNYX(' öFö',FMAG,NY,NX)
        ENDIF
      ENDIF
C-pd---Check to reset tstswp------
      IOPEN=0
      IF(ITST.NE.TSTSWP) IPASS=IPASS+1
      IF(IPASS.GT.10) THEN
        IPASS=0
        TSTSWP=ITST
      ENDIF
C-pd---Init stuff for printout of max and min-----
      XP1MIN= 1000000.0
      XP1MAX=-1000000.0
      XU1MIN= 1000000.0
      XU1MAX=-1000000.0
      XV1MIN= 1000000.0
      XV1MAX=-1000000.0
      XW1MIN= 1000000.0
      XW1MAX=-1000000.0
      XKEMIN= 1000000.0
      XKEMAX=-1000000.0
      XEPMIN= 1000000.0
      XEPMAX=-1000000.0
      XH1MIN= 1000000.0
      XH1MAX=-1000000.0
      XT1MIN= 1000000.0
      XT1MAX=-1000000.0
      XETMIN= 1000000.0
      XETMAX=-1000000.0
      IXPMAX=0
      IYPMAX=0
      IZPMAX=0
      IXPMIN=0
      IYPMIN=0
      IZPMIN=0
      IXUMAX=0
      IYUMAX=0
      IZUMAX=0
      IXUMIN=0
      IYUMIN=0
      IZUMIN=0
      IXVMAX=0
      IYVMAX=0
      IZVMAX=0
      IXVMIN=0
      IYVMIN=0
      IZVMIN=0
      IXWMAX=0
      IYWMAX=0
      IZWMAX=0
      IXWMIN=0
      IYWMIN=0
```

```
IZWMIN=0
         IXKMAX=0
         IYKMAX=0
         IZKMAX=0
         IXKMIN=0
        IYKMIN=0
        IZKMIN=0
        IXEMAX=0
        IYEMAX=0
        IZEMAX=0
        IXEMIN=0
        IYEMIN=0
        IZEMIN=0
        IXHMAX=0
        IYHMAX=0
        IZHMAX=0
        IXHMIN=0
        IYHMIN=0
        IZHMIN=0
        IXTMAX=0
        IYTMAX=0
        IZTMAX=0
        IXTMIN=0
        IYTMIN=0
        IZTMIN=0
        IXXMAX=0
        IYXMAX=0
        IZXMAX=0
        IXXMIN=0
        IYXMIN=0
        IZXMIN=0
C
        RETURN
   193 CONTINUE
                    ----- SECTION 3 ---- START OF IZ SLAB.
        RETURN
   194 CONTINUE
C
     * ----- SECTION 4 ---- START OF ITERATION.
        IF(IRAXV.EQ.1) THEN
          CALL XSETCV('RAX1', U1,XCOF,XVEL,RAXFTV,1.0)
CALL XSETCV('RAX1', V1,XCOF,XVEL,RAXFTV,1.0)
CALL XSETCV('RAX1', W1,XCOF,XVEL,RAXFTV,1.0)
C
C
C
          WRITE(6,*)' CO FROM SETCV VEL -> ',XCOF
C
          IRAXV=0
C
       ENDIF
0000
       IF(IRAXT.EQ.1) THEN
          CALL XSETCV('RAX1', KE, XCOF, XVEL, RAXFTT, 1.0)
CALL XSETCV('RAX1', EP, XCOF, XVEL, RAXFTT, 1.0)
          WRITE(6,*)' CO FROM SETCV TUR -> ',XCOF
          IRAXT=0
00000
       ENDIF
       IF(IRAXS.EQ.1) THEN
         CALL XSETCV('RAX1', H1, XCOF, XVEL, RAXFTS, 1.0)
CALL XSETCV('RAX1', C1, XCOF, XVEL, RAXFTS, 1.0)
CALL XSETCV('RAX1', C2, XCOF, XVEL, RAXFTS, 1.0)
C
          WRITE(6,*)' CO FROM SETCV SCA -> ',XCOF
C
          IRAXS=0
Č
        ENDIF
C-pd---Modify inlet areas-----
```

```
C
     IF(IZ.EQ.IG(711)) THEN
       CALL GTIZYX(9, IZ, GAH, JNY, JNX)
       SUMB=0.0
       DO 19302 IX=IG(712),IG(713)
       DO 19302 IY=IG(714),IG(715)
       SUMB=SUMB+GAH(IY,IX)
19302
       CONTINUE
     ENDIF
     IF(IZ.EQ.NZ) THEN
       XFCTE=RG(802)/SUMB
       CALL XSETCV('XENGOUT', P1, XCOF, XVEL, 1.0, XFCTE)
       CALL XSETCV('XENGIN', Pl,XCOF,XVEL,1.0,XFCTE)
     ENDIF
     RETURN
  195 CONTINUE
                  ----- SECTION 5 ---- FINISH OF ITERATION.
     RETURN
  196 CONTINUE
   * ---- SECTION 6 --- FINISH OF IZ SLAB.
C
     CALL GETCAR
     IF (MOD(ISWEEP,IG(902)).NE.O.AND.ISWEEP.NE.LSWEEP-1) GOTO 1961
     IF(IZ.EQ.1) WRITE(6,*)' ==> CALCULATING ENGLISH UNITS
CALL BCARTC(1,1)
     CALL GETYX(P1,PHI,JNY,JNX)
     DO 19611 IX=1,NX
     DO 19611 IY=1,NY
19611 PHI(IY,IX)=PHI(IY,IX)*RG(36)
     CALL SETYX(PH2O,PHI,JNY,JNX)
     CALL GETYX(INAME('UCRT'), PHI, JNY, JNX)
     DO 19612 IX=1,NX
     DO 19612 IY=1,NY
19612 PHI(IY, IX)=PHI(IY, IX)*RG(37)
     CALL SETYX(U2,PHI,JNY,JNX)
     CALL GETYX(INAME('VCRT'), PHI, JNY, JNX)
     DO 19613 IX=1,NX
     DO 19613 IY=1,NY
9613 PHI(IY,IX)=PHI(IY,IX)*RG(37)
     CALL SETYX(V2,PHI,JNY,JNX)
     CALL GETYX(INAME('WCRT'), PHI, JNY, JNX)
     DO 19614 IX=1,NX
     DO 19614 IY=1,NY
9614 PHI(IY,IX)=PHI(IY,IX)*RG(37)
     CALL SETYX(W2,PHI,JNY,JNX)
     CALL GETYX (TEMP, PHI, JNY, JNX)
     DO 19615 IX=1,NX
     DO 19615 IY=1,NY
19615 PHI(IY,IX)=PHI(IY,IX)/RG(33)-RG(32)
     CALL SETYX(TFAR, PHI, JNY, JNX)
     CALL GETYX(AUX(DEN1), PHI, JNY, JNX)
     DO 19616 IX=1,NX
```

```
DO 19616 IY=1,NY
19616 PHI(IY, IX)=PHI(IY, IX)*RG(38)
      CALL SETYX (RHOE, PHI, JNY, JNX)
C-pd---Find max and min-
 1961 IF(MOD(ISWEEP, NPRMON).EQ.0) THEN
        CALL GETYX(P1,PHI,JNY,JNX)
        CALL GETYX (INAME('VPOR'), GVPR, JNY, JNX)
        DO 19617 IX=1,NX
        DO 19617 IY=1,NY
        IF (GVPR(IY,IX).LE.1.E-4) GOTO 19617
        IF(PHI(IY, IX).GT.XPlMAX) THEN
          XP1MAX=PHI(IY,IX)
          IXPMAX=IX
          IYPMAX=IY
          IZPMAX=IZ
        ENDIF
        IF(PHI(IY, IX).LT.XPlMIN) THEN
          XP1MIN=PHI(IY,IX)
          IXPMIN=IX
          IYPMIN=IY
          IZPMIN=IZ
        ENDIF
19617
        CONTINUE
C
        CALL GETYX(U1,PHI,JNY,JNX)
        CALL GETYX (INAME('VPOR'), GVPR, JNY, JNX)
        DO 19618 IX=1,NX
        DO 19618 IY=1,NY
        IF (GVPR(IY,IX).LE.1.E-4) GOTO 19618
        IF(PHI(IY, IX).GT.XU1MAX) THEN
          XU1MAX=PHI(IY,IX)
          IXUMAX=IX
          IYUMAX=IY
          IZUMAX=IZ
        IF(PHI(IY, IX).LT.XU1MIN) THEN
          XU1MIN=PHI(IY,IX)
          IXUMIN=IX
          IYUMIN=IY
          IZUMIN=IZ
        ENDIF
        CONTINUE
19618
C
        CALL GETYX(V1, PHI, JNY, JNX)
        CALL GETYX (INAME('VPOR'), GVPR, JNY, JNX)
        DO 19619 IX=1,NX
        DO 19619 IY=1,NY
        IF (GVPR(IY, IX).LE.1.E-4) GOTO 19619
        IF(PHI(IY, IX).GT.XV1MAX) THEN
          XV1MAX=PHI(IY,IX)
          IXVMAX=IX
          IYVMAX=IY
          IZVMAX=IZ
        ENDIF
        IF(PHI(IY, IX).LT.XV1MIN) THEN
          XV1MIN=PHI(IY,IX)
          IXVMIN=IX
          IYVMIN=IY
```

```
IZVMIN=IZ
        ENDIF
.9619
        CONTINUE
        CALL GETYX(W1,PHI,JNY,JNX)
        CALL GETYX (INAME ('VPOR'), GVPR, JNY, JNX)
        DO 19620 IX=1,NX
        DO 19620 IY=1,NY
        IF (GVPR(IY,IX).LE.1.E-4) GOTO 19620
        IF (PHI (IY, IX).GT.XW1MAX) THEN
          XW1MAX=PHI(IY,IX)
          IXWMAX=IX
          IYWMAX=IY
          IZWMAX=IZ
        ENDIF
        IF(PHI(IY,IX).LT.XW1MIN) THEN
          XW1MIN=PHI(IY,IX)
          IXWMIN=IX
          IYWMIN=IY
          IZWMIN=IZ
        ENDIF
19620
        CONTINUE
        CALL GETYX(KE, PHI, JNY, JNX)
        CALL GETYX (INAME('VPOR'), GVPR, JNY, JNX)
        DO 19621 IX=1,NX
        DO 19621 IY=1,NY
        IF (GVPR(IY,IX).LE.1.E-4) GOTO 19621
        IF(PHI(IY,IX).GT.XKEMAX) THEN
          XKEMAX=PHI(IY,IX)
          IXKMAX=IX
          IYKMAX=IY
          IZKMAX=IZ
        ENDIF
        IF(PHI(IY, IX).LT.XKEMIN) THEN
          XKEMIN=PHI(IY,IX)
          IXKMIN=IX
          IYKMIN=IY
          IZKMIN=IZ
        ENDIF
-9621
        CONTINUE
        CALL GETYX(EP, PHI, JNY, JNX)
        CALL GETYX (INAME('VPOR'), GVPR, JNY, JNX)
        DO 19622 IX=1,NX
        DO 19622 IY=1,NY
        IF (GVPR(IY,IX).LE.1.E-4) GOTO 19622
        IF(PHI(IY, IX).GT.XEPMAX) THEN
          XEPMAX=PHI(IY,IX)
          IXEMAX=IX
          IYEMAX=IY
          IZEMAX=IZ
        ENDIF
        IF(PHI(IY, IX).LT.XEPMIN) THEN
          XEPMIN=PHI(IY,IX)
          IXEMIN=IX
          IYEMIN=IY
          IZEMIN=IZ
       ENDIF
9622
       CONTINUE
```

```
C
        CALL GETYX(H1,PHI,JNY,JNX)
        CALL GETYX (INAME('VPOR'), GVPR, JNY, JNX)
        DO 19623 IX=1,NX
        DO 19623 IY=1,NY
        IF (GVPR(IY,IX).LE.1.E-4) GOTO 19623
        IF(PHI(IY, IX).GT.XH1MAX) THEN
          XH1MAX=PHI(IY,IX)
          IXHMAX=IX
          IYHMAX=IY
          IZHMAX=IZ
        ENDIF
        IF(PHI(IY,IX).LT.XH1MIN) THEN
          XH1MIN=PHI(IY,IX)
          IXHMIN=IX
          IYHMIN=IY
          IZHMIN=IZ
        ENDIF
19623
        CONTINUE
C
        CALL GETYX (TEMP, PHI, JNY, JNX)
        CALL GETYX (INAME('VPOR'), GVPR, JNY, JNX)
        DO 19624 IX=1,NX
        DO 19624 IY=1,NY
        IF (GVPR(IY,IX).LE.1.E-4) GOTO 19624
        IF(PHI(IY,IX).GT.XT1MAX) THEN
          XT1MAX=PHI(IY,IX)
          IXTMAX=IX
          IYTMAX=IY
          IZTMAX=IZ
        ENDIF
        IF(PHI(IY, IX).LT.XT1MIN) THEN
          XT1MIN=PHI(IY,IX)
          IXTMIN=IX
          IYTMIN=IY
          IZTMIN=IZ
        ENDIF
        CONTINUE
19624
        CALL GETYX(AUX(VIST), PHI, JNY, JNX)
        CALL GETYX (INAME('VPOR'), GVPR, JNY, JNX)
        DO 19625 IX=1,NX
        DO 19625 IY=1,NY
        IF (GVPR(IY,IX).LE.1.E-4) GOTO 19625
        IF(PHI(IY,IX).GT.XETMAX) THEN
          XETMAX=PHI(IY,IX)
          IXXMAX=IX
          IYXMAX=IY
          IZXMAX=IZ
        ENDIF
        IF(PHI(IY,IX).LT.XETMIN) THEN
          XETMIN=PHI(IY,IX)
          IXXMIN=IX
          IYXMIN=IY
          IZXMIN=IZ
        ENDIF
        CONTINUE
19625
      ENDIF
C-pd---Get monitoring values-----
```

```
C
      IF(MOD(ISWEEP,TSTSWP).NE.0) GOTO 19692
      IF(IZ.NE.IZMON1) GOTO 1962
        CALL GETONE(P1, PP1, IYMON1, IXMON1)
        CALL GETONE(U1, UU1, IYMON1, IXMON1)
        CALL GETONE(V1, VV1, IYMON1, IXMON1)
        CALL GETONE(W1, WW1, IYMON1, IXMON1)
        CALL GETONE (AUX (DEN1), DD1, IYMON1, IXMON1)
        IF(STORE(KE)) CALL GETONE(KE, KE1, IYMON1, IXMON1)
        IF(STORE(EP)) CALL GETONE(EP, EP1, IYMON1, IXMON1)
        IF(STORE(AUX(VIST))) CALL GETONE(AUX(VIST),ET1,IYMON1,IXMON1)
        CALL GETONE(C1,C1C1,IYMON1,IXMON1)
        IF(STORE(C2)) CALL GETONE(C2,C2C1,IYMON1,IXMON1)
        IF(STORE(C3)) CALL GETONE(C3,C3C1,IYMON1,IXMON1)
        IF(STORE(CP)) CALL GETONE(CP,CPC1,IYMON1,IXMON1)
        IF(STORE(C11)) CALL GETONE(C11,CXC1,IYMON1,IXMON1)
        CALL GETONE (TEMP, C4C1, IYMON1, IXMON1)
        CALL GETONE(H1, H1H1, IYMON1, IXMON1)
 1962 IF(IZ.NE.IZMON2) GOTO 1963
        CALL GETONE(P1, PP2, IYMON2, IXMON2)
        CALL GETONE(U1, UU2, IYMON2, IXMON2)
        CALL GETONE(V1, VV2, IYMON2, IXMON2)
        CALL GETONE(W1, WW2, IYMON2, IXMON2)
        CALL GETONE(AUX(DEN1), DD2, IYMON2, IXMON2)
        IF(STORE(KE)) CALL GETONE(KE, KE2, IYMON2, IXMON2)
        IF(STORE(EP)) CALL GETONE(EP, EP2, IYMON2, IXMON2)
        IF(STORE(AUX(VIST))) CALL GETONE(AUX(VIST),ET2,IYMON2,IXMON2)
        CALL GETONE(C1,C1C2,IYMON2,IXMON2)
        IF(STORE(C2)) CALL GETONE(C2,C2C2,IYMON2,IXMON2)
        IF(STORE(C3)) CALL GETONE(C3,C3C2,IYMON2,IXMON2)
        IF(STORE(CP)) CALL GETONE(CP,CPC2,IYMON2,IXMON2)
        IF(STORE(C11)) CALL GETONE(C11,CXC2,IYMON2,IXMON2)
        CALL GETONE (TEMP, C4C2, IYMON2, IXMON2)
        CALL GETONE(H1, H1H2, IYMON2, IXMON2)
 1963 IF(IZ.NE.IZMON3) GOTO 1964
        CALL GETONE(P1, PP3, IYMON3, IXMON3)
        CALL GETONE(U1, UU3, IYMON3, IXMON3)
        CALL GETONE(V1, VV3, IYMON3, IXMON3)
        CALL GETONE (W1, WW3, IYMON3, IXMON3)
        CALL GETONE(AUX(DEN1),DD3,IYMON3,IXMON3)
        IF(STORE(KE)) CALL GETONE(KE, KE3, IYMON3, IXMON3)
        IF(STORE(EP)) CALL GETONE(EP, EP3, IYMON3, IXMON3)
        IF(STORE(AUX(VIST))) CALL GETONE(AUX(VIST),ET3,IYMON3,IXMON3)
        CALL GETONE(C1,C1C3,IYMON3,IXMON3)
        IF(STORE(C2)) CALL GETONE(C2,C2C3,IYMON3,IXMON3)
        IF(STORE(C3)) CALL GETONE(C3,C3C3,IYMON3,IXMON3)
        IF(STORE(CP)) CALL GETONE(CP,CPC3,IYMON3,IXMON3)
        IF(STORE(C11)) CALL GETONE(C11,CXC3,IYMON3,IXMON3)
        CALL GETONE (TEMP, C4C3, IYMON3, IXMON3)
        CALL GETONE(H1, H1H3, IYMON3, IXMON3)
1964 IF(IZ.NE.IZMON4) GOTO 1965
        CALL GETONE(P1, PP4, IYMON4, IXMON4)
```

IF(STORE(C11)) CALL GETONE(C11,CXC3,IYMON3,IXMON3)
CALL GETONE(TEMP,C4C3,IYMON3,IXMON3)
CALL GETONE(H1,H1H3,IYMON3,IXMON3)
C(IZ.NE.IZMON4) GOTO 1965
CALL GETONE(P1,PP4,IYMON4,IXMON4)
CALL GETONE(U1,UU4,IYMON4,IXMON4)
CALL GETONE(V1,VV4,IYMON4,IXMON4)
CALL GETONE(W1,WW4,IYMON4,IXMON4)
CALL GETONE(AUX(DEN1),DD4,IYMON4,IXMON4)
IF(STORE(KE)) CALL GETONE(KE,KE4,IYMON4,IXMON4)
IF(STORE(EP)) CALL GETONE(EP,EP4,IYMON4,IXMON4)
IF(STORE(AUX(VIST))) CALL GETONE(AUX(VIST),ET4,IYMON4,IXMON4)
CALL GETONE(C1,C1C4,IYMON4,IXMON4)

```
IF(STORE(C2)) CALL GETONE(C2,C2C4,IYMON4,IXMON4)
       IF(STORE(C3)) CALL GETONE(C3,C3C4,IYMON4,IXMON4)
       IF(STORE(CP)) CALL GETONE(CP,CPC4,IYMON4,IXMON4)
       IF(STORE(C11)) CALL GETONE(C11,CXC4,IYMON4,IXMON4)
       CALL GETONE (TEMP, C4C4, IYMON4, IXMON4)
       CALL GETONE(H1, H1H4, IYMON4, IXMON4)
1965 IF(IZ.NE.IZMON5) GOTO 1966
       CALL GETONE(P1, PP5, IYMON5, IXMON5)
       CALL GETONE (U1, UU5, IYMON5, IXMON5)
       CALL GETONE(V1, VV5, IYMON5, IXMON5)
       CALL GETONE(W1, WW5, IYMON5, IXMON5)
       CALL GETONE (AUX (DEN1), DD5, IYMON5, IXMON5)
       IF(STORE(KE)) CALL GETONE(KE, KE5, IYMON5, IXMON5)
       IF(STORE(EP)) CALL GETONE(EP, EP5, IYMON5, IXMON5)
       IF(STORE(AUX(VIST))) CALL GETONE(AUX(VIST), ET5, IYMON5, IXMON5)
       CALL GETONE(C1,C1C5,IYMON5,IXMON5)
       IF(STORE(C2)) CALL GETONE(C2,C2C5,IYMON5,IXMON5)
       IF(STORE(C3)) CALL GETONE(C3,C3C5,IYMON5,IXMON5)
       IF(STORE(CP)) CALL GETONE(CP,CPC5,IYMON5,IXMON5)
       IF(STORE(C11)) CALL GETONE(C11,CXC5,IYMON5,IXMON5)
       CALL GETONE (TEMP, C4C5, IYMON5, IXMON5)
       CALL GETONE(H1, H1H5, IYMON5, IXMON5)
1966 IF(IZ.NE.IZMON6) GOTO 1967
       CALL GETONE(P1, PP6, IYMON6, IXMON6)
       CALL GETONE (U1, UU6, IYMON6, IXMON6)
       CALL GETONE (V1, VV6, IYMON6, IXMON6)
       CALL GETONE(W1, WW6, IYMON6, IXMON6)
       CALL GETONE (AUX (DEN1), DD6, IYMON6, IXMON6)
       IF(STORE(KE)) CALL GETONE(KE, KE6, IYMON6, IXMON6)
       IF(STORE(EP)) CALL GETONE(EP, EP6, IYMON6, IXMON6)
       IF(STORE(AUX(VIST))) CALL GETONE(AUX(VIST), ET6, IYMON6, IXMON6)
       CALL GETONE(C1,C1C6,IYMON6,IXMON6)
       IF(STORE(C2)) CALL GETONE(C2,C2C6,IYMON6,IXMON6)
       IF(STORE(C3)) CALL GETONE(C3,C3C6,IYMON6,IXMON6)
       IF(STORE(CP)) CALL GETONE(CP, CPC6, IYMON6, IXMON6)
       IF(STORE(C11)) CALL GETONE(C11,CXC6,IYMON6,IXMON6)
       CALL GETONE (TEMP, C4C6, IYMON6, IXMON6)
       CALL GETONE(H1, H1H6, IYMON6, IXMON6)
1967 IF(IZ.NE.IZMON7) GOTO 1968
       CALL GETONE(P1, PP7, IYMON7, IXMON7)
       CALL GETONE (U1, UU7, IYMON7, IXMON7)
       CALL GETONE(V1, VV7, IYMON7, IXMON7)
       CALL GETONE(W1, WW7, IYMON7, IXMON7)
       CALL GETONE (AUX (DEN1), DD7, IYMON7, IXMON7)
       IF(STORE(KE)) CALL GETONE(KE, KE7, IYMON7, IXMON7)
       IF(STORE(EP)) CALL GETONE(EP, EP7, IYMON7, IXMON7)
       IF(STORE(AUX(VIST))) CALL GETONE(AUX(VIST),ET7,IYMON7,IXMON7)
       CALL GETONE(C1,C1C7,IYMON7,IXMON7)
       IF(STORE(C2)) CALL GETONE(C2,C2C7,IYMON7,IXMON7)
       IF(STORE(C3)) CALL GETONE(C3,C3C7,IYMON7,IXMON7)
       IF(STORE(CP)) CALL GETONE(CP,CPC7,IYMON7,IXMON7)
       IF(STORE(C11)) CALL GETONE(C11,CXC7,IYMON7,IXMON7)
       CALL GETONE (TEMP, C4C7, IYMON7, IXMON7)
       CALL GETONE(H1, H1H7, IYMON7, IXMON7)
1968 IF(IZ.NE.IZMON8) GOTO 1969
       CALL GETONE(P1, PP8, IYMON8, IXMON8)
       CALL GETONE (U1, UU8, IYMON8, IXMON8)
       CALL GETONE(V1, VV8, IYMON8, IXMON8)
       CALL GETONE (W1, WW8, IYMON8, IXMON8)
       CALL GETONE (AUX (DEN1), DD8, IYMON8, IXMON8;
```

```
IF(STORE(KE)) CALL GETONE(KE, KE8, IYMON8, IXMON8)
         IF(STORE(EP)) CALL GETONE(EP,EP8,IYMON8,IXMON8)
         IF(STORE(AUX(VIST))) CALL GETONE(AUX(VIST),ET8,IYMON8,IXMON8)
         CALL GETONE (C1, C1C8, IYMON8, IXMON8)
         IF(STORE(C2)) CALL GETONE(C2,C2C8,IYMON8,IXMON8)
         IF(STORE(C3)) CALL GETONE(C3,C3C8,IYMON8,IXMON8)
         IF(STORE(CP)) CALL GETONE(CP,CPC8,IYMON8,IXMON8)
         IF(STORE(C11)) CALL GETONE(C11,CXC8,IYMON8,IXMON8)
        CALL GETONE (TEMP, C4C8, IYMON8, IXMON8)
        CALL GETONE(H1, H1H8, IYMON8, IXMON8)
 1969 IF(IZ.NE.IZMON9) GOTO 19691
        CALL GETONE(P1, PP9, IYMON9, IXMON9)
        CALL GETONE (U1, UU9, IYMON9, IXMON9)
        CALL GETONE(V1, VV9, IYMON9, IXMON9)
        CALL GETONE(W1, WW9, IYMON9, IXMON9)
        CALL GETONE (AUX (DEN1), DD9, IYMON9, IXMON9)
        IF(STORE(KE)) CALL GETONE(KE, KE9, IYMON9, IXMON9)
        IF(STORE(EP)) CALL GETONE(EP, EP9, IYMON9, IXMON9)
        IF(STORE(AUX(VIST))) CALL GETONE(AUX(VIST), ET9, IYMO91, IXMON9)
        CALL GETONE(C1,C1C9,IYMON9,IXMON9)
        IF(STORE(C2)) CALL GETONE(C2,C2C9,IYMON9,IXMON9)
        IF(STORE(C3)) CALL GETONE(C3,C3C9,IYMON9,IXMON9)
        IF(STORE(CP)) CALL GETONE(CP,CPC9,IYMON9,IXMON9)
        IF(STORE(C11)) CALL GETONE(C11,CXC9,IYMON9,IXMON9)
        CALL GETONE (TEMP, C4C9, IYMON9, IXMON9)
        CALL GETONE(H1, H1H9, IYMON9, IXMON9)
.9691 IF(IZ.NE.IZMON10) GOTO 19692
        CALL GETONE(P1, PP10, IYMON10, IXMON10)
        CALL GETONE (U1, UU10, IYMON10, IXMON10)
        CALL GETONE(V1, VV10, IYMON10, IXMON10)
        CALL GETONE(W1, WW10, IYMON10, IXMON10)
        CALL GETONE(AUX(DEN1),DD10,IYMON10,IXMON10)
        IF(STORE(KE)) CALL GETONE(KE, KE10, IYMON10, IXMON10)
        IF(STORE(EP)) CALL GETONE(EP,EP10,IYMON10,IXMON10)
        IF(STORE(AUX(VIST))) CALL GETONE(AUX(VIST),ET10,IYMON10,IXMON10)
        CALL GETONE(C1,C1C10,IYMON10,IXMON10)
        IF(STORE(C2)) CALL GETONE(C2,C2C10,IYMON10,IXMON10)
        IF(STORE(C3)) CALL GETONE(C3,C3C10,IYMON10,IXMON10)
        IF(STORE(CP)) CALL GETONE(CP,CPC10,IYMON10,IXMON10)
        IF(STORE(C11)) CALL GETONE(C11,CXC10,IYMON10,IXMON10)
        CALL GETONE (TEMP, C4Cl0, IYMON10, IXMON10)
        CALL GETONE(H1, H1H10, IYMON10, IXMON10)
.9692 CONTINUE
      RETURN
  197 CONTINUE
                      ---- SECTION 7 ---- FINISH OF SWEEP.
C-pd---Printout of monitoring locations-----
      IF(MOD(ISWEEP,TSTSWP).EO.0.AND.IG(38).EO.1) WRITE(6,1977)
         IXMON1, IYMON1, IZMON1, PP1, UU1, VV1, WW1, DD1,
         IXMON2, IYMON2, IZMON2, PP2, UU2, VV2, WW2, DD2,
         IXMON3, IYMON3, IZMON3, PP3, UU3, VV3, WW3, DD3,
         IXMON4, IYMON4, IZMON4, PP4, UU4, VV4, WW4, DD4,
         IXMON5, IYMON5, IZMON5, PP5, UU5, VV5, WW5, DD5,
         IXMON6, IYMON6, IZMON6, PP6, UU6, VV6, WW6, DD6,
         IXMON7, IYMON7, IZMON7, PP7, UU7, VV7, WW7, DD7,
         IXMON8, IYMON8, IZMON8, PP8, UU8, VV8, WW8, DDE,
         IXMON9, IYMON9, IZMON9, PP9, UU9, VV9, WW9, DD9,
```

```
IXMON10, IYMON10, IZMON10, PP10, UU10, VV10, WW10, DD10
       FORMAT(1X, 'MONITORING VALUES : '2X, 'P1', 11X, 'U1', 11X, 'V1', 11X,
 1977
          'W1',10X,'RHO1'/,10(1X,'AT(',I2,','I2,','I2,'):'1P,5E13.5:,/))
      IF(MOD(ISWEEP,TSTSWP).EQ.0.AND.IG(39).EQ.1) WRITE(6,1978)
          IXMON1,IYMON1,IZMON1,KE1,EP1,C1C1,ET1,C4C1,
          IXMON2, IYMON2, IZMON2, KE2, EP2, C1C2, ET2, C4C2,
          IXMON3, IYMON3, IZMON3, KE3, EP3, C1C3, ET3, C4C3,
     &
     &
          IXMON4, IYMON4, IZMON4, KE4, EP4, C1C4, ET4, C4C4,
     æ
          IXMON5, IYMON5, IZMON5, KE5, EP5, C1C5, ET5, C4C5,
          IXMON6,IYMON6,IZMON6,KE6,EP6,ClC6,ET6,C4C6,
          IXMON7, IYMON7, IZMON7, KE7, EP7, C1C7, ET7, C4C7,
          IXMON8, IYMON8, IZMON8, KE8, EP8, C1C8, ET8, C4C8,
          IXMON9, IYMON9, IZMON9, KE9, EP9, C1C9, ET9, C4C9,
          IXMON10, IYMON10, IZMON10, KE10, EP10, C1C10, ET10, C4C10
 1978
       FORMAT(1X,'MONITORING VALUES :'2X,'KE',11X,'EP',11X,'C1',10X,
          'ENUT',9X,'TEMP'/,10(1X,'LO(',12,','12,','12,'):'1P,5E13.5:,/))
      IF(MOD(ISWEEP,TSTSWP).EQ.0.AND.IG(40).EQ.1) WRITE(6,1979)
          IXMON1,IYMON1,IZMON1,H1H1,C2C1,C3C1,CPC1,CXC1,
          IXMON2, IYMON2, IZMON2, H1H2, C2C2, C3C2, CPC2, CXC2,
     &
          IXMON3, IYMON3, IZMON3, H1H3, C2C3, C3C3, CPC3, CXC3,
     &
          IXMON4, IYMON4, IZMON4, H1H4, C2C4, C3C4, CPC4, CXC4,
          IXMON5, IYMON5, IZMON5, H1H5, C2C5, C3C5, CPC5, CXC5,
     æ
         IXMON6, IYMON6, IZMON6, H1H6, C2C6, C3C6, CPC6, CXC6,
     ۶
         IXMON7, IYMON7, IZMON7, H1H7, C2C7, C3C7, CPC7, CXC7,
         IXMON8, IYMON8, IZMON8, H1H8, C2C8, C3C8, CPC8, CXC8,
          IXMON9, IYMON9, IZMON9, H1H9, C2C9, C3C9, CPC9, CXC9,
          IXMON10, IYMON10, IZMON10, H1H10, C2C10, C3C10, CPC10, CXC10
 1979
       FORMAT(1X,'MONITORING VALUES :'2X,'H1',11X,'C2',11X,'C3',11X,
          'CP',10X,'SPAR'/,10(1X,'PT(',I2,','I2,','I2,'):'lP,5El3.5:,/))
C-pd---Printout heat info---
      IF (IG(41).EQ.1) THEN
        CALL GETSOR ('HEATTRIE', H1, QDOT1)
        CALL GETSOR ('HEATTRIW', H1, QDOT2)
        CALL GETSOR ('HEATTRIN', H1, QDOT3)
        CALL GETSOR ('HEATTR1S', H1, QDOT4)
        CALL WRITBL
        CALL WRIT4R(' Qdot 1 ',QDOT1,',Qdot 2 ',QDOT2,
                      ',Qdot 3 ',QDOT3,',Qdot 4 ',QDOT4)
      ENDIF
C-pd---Printout sorc and calc pumping ratio------
      IF(MOD(ISWEEP,NPRMON).EQ.0.OR.MOD(ISWEEP,IG(901)).EQ.0) THEN
        CALL GETSOR ('XOPEN2A', R1, XMDOT2A)
        CALL GETSOR('XOPEN2B',R1,XMDOT2B)
        CALL GETSOR ('XOPEN2C', R1, XMDOT2C)
        CALL GETSOR ('XOPEN2D', R1, XMDOT2D)
        CALL GETSOR('XENGOUT', R1, XMDOT3)
CALL GETSOR('XOPEN3', R1, XMDOT4)
        CALL GETSOR('XENGIN', R1,XMDOT6)
        CALL GETSOR ('XOPEN1', R1, XMDOT7)
        CALL GETSOR ('XENGOUT', W1, XWVEL1)
        CALL GETSOR ('ZPROP',
                                W1,XWVEL2)
        XMDOT2=XMDOT2A+XMDOT2B+XMDOT2C+XMDOT2D
        XPR2=(-XMDOT4-XMDOT3)/XMDOT3
        XERR1=RESD(P1)*RESREF(P1)*RG(701)*100.0/XMDOT7
        XERR2=RESD(W1)*RESREF(W1)*100.0/(XWVEL1+XVVEL1)
        XLRR2=RESD(W1)*RESREF(W1)*100.0/(XWVEL1+XWVEL2)
```

```
XFUL=(XMDOT3+XMDOT6)/RG(35)
         XMBAL=XMDOT7+XMDOT2+XMDOT4+RG(702)
         IF (MOD (ISWEEP, NPRMON).EQ.0) THEN
           CALL WRIT4R(' Mdot 1 ', XMDOT7, ', Mdot 2 ', XMDOT2,
     &
                       ,Mdot 3 ',XMDOT4,',Mdot 4 ',XMDOT3)
           CALL WRITIR(' PR Eng ', XPR2)
           CALL WRIT2R(' ENG IN', XMDOT6/RG(35),', ENG OUT', XMDOT3/RG(35))
           CALL WRITIR(' FUEL IN', XFUL)
           CALL WRIT2R(' ErrMdot', XERR1,', ErrVel ', XERR2)
           CALL WRITIR(' SUM MAS', XMBAL)
         ENDIF
C·
         IF(MOD(ISWEEP, IG(901)).EQ.0) THEN
           CALL GETSOR ('XOPEN2', H1, XEDOT2)
           CALL GETSOR ('XENGOUT', H1, XEDOT3)
           CALL GETSOR('XOPEN3', H1,XEDOT4)
           CALL GETSOR ('XENGIN', H1, XEDOT6)
           CALL GETSOR ('XOPEN1', H1, XEDOT7)
           XECON=9.47831E-04
           CALL WRITBL
           CALL RUSHL(XMDOT7/RG(35),XMDOT2/RG(35),XMDOT4/RG(35),
                       XMDOT6/RG(35),XMDOT3/RG(35),XFUL,XEDOT7*XECON,
                       XEDOT2*XECON, XEDOT4*XECON, XEDOT6*XECON,
                       XEDOT3*XECON,XPR2,XERR1,XERR2,XMBAL/RG(35))
           CALL WRITBL
        ENDIF
      ENDIF
C-pd---Printout max and min-----
      IF(MOD(ISWEEP, NPRMON).EQ.0) THEN
        WRITE(6,*)'
                             LOC ',XP1MAX,IXPMAX,IYPMAX,IZPMAX
                      PIMAX
                             LOC ',XP1MIN,IXPMIN,IYPMIN,IZPMIN
LOC ',XU1MAX,IXUMAX,IYUMAX,IZUMAX
        WRITE(6,*)'
                       PIMIN
        WRITE(6,*)'
                      Ulmax
                      Ulmin LOC ', XUlmin, IXUmin, IYUmin, IZUmin
        WRITE(6,*)'
                      V1MAX LOC ',XV1MAX,IXVMAX,IYVMAX,IZVMAX
        WRITE(6,*)'
                      VIMIN LOC ',XVIMIN,IXVMIN,IYVMIN,IZVMIN
        WRITE(6,*)'
                      W1MAX LOC ',XW1MAX,IXWMAX,IYWMAX,IZWMAX
        WRITE(6,*)'
                      WIMIN LOC ',XWIMIN,IXWMIN,IYWMIN,IZWMIN HIMAX LOC ',XHIMAX,IXHMAX,IYHMAX,IZHMAX
        WRITE(6,*)'
        WRITE(6,*)'
                      HIMIN LOC ',XHIMIN,IXHMIN,IYHMIN,IZHMIN
        WRITE(6,*)'
                              LOC ',XT1MAX,IXTMAX,IYTMAX,IZTMAX
        WRITE(6,*)'
                      TIMAX
                              LOC ',XTIMIN, IXTMIN, IYTMIN, IZTMIN
        WRITE(6,*)'
                      TIMIN
                                  ',XKEMAX,IXKMAX,IYKMAX,IZKMAX
        WRITE(6,*)'
                      KEMAX LOC
                      KEMIN LOC', XKEMIN, IXKMIN, IYKMIN, IZKMIN
C
        WRITE(6,*)'
                      EPMAX LOC ', XEPMAX, IXEMAX, IYEMAX, IZEMAX
        WRITE(6,*)'
                              LOC ', XEPMIN, IXEMIN, IYEMIN, IZEMIN
        WRITE(6,*)'
                      EPMIN
                              LOC ',XETMAX,IXXMAX,IXXMAX,IZXMAX
        WRITE(6,*)'
                      ETMAX
                              LOC ',XETMIN, IXXMIN, IXXMIN, IZXMIN
C
        WRITE(6,*)'
                      ETMIN
      ENDIF
      IF(ISWEEP.EQ.FSWEEP+2) NPRMON=INPR
      IF(MOD(ISWEEP,TSTSWP).NE.0) WRITE(6,*)' ISWEEP = ',ISWEEP
C-pd---Printout heat total-----
      IF(ISWEEP.EQ.LSWEEP.OR.MOD(ISWEEP,IG(901)).EQ.0) THEN
        CALL WRITBL
        CALL WRIT1R('Qdot,Tot',QDTTOT)
        CALL WRITAR(' QTOT 1 ',QDOT01,',QTOT 2 ',QDOT02,
',QTOT 3 ',QDOT03,',QTOT 4 ',QDOT04)
     &
```

```
ODTTOT=0.0
        QDOT01=0.0
        QPOT02=0.0
        Q.)OT03=0.0
        QDOT04=0.0
        CALL WRITBL
      ENDIF
C
C-pd---Check to stop run-----
      INQUIRE(FILE='ABORT',EXIST=LSG1)
      IF(LSG1) THEN
        OPEN(91, FILE='ABORT')
        CLOSE(91,STATUS='DELETE')
       LSWEEP=ISWEEP+2
       WRITE(6,*)' ==> ABORT CALLED: STOP IN 2 SWEEPS '
       LSG1=.FALSE.
      ENDIF
C-pd---Modify relaxation without killing run------
      INQUIRE(FILE='RELAXP',EXIST=LSG2)
      IF(LSG2) THEN
       OPEN(92,FILE='RELAXP')
       WRITE(6,*)' ==> MODIFYING RELAX Pl
                                                OLD VALVE=',
                   DTFALS(P1)
       READ(92,1971)XRELP1
       DTFALS(P1)=XRELP1
       CLOSE(92,STATUS='DELETE')
       WRITE(6,*)' ==>
                                    ISWEEP
                                                   NEW VALVE=',
                                              &
                   DTFALS(P1), ISWEEP
       ITST=TSTSWP
       TSTSWP=1
       IOPEN=1
       LSG2=.FALSE.
     ENDIF
     INQUIRE(FILE='RELAXT',EXIST=LSG3)
     IF(LSG3) THEN
       OPEN(93, FILE='RELAXT')
       WRITE(6,*)' ==> MODIFYING RELAX KE & EP OLD VALVES=',
                   DTFALS(KE), DTFALS(EP)
       READ(93,1972)XRELKE,XRELEP
       DTFALS(KE)=XRELKE
       DTFALS(EP)=XRELEP
       CLOSE(93,STATUS='DELETE')
       WRITE(6,*)' ==>
                                    ISWEEP
                                                   NEW VALVES=',
                  DTFALS(KE), DTFALS(EP), ISWEEP
       IF(IOPEN.EQ.O) THEN
         ITST=TSTSWP
         TSTSWP=1
         IOPEN=1
       ENDIF
       LSG3=.FALSE.
     ENDIF
     INQUIRE(FILE='RELAXS',EXIST=LSG4)
     IF(LSG4) THEN
       OPEN:94, FILE='RELAXS')
       IF(SOLVE(C2)) THEN
```

```
WRITE(6,*)' ==> MODIFYING RELAX H1 C1 & C2 OLD VALVES=',
              DTFALS(H1), DTFALS(C1), DTFALS(C2)
     READ(94,1973)XRELH1,XRELC1,XRELC2
     DTFALS(H1)=XRELH1
     DTFALS(C1)=XRELC1
     DTFALS(C2)=XRELC2
   WRITE(6,*)' ==>
                                ISWEEP
                                          &
                                                NEW VALVES=',
             DTFALS(H1), DTFALS(C1), DTFALS(C2), ISWEEP
&
   ELSE
   WRITE(6,*)' ==> MODIFYING RELAX H1 & C1 OLD VALVES=',
               DTFALS(H1), DTFALS(C1)
&
     READ(94,1972)XRELH1,XRELC1
     DTFALS(H1)=XRELH1
     DTFALS(C1)=XRELC1
   WRITE(6,*)' ==>
                                ISWEEP
                                          6
                                                NEW VALVES=',
              DTFALS(H1), DTFALS(C1), ISWEEP
æ
   ENDIF
   CLOSE (94, STATUS='DELETE')
   IF(IOPEN.EO.O) THEN
     ITST=TSTSWP
     TSTSWP=1
     IOPEN=1
   ENDIF
   LSG4 = . FALSE.
 ENDIF
 INQUIRE(FILE='RELAXV',EXIST=LSG5)
 IF(LSG5) THEN
   OPEN(95,FILE='RELAXV')
   WRITE(6,*)' ==> MODIFYING RELAX U1 V1 & W1 OLD VALVES=',
              DTFALS(U1),DTFALS(V1),DTFALS(W1)
&
   READ(95,1973)XRELU1,XRELV1,XRELW1
   DTFALS(U1)=XRELU1
   DTFALS(V1)=XRELV1
   DTFALS(W1)=XRELW1
   WRITE(6,*)' ==>
                                ISWEEP
                                          £.
                                                NEW VALVES=',
              DTFALS(U1),DTFALS(V1),DTFALS(W1),ISWEEP
&
   CLOSE (95, STATUS='DELETE')
   IF(IOPEN.EQ.O) THEN
     ITST=TSTSWP
     TSTSWP=1
     IOPEN=1
   ENDIF
   LSG5=.FALSE.
 ENDIF
 INQUIRE(FILE='DUMPIT',EXIST=LSG6)
 IF(LSG6) THEN
   OPEN(96, FILE='DUMPIT')
   CLOSE(96,STATUS='DELETE')
   CALL AUTCHA(ISWEEP)
   LSG6=.FALSE.
 ELSEIF (MOD(ISWEEP, IG(902)).EQ.0) THEN
   CALL AUTCHA(ISWEEP)
 ENDIF
 INQUIRE(FILE='TSTMOD',EXIST=LSG7)
 IF(LSG7) THEN
   OPEN(97,FILE='TSTMOD')
   WRITE(6,*)' ==> MODIFYING TSTSWP
                                                OLD VALVE= .
```

```
TSTSWP
     ٤
        READ(97,1974)TSTSWP
        IF(IOPEN.EQ.O) THEN
          ITST=TSTSWP
          IOPEN=1
        ENDIF
        WRITE(6,*)' ==>
                                     ISWEEP
                                               &
                                                    NEW VALVE=',
                   TSTSWP, ISWEEP
        CLOSE(97,STATUS='DELETE')
        LSG7=.FALSE.
      ENDIF
C
      INQUIRE(FILE='NPRMOD',EXIST=LSG8)
      IF(LSG8) THEN
        OPEN(98, FILE='NPRMOD')
        WRITE(6,*)' ==> MODIFYING NPRMON
                                                     OLD VALVE=',
     æ
                   NPRMON
        READ(98,1974)NPRMON
        WRITE(6,*)' ==>
                                     ISWEEP
                                               &
                                                     NEW VALVE=',
     æ
                    NPRMON, ISWEEP
        CLOSE(98,STATUS='DELETE')
        LSG8=.FALSE.
      ENDIF
      INQUIRE(FILE='IGGMOD',EXIST=LSG9)
      IF(LSG9) THEN
        OPEN(99, FILE='IGGMOD')
        WRITE(6,*)' ==> MODIFYING IG(38-41)
                                                    OLD VALVES=',
     æ
                    IG(38), IG(39), IG(40), IG(41)
        READ(99,1975)IG(38),IG(39),IG(40),IG(41)
        WRITE(6,*)' ==>
                                     ISWEEP
                                                    NEW VALVES=',
                   IG(38), IG(39), IG(40), IG(41), ISWEEP
        CLOSE(99,STATUS='DELETE')
        LSG9=.FALSE.
      ENDIF
      INQUIRE(FILE='ML2MOD', EXIST=LSG9)
      IF(LSG9) THEN
        OPEN(100,FILE='ML2MOD')
                                                    OLD VALVES=',
        WRITE(6,*)' ==> MODIFYING IXYZMON2
    ͺ&
                   IXMON2, IYMON2, IZMON2
        READ(100,1976)IXMON2,IYMON2,IZMON2
        WRITE(6,*)' ==>
                                     ISWEEP
                                                    NEW VALVES=',
                    IXMON2, IYMON2, IZMON2, ISWEEP
        CLOSE(100,STATUS='DELETE')
        LSG9=.FALSE.
      ENDIF
C
      INQUIRE(FILE='ML3MOD',EXIST=LSG9)
      IF(LSG9) THEN
        OPEN(101,FILE='ML3MOD')
        WRITE(6,*)' ==> MODIFYING IXYZMON3
                                                    OLD VALVES=',
                   IXMON3, IYMON3, IZMON3
      READ(101,1976)IXMON3,IYMON3,IZMON3
                                                    NEW VALVES=',
        WRITE(6,*)' ==>
                                     ISWEEP
                   IXMON3, IYMON3, IZMON3, ISWEEP
        CLOSE(101,STATUS='DELETE')
        LSG9=.FALSE.
      ENDIF
```

```
INOUIRE(FILE='RAXVMD', EXIST=LSG9)
     IF(LSG9) THEN
       OPEN(102,FILE='RAXVMD')
       WRITE(6,*)' ==> READING MODIFICATION FOR RAX VEL '
       READ(102,1971)RAXFTV
       WRITE(6,*)' ==>
                                 ISWEEP
                                         &
                                                 FACTOR=',
                 RAXFTV, ISWEEP
       IRAXV=1
       CLOSE(102,STATUS='DELETE')
       LSG9=.FALSE.
     ENDIF
     INQUIRE(FILE='RAXTMD',EXIST=LSG9)
     IF(LSG9) THEN
       OPEN(102,FILE='RAXTMD')
       WRITE(6,*)' ==> READING MODIFICATION FOR RAX TURB '
       READ(102,1971)RAXFTT
       WRITE(6,*)' ==>
                                 ISWEEP
                                          &
                                                  FACTOR=',
                 RAXFTT, ISWEEP
       IRAXT=1
       CLOSE(102,STATUS='DELETE')
       LSG9=.FALSE.
     ENDIF
     INQUIRE(FILE='RAXSMD',EXIST=LSG9)
     IF(LSG9) THEN
       OPEN(102,FILE='RAXSMD')
       WRITE(6,*)' ==> READING MODIFICATION FOR RAX SCAL '
       READ(102,1971)RAXFTS
                                 ISWEEP &
       WRITE(6,*)' ==>
                                                  FACTOR=',
                 RAXFTS, ISWEEP
       IRAXS=1
       CLOSE(102,STATUS='DELETE')
       LSG9=.FALSE.
     ENDIF
1971 FORMAT(F12.8)
 1972 FORMAT(2F12.8)
1973 FORMAT(3F12.8)
1974 FORMAT(I5)
 1975 FORMAT(412)
1976 FORMAT(313)
     RETURN
 198 CONTINUE
   * -----
                 ----- SECTION 8 ---- FINISH OF TIME STEP.
     RETURN
C
:--- GROUP 20. Preliminary print-out
  20 CONTINUE
     RETURN
* Make changes for this group only in group 19.
C--- GROUP 21. Print-out of variables
:--- GROUP 22. Spot-value print-out
:--- GROUP 23. Field print-out and plot control
```

```
23 CONTINUE
     RETURN
C************************
C
C--- GROUP 24. Dumps for restarts
  24 CONTINUE
     RETURN
     END
SUBROUTINE TEMPER (HSTAT, TO, T, CPDR, RGAS, SC, NSC, NFO)
C
  TEMPER uses an iterative procedure to calculate temperature
  given Hl and a guess for temperature
C-
C
     DIMENSION SC(NSC)
     DATA NITER, DTO, TMIN/12,50.,12.345/
C
     CALL ENTHAL (TO, HHH, CPDR, SC, NSC, NFO)
C
     CP=CPDR*RGAS
     ENTH=CP*T0
     DT=(HSTAT-ENTH)/(CP+1.E-15)
     IF(NFO.GE.4) WRITE(6,900) TO,ENTH,HSTAT,RGAS,SC(1),SC(2),SC(3)
     TEMP =T0+DT
     ITER=0
 100 ENTHL=ENTH
     ITER=ITER+1
     CALL ENTHAL (TEMP, HHH, CPDR, SC, NSC, NFO)
     ENTH=CPDR*RGAS*TEMP
     RENTH=(HSTAT-ENTHL)/((ENTH-ENTHL) +1.E-9)
     IF(NFO.GE.4) WRITE(6,910) ITER,TEMP,ENTH,ENTHL,HSTAT,RENTH
     IF(ABS(ENTH-ENTHL).LT..001*ABS(ENTH)) RENTH=1.
     TEMP1=TEMPL+(TEMP-TEMPL)*RENTH
     TEMP1=AMAX1 (TEMP1,.5*TEMP,TMIN).
     TEMP1=AMIN1(TEMP1,1.5*TEMP,5000.)
     TEMPL=TEMP
     TEMP=TEMP1
     AR=ABS(RENTH)
     IF( (AR.GT.1.005 .OR. AR.LT..995) .AND. ITER.LT.NITER) GO TO 100
     T=TEMP
     RETURN
 900 FORMAT(' TO E HS RG SC', 1P, 7E12.4)
 910 FORMAT(' IT T E EL HS RE', I3, 1P, 5E12.4)
C
     END
SUBROUTINE ENTHAL (TEMP, HSUM, CPSUM, SC. NS, NFC
C*********************************
  ENTHAL calculates H/RT from JANNAF data. The order of
  species is N O C H.
C-
C
     DIMENSION SC(*), ZS(7,2,4)
                          0.16022128E-02, -0.62936893E-06,
     DATA ZS/ 0.28532899E+01,
             0.11441022E-09, -0.78037465E-14, -0.89008093E+03,
```

```
0.63964897E+01, 0.37044177E+01, -0.14218753E-02,
             0.28670392E-05, -0.12028885E-08, -0.13954677E-13,
            -0.10640795E+04, 0.22336285E+01,
             0.36122139E+01, 0.74853166E-03, -0.19820647E-06,
             0.33749008E-10, -0.23907374E-14, -0.11978151E+04,
             0.36703307E+01, 0.37837135E+01, -0.30233634E-02,
            0.99492751E-05, -0.98189101E-08, 0.33031825E-11,
            -0.10638107E+04, 0.36416345E+01,
            0.44608041E+01, 0.30981719E-02, -0.12392571E-05,
            0.22741325E-09, -0.15525954E-13, -0.48961442E+05,
            -0.98635982E+00, 0.24007797E+01,
                                        0.87350957E-02,
            -0.66070878E-05, 0.20021861E-08, 0.63274039E-15,
            -0.48377527E+05, 0.96951457E+01,
            -0.27167633E+01, 0.29451374E-02, -0.80224374E-06,
            0.10226682E-09, -0.48472145E-14, -0.29905826E 05,
            0.66305671E+01, 0.40701275E+01, -0.11084499E-02,
            0.41521180E-05, -0.29637404E-08, 0.80702103E-12,
            -0.30279722E+05, -0.32270046E+00 /
C
     K = 1
     IF(TEMP.LT.1000.) K=2
     TEMP2=TEMP*TEMP
     HSUM=0.
     CPSUM=0.
     DO 100 IS=1,NS
     CP1=ZS(1,K,IS)
     CP2=ZS(2,K,IS)*TEMP
     CP3=ZS(3,K,IS)*TEMP2
     CP4=ZS(4,K,IS)*TEMP2*TEMP
     CP5=ZS(5,K,IS)*TEMP2*TEMP2
     CPSUM=CPSUM+SC(IS)*(CP1+CP2+CP3+CP4+CP5)
 100 HSUM =HSUM+
    1 SC(IS)*(CP1+.5*CP2+.33333*CP3+.25*CP4+.2*CP5+ZS(6,K,IS)/TEMP)
     RETURN
     END
SUBROUTINE XGETCV(N,M,C,V)
SGETCV used to set up procedure to get a patch co and val.
     COMMON/IDATA/IDFIL1(70), NUMREG, IDFIL2(49)
C
    COMMON/NPAT/NAMPAT(100)
    CHARACTER N*(*), NAMPAT*8
    IR=IRPAT(N)
C
    CALL XCV(IR,M,C,V)
    RETURN
C
    END
SUBROUTINE XCV(IR, MPHID, C, V)
XCV used to get a patch co and val.
C
    COMMON F(1)
```

```
COMMON/ICOVL/MO4, IOPHI
C
C
     LOGICAL QLT
C
     INCLUDE 'SATEAR'
C
C
     MPHI=MPHID
Ċ
     I0=0
C
        IF(EARTH) IO=IORTCV
000
        IF(QLT(F(IO+10*IR-8),23.0).AND.MPHI.LE.2) MPHI=MPHI+8
     IOPHI=IORCV(MPHI)
        IF(IOPHI.EQ.IO+NRTCV) GO TO 5
C
     IOPHI=IOPHI-4
C
      DO 2 I=1, NUMREG
C
     IOPHI=IOPHI+4
Ċ
     IOL=IORCVL(MPHI)
C
        IF(EARTH) IOL=IOL+IORCVF(MPHI)-4
C
        IF(IOPHI.EQ.IOL+4) GO TO 5
C
        IF(IABS(IFIX(F(IOPHI+1))).NE.IR) GO TO 2
C
     C=F(IOPHI+2)
000
     V=F(IOPHI+3)
     GO TO 7
C
   2 CONTINUE
C
   5 C=-999.0
C
     V = 0.0
C
   7 CONTINUE
C
C
     RETURN
C
     END
C
SUBROUTINE XSETCV(N,M,C,V,CF,VF)
C
***********************************
C
  XGETCV used to set up procedure to modify a patch co and val.
C-----
C
С
     COMMON/IDATA/IDFIL1(70), NUMREG, IDFIL2(49)
C
     COMMON/NPAT/NAMPAT(100)
C
     CHARACTER N*(*), NAMPAT*8
C
C
     IR=IRPAT(N)
Ċ
     CALL XSCV(IR,M,C,V,CF,VF)
Č
C
C
     RETURN
C
     END
SUBROUTINE XSCV(IR, MPHID, C, V, CF, VF)
C
C************************
C
  XCV used to get a patch co and val.
C--
C
C
     COMMON F(1)
C
     COMMON/ICOVL/M04, IOPHI
C
     LOGICAL QLT
C
     INCLUDE 'SATEAR'
C
C
     MPHI=MPHID
C
     I0=0
C
        IF(EARTH) IO=IORTCV
C
        IF(QLT(F(I0+10*IR-8),23.0).AND.MPHI.LE.2) MPHI=MPHI+8
```

```
IOPHI=IORCV(MPHI)
00000
        IF(IOPHI.EQ.IO+NRTCV) GO TO 5
     IOPHI=IOPHI-4
      DO 2 I=1, NUMREG
     IOPHI=IOPHI+4
     IOL=IORCVL(MPHI)
        IF(EARTH) IOL=IOL+IORCVF(MPHI)-4
C
        IF(IOPHI.EQ.IOL+4) GO TO 5
C
        IF(IABS(IFIX(F(IOPHI+1))).NE.IR) GO TO 2
2
    C=F(IOPHI+2)
    V=F(IOPHI+3)
C
    WRITE(6,*)' IN SETCV
                       VAR & OLD VALUES= ',MPHI,C,V
    F(IOPHI+2)=F(IOPHI+2)*CF
    F(IOPHI+3)=F(IOPHI+3)*VF
C
    C=F(IOPHI+2)
    V=F(IOPHI+3)
    WRITE(6,*)' IN SETCV VAR & NEW VALUES= ',MPHI,C,V
C
    GO TO 7
C
      CONTINUE
330
   5 C=-999.0
    V=0.0
   7 CONTINUE
    RETURN
C
    END
SUBROUTINE RUSHL(XMD1,XMD2,XMD3,XMD4,XMD5,XMD8,XEG1,XEG2,XEG3,
    £
                   XEG4, XEG5, XPR1, XEM, XEV, XSM)
RUSHL prints flow rate and convergence info
C.
    WRITE(6,*)' ******
                     FLOW & CONVERGENCE DATA
    WRITE(6,101)XMD1
    WRITE(6,102)XMD2
    WRITE(6,103)XMD3
    WRITE(6,104)XMD4
    WRITE(6,105)XMD5
    WRITE(6,108)XMD8
    WRITE(6,109)XEG1
    WRITE(6,110)XEG2
    WRITE(6,111)XEG3
    WRITE(6,112)XEG4
    WRITE(6,113)XEG5
    WRITE(6,116)XPR1
    WRITE(6,118)XEM
    WRITE(6,119)XEV
    WRITE(6,120)XSM
    101 FORMAT('
             MASS FLOW FRONT BAFFLES
                                    ',F12.4,' LB/S ')
 102 FORMAT('
             MASS FLOW BACK BAFFLES
                                     ',F12.4,' LB/S ')
 103 FORMAT('
             MASS FLOW CHIMNEY BAFFLES
                                     ',F12.4,' LB/S ')
                                     ',F12.4,' LB/S ')
 104 FORMAT('
             MASS FLOW INTO ENGINE
                                     ',F12.4,' LB/S ')
 105 FORMAT('
             MASS FLOW OUT OF ENGINE
                                     ',F12.4,' LB/S '\
 108 FORMAT('
             MASS FLOW OF FUEL
                                     ,F12.4, 'BTU/S ')
 109 FORMAT('
             ENERGY FLOW FRONT BAFFLES
 110 FORMAT('
             ENERGY FLOW BACK BAFFLES
                                     ',F12.4,' BTU/S ')
```

```
ENERGY FLOW CHIMNEY BAFFLES ',F12.4,' BTU/S ')
ENERGY FLOW INTO ENGINE ',F12.4,' BTU/S ')
ENERGY FLOW OUT OF ENGINE ',F12.4,' BTU/S ')
ENGINE PUMPING RATIO ',F12.4,' BTU/S ')
NORMALIZED MASS ERROR ',F12.4,' % ')
NORMALIZED MOMENTUM ERROR ',F12.4,' % ')
SUM OF ALL MASS ',F12.4,' LB/S ')
  111 FORMAT('
  112 FORMAT('
  113 FORMAT('
  116 FORMAT('
  118 FORMAT('
  119 FORMAT('
  120 FORMAT('
       RETURN
       END
*************************************
       SUBROUTINE AUTCHA(ISW)
AUTUCH writes phida file.
       DIMENSION JDATE(6.)
C
       CALL DUMP
C-pd---WARNING: The following two calls may be machine dependent----
       CALL IDATE(JDATE(1))
       CALL ITIME(JDATE(4))
       WRITE(6,*)' **** DUMP CALLED **** ISWEEP=',ISW
       WRITE(6,*)' DAY MONTH YEAR +++ HOUR MINUTE SECOND'
       WRITE(6,1974)JDATE
 1974 FORMAT(I4, I6, I8, 8X, I6, I7, I8)
C
       RETURN
       END
```

DISTRIBUTION QUESTIONNAIRE The Naval Civil Engineering Laboratory is revising its primary distribution lists.

SUBJECT CATEGORIES

1	SHORE FACILITIES Construction methods and materials (including corrosion	3D	Alternate energy source (geothermal power, photovoltaic power systems, solar systems, wind systems, energy
17	control, coatings)		storage systems)
18	Waterfront structures (maintenance/deterioration control)	3E	Site data and systems integration (energy resource data.
	Utilities (including power conditioning)		integrating energy systems)
10		3F	EMCS design
	Aviation Engineering Test Facilities	4	ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
	Fire prevention and control	4A	Solid waste management
1G	Antenna technology	48	Hazardous/toxic materials management
1H	Structural analysis and design (including numerical and	4C	Waterwaste management and sanitary engineering
	computer techniques)	4D	Oli pollution removal and recovery
1J	Protective construction (including hardened shelters, shock	4E	Air poliution
	and vibration studies)	4F	Noise abatement
1K	Soil/rock mechanics	5	OCEAN ENGINEERING
1L	Airfields and pavements	5A	Seafloor soils and foundations
1M	Physical security	5B	Seafloor construction systems and operations (including
2	ADVANCED BASE AND AMPHIBIOUS FACILITIES		diver and manipulator tools)
2A	Base facilities (including shelters, power generation, water	5C	Undersea structures and materials
	supplies)	5D	Anchors and moorings
2B	Expedient roads/airfields/bridges	5E	Undersea power systems, electromechanical cables, and
2C	Over-the-beach operations (including breakwaters, wave		connectors
	forces)	5F	Pressure vessel facilities
2D	POL storage, transfer, and distribution	5G	Physical environment (including site surveying)
2E	Polar engineering	5H	Ocean-based concrete structures
3	ENERGY/POWER GENERATION	51	Hyperbaric chambers
3A	Thermal conservation (thermal engineering of buildings,	5K	Undersea cable dynamics
	HVAC systems, energy loss measurement, power	AR	MY FEAP
	generation)		G Shore Facilities
3 B	Controls and electrical conservation (electrical systems,		G Energy
	energy monitoring and control systems)	EN	V Environmental/Natural Responses
3C	Fuel flexibility (liquid fuels, coal utilization, energy from solid	MG	ST Management
	waste)	PA	R Pavements/Railroads
	PES OF DOCUMENTS D - Techdata Sheets; R - Technical Reports and Technical Notes; None - remove my name	lotes;	G - NCEL Guides and Abstracts; I - Index to TDS; U - Use
-	and a remarkably manne		
	·		
	Old Address:		New Address:
		,	

Telephone No.:

Telephone No.:

INSTRUCTIONS

The Naval Civil Engineering Laboratory has revised its primary distribution lists. To help us verify our records and update our data base, please do the following:

- Add circle number on list
- Remove my name from all your lists check box on list.
- Change my address line out incorrect line and write in correction (DO NOT REMOVE LABEL).
- Number of copies should be entered after the title of the subject categories you select.
- Are we sending you the correct type of document? If not, circle the type(s) of document(s) you want to receive listed on the back of this card.

Fold on line, staple, and drop in mail.

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY
Naval Civil Engineering Laboratory
560 Laboratory Drive
Port Hueneme CA 93043-4328

Official Business
Penalty for Private Use, \$300



BUSINESS REPLY CARD

FIRST CLASS PERMIT NO. 12503 WASH D.C.

POSTAGE WILL BE PAID BY ADDRESSEE

NO POSTAGE NECESSARY IF MAILED IN THE UNITED STATES

COMMANDING OFFICER
CODE L34
560 LABORATORY DRIVE
NAVAL CIVIL ENGINEERING LABORATORY
PORT HUENEME CA 93043-4328

NCEL DOCUMENT EVALUATION

You are number one with us; how do we rate with you?

We at NCEL want to provide you our customer the best possible reports but we need your help. Therefore, I ask you to please take the time from your busy schedule to fill out this questionnaire. Your response will assist us in providing the best reports possible for our users. I wish to thank you in advance for your assistance. I assure you that the information you provide will help us to be more responsive to your future needs.

Mistere

			To	echnical Director	
DO	CUMENT NO TITL	E OF DOCUMENT	:		
Dat	te: Respondent Organi	ization :			
Name: Activity Code: Phone: Grade/Rank:					
Cat	tegory (please check):				
	•	n your organization' that statement: gree O Neutr	s. Pl	ther (Specify) ease check (use an X) only the block the block to block the	Disagree
		SA A N D SD	1.		SA A N D SD
1.	The technical quality of the report is comparable to most of my other sources of technical information.			The conclusions and recommenda- tions are clear and directly sup- ported by the contents of the report.	() () () () ()
2.	The report will make significant improvements in the cost and or performance of my operation.		7.	The graphics, tables, and photographs are well done.	() () () () ()
3.	The report acknowledges related work accomplished by others.	() () () () ()		Do you wish to continue getting NCEL reports?	YES NO
4.	The report is well formatted.	()()()()()	1		
5.	The report is clearly written.	00000	Plo	case add any comments (e.g., in what w	

form.

Comments:	

Fold on line, staple, and drop in mail.

DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY
Naval Civil Engineering Laboratory
560 Laboratory Drive
Port Hueneme CA 93043-4328

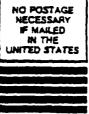
Official Business
Penalty for Private Use, S300



BUSINESS REPLY CARD

FIRST CLASS PERMIT NO. 12503 WASH D.C.

POSTAGE WILL BE PAID BY ADDRESSEE



COMMANDING OFFICER
CODE L03
560 LABORATORY DRIVE
NAVAL CIVIL ENGINEERING LABORATORY
PORT HUENEME CA 93043-4328